### Florida Atlantic University

### **Quality Enhancement Plan**



# education reimagined.

ENGAGING STUDENTS THROUGH PEER-ASSISTED LEARNING







**Quality Enhancement Plan**SACSCOC On-Site Review:
April 2-4, 2024
Florida Atlantic University

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#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

Florida Atlantic University's (FAU) Quality Enhancement Plan (QEP), *Education Reimagined:* Engaging Students through Peer-Assisted Learning, will change the culture of teaching and learning at the institution by investing in and supporting student-centered education. Guided by the principles of the Learning Assistant (LA) program model, courses are redesigned by faculty to include active, collaborative learning experiences, facilitated by trained undergraduate Learning Assistants, called LAs.

Directly aligning with the values of the institution, *Education Reimagined* will create engaging learning experiences with the goal of improving student success outcomes, building solid foundations in knowledge, increasing the capacity for essential workforce competencies, and improving the overall student experience.

Expansion of the LA Program arose as the topic for the QEP based on a university-wide planning and evaluation process, national research studies showing the impact of LA programs, and early evidence of success from the small number of courses implementing the LA program at FAU. FAU's QEP aligns with the university's strategic plan and aims to create a **culture of peer-assisted collaborative learning**. To create this new culture, over the next five years, the QEP will implement the LA model in courses across the institution to affect change in the following four areas:

- **Student Impact:** Increase the use of active, collaborative learning in 35 courses, resulting in greater measures of student learning, improved student experience, and increases in retention and graduation rates.
- Learning Assistant (LA) Impact: Provide pedagogical training and engagement with faculty and students in redesigned courses to 350 LAs annually, resulting in proficiency in workforce competencies, and higher retention and graduation rates.
- **Faculty Impact:** Provide incentivized development activities resulting in 150 faculty being exposed to best practices to enhance student learning and collaboration.
- Redesign of Learning Spaces: Support the reconfiguration of ten classroom spaces resulting in environments conducive to active and collaborative learning.

**Education Reimagined** includes an assessment plan utilizing validated instruments, direct and indirect measurements, and targeting several student learning and student success outcomes. Metrics selected represent priorities to all stakeholders, are measurable, and lead to ongoing continuous improvement.

It is anticipated that the experiences provided through QEP activities will lead faculty and students to carry these new ideas into other non-LA courses, thereby broadly changing the culture of teaching and student engagement in learning at Florida Atlantic University.

"Teaching in an LA class has taught me how to be a better instructor, even in non-LA courses. I have learned how to structure my lectures around what is the most important content, I have discovered creative ways to get the students involved, and I have seen the real effects of how these strategies change the dynamic of the classroom and get the students excited about learning."

 Theresa Castelo, Instructor for Precalculus Algebra and Trigonometry

#### **CHAPTER 1: INTRODUCTION TO FAU AND THE LA MODEL**

#### **About Florida Atlantic University (FAU)**

Established in 1961 as Florida's fifth public university in the Florida State University System (SUS), FAU is a public research university with its main campus located in Boca Raton. The estimated population residing in the primary service area for FAU is approximately seven million and includes Broward, Palm Beach, Martin, and St. Lucie counties. In addition, the university enjoys a smaller population of students hailing from Miami-Dade county. Enrolling over 30,000 undergraduate and graduate students across six campuses, FAU provides a dynamic education by 1200 full- and part-time instructors in over 170 degree programs through ten academic colleges. When opened in 1964, FAU was the first university in the country to offer only upper-division and graduate work, expanding offerings to lower-division students in 1984.

Designated as a Hispanic Serving Institution (HSI), FAU has a student body that ranks as the most diverse in the Florida SUS. Since its inception, FAU has catered to a nontraditional student population with an established culture of student success dedicated to achieving equitable outcomes for all segments of the student body. While over 4,300 individuals enrolled this past year as first-time-in-college students, an additional 1,800 students transferred to FAU, securing the commitment to our transfer student population. For our first-time undergraduate students, 23% are from out of state, 58% live on-campus with an average age of 18, and approximately one-third receive Pell Grants. While 19% of undergraduate students are the first in their family to pursue a baccalaureate degree, that jumps to 24% for Hispanic students and 26% for Black/African American students. In 2020, Diverse: Issues in Higher Education ranked FAU 12th in the nation for Bachelor's degrees awarded to Black/African American students, 36th for Bachelor's degrees awarded to Hispanic students, and 39th for Bachelor's degrees awarded to all minority students. FAU was one of only 104 institutions to receive the 2022 Higher Education Excellence in Diversity (HEED) Award from INSIGHT Into Diversity magazine, which is the only national honor recognizing U.S. institutions that demonstrate outstanding commitment to diversity and inclusion. In the same year, FAU earned the Military Friendly School "Gold Designation" and the Carnegie Community Engagement Classification.

A focus on success for all students has led to double-digit improvements in retention, the institution's ranking as a top public university by the U.S. News and World Report, a top 50 ranking for campus ethnic diversity by The Chronicle of Higher Education's Almanac, and a ranking of 26 in the nation for social mobility among all public and private schools. In 2022, the Association of Public and Land-Grant Universities (APLU) named Florida Atlantic as the number one institution in the nation for degree completion. While over 4,300 students reside on campus between Boca Raton and the Honors College in Jupiter, FAU provides access to a world class education to students across our service area, stretching over 110 miles - and with extensive online programs, around the world.

The university's strategic plan, A Strategic Plan for the Race to Excellence 2015-2025, focuses on "the intention of becoming the country's fastest improving public research university" and actions FAU will take to accomplish this goal. A cornerstone of FAU's mission and vision statements target the goals and values associated with excellence in teaching and accessible undergraduate education.

Boldness, a core goal in FAU's Strategic Plan, includes initiatives to "develop an academic support structure for timely student graduation" by "evaluat[ing] and update[ing] curricula to be aligned with evidence-based practices..." and "assist faculty to develop innovative instructional methodologies and designs across the curriculum." An additional institutional goal is to "provide meaningful employment on campus to provide work experience and relieve financial burden for students."

This Quality Enhancement Plan (QEP) and the expansion of the Learning Assistant (LA) program across the University aligns with many of FAU's Strategic Values by encouraging *excellence* in teaching, providing *accountability* for redesigned courses through a solid assessment and continual improvement plan, promoting *teamwork* among faculty designing the course and students within the course, and solidifying *student success* through a commitment to provide student-centered, equitable, inclusive, and collaborative learning spaces.

Ranked among the best in the country for undergraduate research, FAU offers students a world of opportunities to dive into high-quality research, scholarship and creative experiences from the moment they step onto campus. FAU students participate in more than 6,000 undergraduate research experiences each year, led by dedicated faculty who have received a combined \$67 million in awards last year. FAU's previous QEP, Distinction through Discovery, established the framework and infrastructure for faculty and students to engage in undergraduate research and inquiry both inside the classroom and through co-curricular opportunities. As a result, more faculty are engaging with undergraduates through mentorship, and those faculty are more prepared to effectively mentor undergraduate students. This is key for *Education Reimagined* to realize maximum student learning outcomes as faculty are instrumental in the pedagogical mentoring of LAs. Additionally, this QEP intends to leverage scholars involved in undergraduate research to serve as LAs, allowing them to apply knowledge gained from the previous QEP experiences and to become peer-leaders for a new generation of students. While Distinction through Discovery helped provide foundations for this QEP, the reverse is also expected to occur. Education Reimagined will result in students developing a solid understanding of course content and a greater passion for the discipline as they more closely engage with and build connections to faculty and departments. Participating in LA courses is expected to increase student confidence and excitement for working with faculty on undergraduate research and inquiry projects.

With FAU's diverse makeup, a new QEP that would continue to enrich the student experience and increase student learning outcomes while recognizing and impacting student and institutional needs was essential.

#### **Defining Key Terms and Phrases**

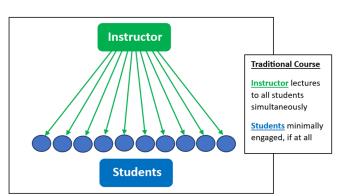
Throughout this document, terms will be used that may need clarification for the reader. These working definitions are provided for ease of reference:

- <u>Learning Assistant (LA)</u>: LAs are trained undergraduate students who, through the guidance of the instructor and a pedagogy course, facilitate discussions among students as part of the course learning team.
- <u>Learning Assistant (LA) Model/Program</u>: Faculty are supported in the redesign of courses to
  embed trained LAs who facilitate active learning and collaborative group work for all students in
  the classroom.
- <u>Learning Team</u>: Designed to provide the optimal level of support for students, a learning team consists of faculty/instructor(s) and trained undergraduate LAs. Graduate Teaching Assistants (GTAs) or other academic support team members may be included as well.

- Active learning: A pedagogical strategy designed to directly engage students in deep learning by promoting higher order thinking skills.
- <u>Collaborative Learning</u>: A type of active learning in which students work on activities or other learning tasks in small groups.
- **Student Experience:** Student evaluation of their educational experience in terms of perceived quality of interactions with faculty and peers, feelings of support to succeed academically, and overall satisfaction with the institution as measured by student responses on the National Survey of Student Engagement (NSSE).
- **DFW Rate**: The percentage of students enrolled who earn a final grade of D, F, or withdraw from the course.
- <u>Performance Metrics (PM)</u>: Metrics that evaluate the performance of Florida SUS institutions as required by the Florida Board of Governors. Results on these indicators impact state funding levels for the subsequent budget cycle (see Appendix A).
- <u>Key Performance Indicators (KPIs)</u>: A series of specific institutional metrics designed by the university to track performance (see Appendix A).

#### **About the LA Model**

Teaching quality, curriculum design and assessment, and heightened student engagement are at the core of student success. The LA model is an evidence-based model centered on engaging students in



peer-led active and collaborative learning. The LA Program fosters these core student success activities by providing the necessary framework to support faculty in redesigning their more traditional, instructor-centered classrooms (Figure 1) in favor of student-centered learning environments. To accomplish this level of engagement, the size of the learning team increases by embedding trained LAs who

facilitate active learning and collaborative group work for all students in the classroom (Figure 2). Students become responsible for their own learning as they are engaged with peers to apply course content.

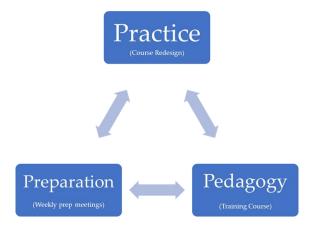
Instructor

Redesigned LA Course
Instructor works with
LAs and small groups
of students
LAs work with
instructor and small
groups of students
Students work with
others in their small
group

There are three essential elements of the LA model

(Figure 3): Practice, Preparation, and Pedagogy. Each of these elements work in concert to deliver a successful LA experience for faculty and students.

- <u>Practice</u> is the course redesign, incorporating in-class, small group active learning strategies facilitated by trained peers.
- <u>Preparation</u> (weekly prep) is a meeting between faculty and their LAs in which they discuss
  upcoming content, reflect on past content students may be struggling to grasp, and discuss how
  to best facilitate learning. LAs act as student advocates by sharing the student perspective on
  learning.
- <u>Pedagogy</u> is a weekly seminar for first semester LAs where they discover how students learn, reflect on their own questioning and guiding strategies, and share experiences and challenges with other LAs.



The theoretical framework behind the LA model builds on Schreiner's concept of thriving. A student who thrives has a psychological sense of community, meaning, purpose, major certainty, and degree aspirations. While academic performance and graduation are important, there are more aspects to consider in helping students flourish throughout their overall educational experience. Schreiner's view of student success considers how they "are engaged in the learning process, invest effort...[and] connect in healthy ways to other people," (Schreiner, 2013, 41). In turn, these factors lead to enhanced sense of belonging and fit, increased satisfaction, and greater academic achievement, retention, and persistence to degree. These factors directly align with the opportunities to strengthen the FAU experience.

"I know the value of individual achievement. But team achievement is so much more meaningful. When you have a group who works collaboratively and uses their diverse skillsets to do something better than any one of them could hope to do alone, that's extremely rewarding."

- Dr. John Kelly, Former President of FAU (2014-2022) (Friedman, 2020)

#### **CHAPTER 2: SELECTION OF THE QUALITY ENHANCEMENT PLAN**

Florida Atlantic (FAU) identified a Quality Enhancement Plan (QEP) topic through a series of ongoing, comprehensive institutional planning and evaluation processes led by a Provost-appointed QEP Topic Selection Committee.

In planning for the establishment of a committee to guide the process, the executive leadership of the university prioritized core components for the next QEP. Guided by the Team for Assurance of Student Learning (TASL) Report, *Student Learning Outcome Assessment at FAU: Continuous Quality Improvement*, (Dormire et al., 2013), the institutional leadership suggested soliciting topics that met the following criteria:

- 1. emphasize the importance of the teaching and learning process
- 2. assist in improving the quality of teaching and learning
- 3. target improvement in key student learning outcomes
- 4. fit with institutional priorities

With a commitment to assessment and increased pressure for accountability from state and local stakeholders, the importance of identifying a topic that would complement the institution's existing improvement plan was emphasized. A call for proposals was established and administrators, faculty, staff, and students were invited to submit ideas for FAU's next QEP.

#### **The Topic Selection Committee**

The Topic Selection Committee was formed in fall 2020. This Committee consisted of broad membership representing a variety of stakeholders and areas across the university (see Appendix B). At the inaugural meeting, the Provost charged the group with developing a timeline (*Table 1*) and process for recommendation of a QEP topic to the President and Provost by the end of the Spring 2021 term. The Provost emphasized that the Committee should provide existing and develop new resources to guide the community in identifying topics. This ensured that data-driven decision making was the impetus for both proposal development and topic selection. The Provost further directed the Committee to refer to the priorities, objectives, mission and values from the University's Strategic Plan for *the Race to Excellence 2015 - 2025* both when soliciting proposals and recommending topics for selection. Finally, to ensure continuous improvement in student learning outcomes, proposals were expected to specify how the topic would address areas identified as needing improvement through the annual assessment cycle. With a formal charge, the group met regularly throughout the 2020-2021 Academic Year to accomplish the goals set forth by the Provost.

One priority for the Committee was establishment and distribution of distinct surveys for faculty, alumni and potential employers to obtain feedback on institutional strengths, challenges, and priorities. With additional data gathered from these surveys, the Committee created and launched a call for preproposals for FAU's next QEP. The call provided clear instructions for submissions, and institutional data for analysis by proposing teams to aid in identifying evidence based QEP topics that addressed institutional needs.

QEP Topic Selection Timeline — Education Reimagined					
Responsible Party	<u>Description</u>	Date(s)			
Provost	Appointment of QEP Leadership Team				
Provost	Appointment of QEP Topic Selection Committee	September, 2020			
Provost, PvAC, Russ Ivy, Ed Pratt, Karen Gough	Prepare surveys of alumni, employers, faculty, and students	September, 2020			
Institutional Effectiveness (IEA)	Preparation of institutional data	October 12, 2020			
ilistitutional Effectiveness (IEA)	Send surveys to alumni, employers, faculty, and students	October 19, 2020			
	Discuss QEP selection with college faculty assemblies and university faculty senate. Email announcement from Provost.	September - October, 2020			
Russ Ivy, Ed Pratt	Preparation of QEP website to include FAQa, IEA data, survey data summaries, and timeline.	October 30, 2020			
	Solicit ideas from faculty on ways to enhance student learning	November 9, 2020			
	Disseminate results to faculty. Issue call for pre-proposals (2-pages)	December 1, 2020			
	Pre-proposals due. QEP Topic Selection Committee will select finalists for further development of pre-proposals. Stipends provided.				
	Finalists' proposals due (10 pages, in addition to budget)	March 31, 2021			
QEP Topic Selection Committee	Presentation of proposals at faculty town halls (recorded)	April 1-2, 2021			
QEP TOPIC Selection Committee	Deadline of submission for faculty comments and tabulation of straw poll results	April 7, 2021			
	QEP Topic Selection Committee will summarize results and present to QEP Leadership Team	April 12, 2021			
	QEP Leadership Team will interview finalists	April 14-28, 2021			
QEP Leadership Team	Announcement of QEP topic	April 30, 2021			
	Appointment of QEP Director	May, 2021			

The call for two-page pre-proposals for FAU's next QEP was distributed to the university community from the Provost's Office with a goal of generating ideas from a wide range of constituents. The announcement encouraged proposals to be developed with use of resources on the QEP website, including SACSCOC documents relating to the QEP, examples of QEP topics at other institutions, FAU's Strategic Plan, institutional data and assessment outcomes, and results from the surveys of employers, alumni, and faculty. The call produced 11 pre-proposals for consideration by the Committee.

In early February 2021, the Committee met and reviewed all pre-proposals. Based on the institutional needs and priorities, submissions were narrowed to the top three finalists. The selected topics included "Communicating Our Excellence: Enriched Communication Curricula Across the University," "Multiple Academic Credentials for Workforce Competencies," and "Learning Reimagined". Each of the selected groups were asked to create a full, ten-page proposal and presentation. The Committee directed the Office of Institutional Effectiveness and Analysis (IEA) to work closely with the finalists and assist them in compiling and analyzing data relevant to their topic.

From February - April 2021, the finalists worked to complete their full proposal with an evidence-based plan for implementation if selected. Proposals were shared with the university community as a whole through the website, and FAU faculty, staff and students were invited to attend the formal QEP presentations.

#### **Final QEP Topic Selection**

On April 1 - 2, 2021, the three teams presented to the university community both in-person and online. Campus-wide input regarding the proposals was gathered to assist with the final recommendation of the Committee. Proposals and recordings of the presentations were published on the QEP website to allow those who were unable to view the live presentations to provide their input. The university community

was asked to submit their feedback on both the written proposal and the presentation through a Qualtrics survey, and to consider how each topic related to institutional priorities, mission, and strategic plan. Based on the feedback, the Topic Selection Committee developed a list of questions for the finalists and offered an opportunity for teams to provide additional information/clarification on specific topics, such as scalability, sustainability, and budget of the program, faculty buy-in and workload, and applicability in different modalities or campuses. Each of the three teams submitted their responses and participated in a final question and answer session with members of the Committee. Answers to the questions asked for the selected topic can be found in *Key Points from the Committee*. After reviewing the proposals, presentations, community feedback, and follow-up responses, the Committee developed a report for the institutional leadership team.

In May 2021, the Provost met with the Executive Leadership team. After review of the materials shared by the Topic Selection Committee, executive leadership selected the institution's next QEP: LeArning Reimagined (renamed *Education Reimagined*).

#### Rationale for Selection of the QEP

The selection of this QEP was made based on a variety of factors, including: fit with current responsibility to measure and report student learning outcomes based on academic learning compacts; local and national outcomes from LA courses demonstrating the ability to impact areas essential to the institution; and growth opportunities identified from institutional surveys that related to areas the LA program could positively influence.

The QEP topic emerged as a result of various ongoing institutional initiatives aimed at enhancing student success. These initiatives specifically targeted the improvement of DFW rates, retention, and graduation rates. While strategies such as increased instructional support, peer learning, and high-impact practices had been considered previously, their implementation was often fragmented across the campus and lacked the necessary support. This QEP intends to unify these institutional efforts, creating a more consistent and reliable model of practice. In doing so, it aims to foster continuous improvement in student learning, seamlessly integrated into the existing institutional assessment cycle. Notably, this QEP topic demonstrated alignment with current academic learning compacts, providing participating departments with the tools to inform and guide course and program enhancements in accordance with their current reporting practices.

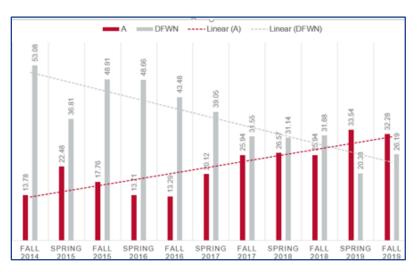
Further support for this QEP topic was based on the success of the Learning Assistant (LA) model nationally and through initial implementation of the model in Calculus I at FAU in 2014. Following tweaks to improve student outcomes, Calculus II and Pre-calculus courses were similarly redesigned. The LA program in Calculus led to significant decreases in DFW rates, with the average DFW rate in Calculus I cut in half. Prior to implementation of the LA model, the DFW rate averaged 48-56% each semester. While it took a few iterations to see significant improvements, since 2018-2019, the DFW rate has consistently been between 20-28%. In a study by the Office of Academic Success Initiatives (Adelmann et al., 2020), findings showed that students in LA courses (Calculus I and II) earned higher grades across all levels of high school preparation with the effect most pronounced for students entering with lower high school GPAs. The DFW rates in Calculus I declined while the number of students earning an "A" increased (Figure 4). The analysis also showed that students completing Calculus I with the LA model are more likely to enroll in Calculus II than peers who completed the original Calculus course pre-LA. This can lead to increased persistence in majors with high employment prospects such as Engineering, Computer Science and Physics. IEA analysis on students enrolled in

Calculus I (2016-2019) shows positive impacts on equity as female students (N=391) have 5.3% higher pass rates than female students in non-LA Calculus sections (N=437) and Black students, irrespective of gender, have a 4.7% higher pass rate in the LA sections (N=235) than Black students in non-LA sections of the course (N=192).

In 2020, General Chemistry II became the first course outside of mathematics to pilot the LA model at the university with promising initial outcomes. While a global pandemic impacted the original plan, results for the first two in-person exams showed statistically significant increases in test scores for students in the LA section as compared to the non-LA section. Similar results in pass rates were found in Chemistry as in Calculus. In Spring 2020, 36% of Black students earned an A in the LA section of General Chemistry II compared to only 19% in the non-LA section and pass rates for Hispanic students were over 8% higher in the LA section. Additionally, students saw the value in attending as Chemistry LA session attendance was consistently over 90% (normally below 50% by mid-semester) in this large lecture course (N=295) (T. Sempertegui, personal communication, March 12, 2021). Feedback from students in

LA mathematics courses links clear instructor expectations for class attendance and students feeling that attending class has value and provides a personal connection as reasons for increased participation.

While assessment of student learning outcomes is a new addition to the LA Program at FAU, standardized pre/post chemistry content assessments conducted using LASSO: Learning About STEM Student Outcomes, part of the



Learning Assistant Alliance, measured gains in learning. Comparisons of responses to exam questions between LA and non-LA sections of Chemistry confirmed greater content learning in sections taught with LAs, aligning with outcomes described in the literature.

Based on early successes piloting the LA model in FAU math and chemistry courses, many students, faculty, and staff lobbied for expansion of this program to other disciplines and courses. Sharing both quantitative and qualitative data from math and chemistry, along with national outcomes and research studies, it was widely accepted across the institution that scaling the program could lead to positive gains in student learning and institutional performance metrics. This support carried over to the proposal process, with students, faculty, and staff clamoring to join the proposal efforts.

The program also demonstrated potential to directly impact the FAU student experience. As a result of student and alumni feedback on surveys, selection of this QEP topic was driven by a commitment to improving that experience by creating a culture of peer-assisted collaborative learning at the institution. On the National Survey on Student Engagement (NSSE) in both 2013 and 2017 (the last two administrations of the survey at the institution prior to selection of a QEP topic, Figure 5), FAU students

rated their experience far lower than those in all comparison groups. FAU seniors were less likely to work with other students on collaborative practices as compared to other southeastern public schools, others in our Carnegie class, and all NSSE participants. Similarly, both first-year students and seniors at FAU ranked the quality of interactions lower than each of those groups. And finally, FAU students ranked their overall experience at the institution and their likelihood of selecting FAU if they had to do it all again significantly lower than students at all other institutions in the study. Despite institutional efforts, there was no improvement in these measures over that four year period. Students at FAU expressed feelings of isolation and loneliness and few opportunities for collaborative learning and interaction with peers. As student engagement further waned and student anxiety and feelings of depression soared during COVID, courses redesigned with the LA model would excite and engage students in the learning process, aid them in feeling connected to the institution, and provide a sense of belonging and mattering in their classes.

In addition to the NSSE, results from the three surveys developed for informing the process provided further rationale for the selection of this QEP topic. In the FAU 2020 Faculty Survey, faculty indicated their desire to enhance meaningful academic engagement with students, including more opportunities for teamwork. This aligned with FAU alumni survey responses indicating that the university could have done more to improve instruction and prepare them for careers, specifically in the development of their

#### 2013 NSSE

Collaborative	FAU Seniors	U Seniors Southeast Public Carnegie Class		ALL NSSE 2013
Learning		Seniors	Seniors	Seniors
Asked another	36	-5 (41%)	-7 (43%)	-2 (38%)
student to help				
you understand				
course material				
Explained course	57	-3 (60%)	-4 (61%)	-0 (57%)
material to one or				
more students				
Worked with	60	-3 (63%)	-5 (65%)	-3 (63%)
other students on				
course projects or				
assignments				

Quality of Interactions with	FAU	Southeast Public	Carnegie Class	ALL NSSE 2013		
Students – FY	56	-3 (59%)	-4 (60%)	-4 (60%)		
Students – SR	65	-1 (66%)	+1 (64%)	-0 (65%)		
Faculty – FY	42	-6 (48%)	-6 (48%)	-9 (51%)		
Faculty – SR	54	-6 (60%)	-3 (57%)	-7 (61%)		

Educational Experience	FAU	Southeast Public	Carnegie Class	ALL NSSE 2013
Evaluate your entire educational	30	-9 (39%)	-12 (42%)	-10 (40%)
experience at this institution as				
EXCELLENT – FY Entire educational	35	-10 (45%)	-8 (43%)	-10 (45%)
experience as EXCELLENT – SR	22	45 (470)	45 (4000)	4.4.4.6.0(1)
If start over again, would DEFINITELY YES go to the	32	-15 (47%)	-16 (48%)	-14 (46%)
same institution – FY				
Same institution DEFINITELY YES – SR	39	-11 (50%)	-7 (46%)	-8 (47%)

#### 2017 NSSE

Collaborative Learning	FAU Seniors	Southeast Public Seniors	Carnegie Class Seniors	ALL NSSE 2017 Seniors
Asked another student to help you understand course material	39	-7 (46%)	-9 (48%)	-4 (43%)
Explained course material to one or more students	56	-5 (61%)	-7 (63%)	-2 (58%)
Worked with other students on course projects or assignments	56	-9 (65%)	-11 (67%)	-7 (63%)

Quality of Interactions with	FAU	Southeast Public	Carnegie Class	ALL NSSE 2017
Students – FY	41	-10 (51%)	-11 (52%)	-11 (52%)
Students – SR	53	-5 (58%)	-4 (57%)	-5 (58%)
Faculty – FY	36	-12 (48%)	-11 (47%)	-14 (50%)
Faculty – SR	49	-7 (56%)	-5 (54%)	-8 (57%)

Educational Experience	FAU	Southeast Public	Carnegie Class	ALL NSSE 2017
Evaluate your entire educational experience at this institution as EXCELLENT – FY	29	-8 (37%)	-8 (37%)	-9 (38%)
Entire educational experience as EXCELLENT – SR	34	-10 (44%)	-7 (41%)	-9 (43%)
If start over again, would DEFINITELY YES go to the same institution – FY	27	-17 (44%)	-15 (42%)	-15 (42%)
Same institution DEFINITELY YES – SR	35	-13 (48%)	-8 (43%)	-10 (45%)

abilities to problem solve and work effectively as

part of a team. Employers expressed similar needs as these partners ranked FAU graduates slightly lower than expected on some of the most important attributes and competencies for new hires (*Figure* 

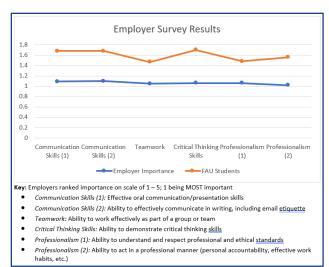
6): teamwork, critical thinking skills, communication skills, and professionalism (An Executive Summary of the 2020-2021 Employer Satisfaction Survey, 2021).

Based on feedback from these stakeholders, it was clear that the university needed to do more to support student development of essential career competencies. The proposal for this QEP demonstrated strengths in building requisite competencies in students to prepare college graduates for a successful transition to the workplace. Of the eight career readiness competencies identified through the National Association of Colleges and Employers (NACE) (see Appendix B), it is expected that *Education Reimagined* will directly impact student development in critical thinking and problem solving and teamwork skills.

In addition to the competencies directly measured through QEP assessment, development of additional skills are anticipated, particularly in the undergraduate peer Learning Assistants (LAs) themselves. These career readiness skills include oral/written communication, critical thinking, leadership, and teamwork. Based on the scope of this QEP, a significant impact will be made on students, faculty, future employers and our community as we expect to employ 350 students as LAs and affect 8,750 students enrolled in LA courses annually.

Previous success of the LA program at FAU, surveys launched in preparation for the QEP selection process, and priorities within the institutional strategic plan, mission and vision, led to the identification

of areas for growth in student learning, student experience, and institutional measures of student success. These sources provided a solid argument for goals and learning outcomes specific to FAU. Local and national studies demonstrated how this topic would meet strategic markers for institutional Key Performance Indicators, state performance metrics (see Appendix A), and student learning outcomes as described in the literature review. To create a culture of peer-assisted collaborative learning in which students are excited to participate and engage in their own learning, **Education Reimagined**: Engaging Students through Peer-Assisted Learning makes an investment in students, faculty, and physical spaces simultaneously through expansion of the LA Program.



#### **Key Points from the Topic Selection Committee**

Upon selection of the QEP, the team was charged to consider three overarching areas, ensuring support and sustainability of the program within the development process.

<u>Scalability and Budget</u>: A significant financial commitment was earmarked from the university to implement and sustain this QEP. Acknowledging that 70% of the budget for *Education Reimagined* goes directly to student employment, clear guidelines will be established as the program has the potential to quickly grow large in cost. These guidelines will include caps on

- spending per course, limits on new sections offered with the LA model, and prioritization of courses that have potential for institutional savings through Return on Investment (ROI). In addition, seeking opportunities for external funding will be prioritized. The full budget and rationale are detailed in Chapter 9 of this report.
- Faculty Buy-In: As the LA model has its roots in Science, Technology, Engineering, and Mathematics (STEM), the QEP Topic Selection Committee wanted to ensure that this proposal would also support faculty in non-STEM disciplines. Throughout the proposal process, the pedagogical advantages of teaching in this model have been valued by faculty across disciplines as evidenced by faculty support during the proposal and pilot stages of development:
  - o The QEP proposal was initially endorsed by 30 faculty/instructors from 13 departments and 6 academic colleges. In addition to the traditional STEM departments, this included Business, Music, Languages/Linguistics and Education.
  - O As part of the QEP pilot, a faculty proposal process was developed. Faculty across 8 colleges, 18 departments, and all campuses/modalities, applied to redesign a course with the LA model. Given the interest in the pilot program, we are encouraged that buyin will continue to rise as more faculty complete the redesign, teach with LAs, and share their experiences and data on student success with each other.
- <u>Partner Campus Inclusion</u>: The QEP Topic Selection Committee wanted to ensure opportunities
  for students across the institution. *Education Reimagined* committed to involving faculty on all
  FAU partner campuses in activities surrounding course redesign with LAs. The QEP leadership
  team spoke with faculty and administrators on the Broward and Jupiter campuses to promote
  university-wide involvement. This resulted in applications to join the pilot program by faculty
  across all campuses.

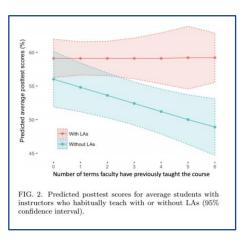
#### **CHAPTER 3: EVIDENCE TO SUPPORT SELECTION**

Prior to being selected as Florida Atlantic University's (FAU) next QEP, the Learning Assistant (LA) Program played a role in improving student success outcomes and satisfaction in Calculus and Chemistry. Essential for an institution with FAU's demographics, courses taught with the LA model demonstrated significant improvements for all students, with even more pronounced outcomes in terms of course grades and pass rates for historically underrepresented students. This QEP focuses on expanding the evidence-based LA Program in classrooms spanning general education, gateway, and discipline-specific courses across all colleges and campuses. Courses redesigned with the LA model are anticipated to contribute to a cultural shift in how students engage with course content and to support efforts to improve learning outcomes, retention rates, and overall student experience.

#### **Literature Review and Best Practices**

Beginning in 2001 at University of Colorado, Boulder, over 150 LA Programs have now been implemented worldwide. This review of the literature explains how LA programs foster connections to (1) greater measures of student learning, (2) improved student experience, (3) increases in institutional outcomes, (4) proficiency in workforce competencies, (5) more equitable learning environments, and (6) amplified academic and institutional identity for LAs.

(1) LA connections to student learning: National research studies have shown the wide impact of LA programs: students in LA-supported courses had improved learning gains, (Miller et al., 2013) with one study showing learning gains 1.6 times greater than in traditional courses, (Herrera et al., 2018); a steady decline in both concept learning for students and effectiveness of teaching over time was observed in courses taught without LAs as compared to those taught with LAs (Caravez, 2017) (Figure 7); instructor collaboration with LAs on planning lessons was instrumental in increasing faculty attention to student learning (Otero et al., 2010); coupling LA support with collaborative learning correlated with higher

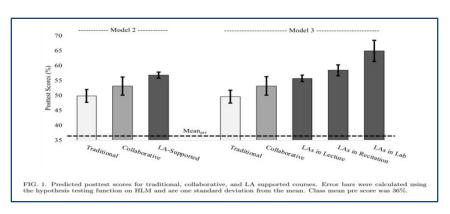


learning gains than collaborative learning alone (Herrera et al., 2018) (*Figure 8*); the LA program engaged students and faculty in teaching as a practice and career and improved student learning gains (Otero et al., 2006; Otero et al., 2010; Otero, 2015); students in LA-supported courses performed better on exam questions requiring higher order cognitive skills, and this difference was greater among underrepresented minority students (Sellami et al., 2018); and LA engagement was associated with improved concept inventory scores (White et al., 2016). Research further shows how the physical classroom environment plays a role in student learning gains. Oliver-Hoyo (2004) found that the lowest

performing students showed the highest learning gains in courses taught in active learning classrooms versus traditional classrooms.

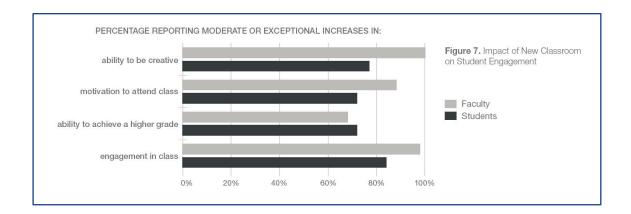
(2) LA connections to student experience: Key components of student experience can be shaped by the LA supported classes intentionally redesigned for active learning. Research, for example, has shown the greater "the amount of physical and psychological energy that the student devotes to the academic experience," the better the outcome, in terms of engagement, learning, and retention at the institution (Astin, 1984, 297). While faculty course design impacts this experience, students need the support of the community of learners in the LA model to cope and adapt to challenges (Handel et al., 2022). As the LA program creates a community of learners, students interact in new ways with peers, instructors, course materials, and tasks in a small group, which fostered community membership (Close et al., 2016). When compared to interventions with no active or collaborative learning, programs with supervised skills

practice (as in the LA model) have shown to positively impact the student experience (Conley et al., 2013). The LA program has improved student sense of belonging (Sellami et al., 2018) and emphasizes a supportive environment for academic success, which is needed more than ever before. In a post-covid world, a sense of



belonging is essential in allowing students not only to persist, but to thrive. Opportunities for students to collectively learn from each other must not be foregone in a time when needed most (Fisher et al., 2021).

The LA model emphasizes active learning and therefore relates to how improvements in student engagement can be created and facilitated by classroom design. For example, in a collaborative study completed at four institutions, "data revealed that classrooms intentionally designed to support active learning increased student engagement on multiple measures as compared to traditional (row-by-column seating) classrooms," (Scott-Webber et al., n.d.). In another study, researchers found that, compared to traditionally designed classrooms, active learning classrooms had a greater impact on overall student engagement and provided richer, more flexible learning experiences (Whiteside et al., 2010) (Figure 9).



(3) LA connections to institutional outcomes: Research has shown that the LA program has a positive impact on DFW rates, and retention and graduation rates for students in LA courses and the LAs who support them. A recent meta-analysis of 39 programs published in the International Journal of STEM Education (Barrasso & Spilios, 2021) found DFW rates improved for all students (Alzen et al., 2017; Alzen et al., 2018), with larger decreases in DFW rates for students of color (Van Dusen & Nissen, 2019) enrolled in LA courses. Another study showed students enrolled in an LA course in year one, had a 3% increase in retention to year two over students not exposed to the LA program in their first year. This increase grew to 4% for students one standard deviation below the average high school GPA (Alzen & Otero, 2021).

Large lecture courses, often found in public research universities, are frequently the culprit of institutional challenges to student course pass rates. Large lecture courses, often utilized for historically challenging gateway courses, appear to be cost-effective; however, high student to faculty ratio has led to high failure rates. This has resulted in students switching majors or leaving the institution (Crisp et al., 2009). LA courses increase the ratio of course support and can negate this trend.

Graduation rates have been positively impacted by LA programs. At the Rochester Institute of Technology, an analysis was conducted showing that LA courses decrease DFW rates and that students who earn a DFW in an introductory STEM course have a 7% lower six-year graduation rate than those who are successful in those introductory courses (S. Franklin, personal communication, March 12, 2021). Therefore, inclusion of LAs in these courses can lead to higher graduation rates at the institution and lower cost to students. Graduation rates are also increased for the LAs themselves. Studies have shown that peer assistants/mentors tend to graduate on time at a higher rate than the institutional average (Connolly, 2017; National Academies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine et al., 2019). In a study from 2004 to 2014 at University of Colorado (CU)-Boulder, LAs graduated at a 97.1% rate compared to only 88.3% of students in a matched sample (Otero, 2015). Both the increases in student retention and the successful completion of coursework support long term positive impacts on institutional finances (McQuade et al., 2020).

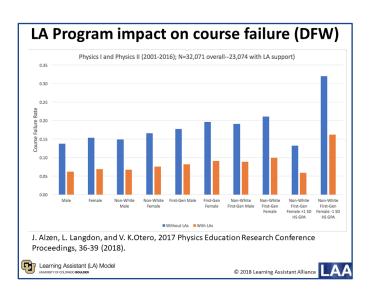
(4) LA connections to proficiency in workforce competencies: State of Florida legislators have prioritized the development of workforce and career readiness competencies for college graduates from state institutions. Ruder & Stanford (2020) cite American Chemical Society guidelines which describe the importance of providing experiences that go beyond [content] knowledge to develop competence in other critical skills. The National Association of Colleges and Employers (NACE), has identified eight

competencies essential for new college graduates (see Appendix B). Developing these essential competencies can prepare students to enter the workforce or for postgraduate education. Further research indicates that "active learning environments are ideal settings to help students develop process skills such as teamwork, critical thinking, and problem solving," (Ruder & Stanford, 2020, 3521). The transformation of courses to include the LA model would provide a means for developing those competencies.

Students within LA courses are not the only ones who benefit from the experience. LAs themselves build their competence to construct relationships with diverse individuals, think critically about ways to assist students, and to communicate effectively as they guide student learning (Hite et al., 2021). Similar findings were found by Ruder & Stanford (2020) who described how the pedagogical training provided to new LAs had proven instrumental in improving LA communication skills as they work with the course participants on development of student competencies.

**(5) LA connections to equitable learning environments:** The LA program has been shown to impact creation of equitable learning environments. Reducing barriers to individual advancement in their degree program provides students of all backgrounds with equal opportunities. Studies have shown a greater decrease in course failure among nonwhite and first-generation students as compared with

majority groups when the LA program is implemented (Alzen et al., 2018). Models indicate that infusing LAs into a course mitigates disparities in gender and ethnic achievement leading to increases in equity (Van Dusen et al., 2016). Not only do DFW rates for students of color improve in LA courses more than for majority students, but research shows that LA support correlates with a reversal of traditional learning gaps between race and gender (Van Dusen et al., 2015; White et al., 2016). A study of over 32,000 students at CU-Boulder enrolled in Physics I & II courses between 2001-2016 showed that students who took the course with LA support (N=23,074) had significantly



lower DFW rates for all demographics than students who took the same courses without LA support (*Figure 10*). Compared to the same group in non-LA sections, the average difference for students in LA sections was an eight percentage point decrease in DFW with even greater pass rates for students historically underrepresented in the discipline (Alzen et al., 2018).

# There are few interventions that so clearly can impact student course outcomes for students of all backgrounds.

**(6) LA connections to academic and institutional identity for Learning Assistants:** The LA program affords additional opportunities for students to engage in on-campus employment, a high impact

practice. The benefits of on campus employment, such as institutional affinity and timely graduation, have been widely reported in the literature. Working in certain roles on campus, such as in the LA Program, allows students to apply what they are learning in their coursework and find personal meaning and relevance between the job and their studies (McClellan et al., 2023). Positive associations have been made between on-campus employment and academic success and persistence within the degree program (Yeh, 2010). In a qualitative study of Latino first-generation college students, a sense of belonging on campus and development of important academic and social skills were described as outcomes from on-campus employment (Nunez & Sansone, 2016). This is particularly relevant to FAU, a Hispanic-Serving Institution (HSI).

Several other benefits for student LAs are presented in the research: being an LA promotes a stronger identity for the student to their major (Close et al., 2016) and development of stronger professional identities (Nadelson & Fannigan, 2014); and LAs have significantly higher learning gains than students who taught or conducted research in other environments (Price & Finkelstein, 2008). LAs benefit from their interaction and relationships with the faculty they are supporting. The learning team generated by the partnership between LAs and faculty ranges from mentorship to collaboration as faculty and LAs learn from each other (Sabella et al., 2016). This builds confidence in the LA's abilities within the academic realm.

#### **LA Connections to Shifting Culture**

The focus of the LA Program and this QEP is the impact on students - both those enrolled in LA courses and the LAs who support those courses. This strategic work furthermore highlights the importance of our faculty's commitment to redesigning courses with research-based best practices. The careful consideration of course objectives, assessment of outcomes, and pedagogical design with active and collaborative learning changes the teaching approach and the experience for both students and faculty. As LA faculty learn about and adopt best practices, it is likely they will continue to incorporate those strategies into non-LA courses they teach. Similarly, students will incorporate effective learning techniques discovered in LA courses into non-LA courses. These changes in faculty and student approaches to teaching and learning will positively shift the institutional culture. As the saying goes, "Rising tides lift all boats".

"After teaching a 2-hour lecture in calculus, I was exhausted. However, after teaching two hours with the LA model, I left exhilarated."

- Dr. Jay Mireles James, Associate Professor FAU Department of Mathematical Sciences

## CHAPTER 4: BROAD BASED SUPPORT OF INSTITUTIONAL CONSTITUENCIES

Florida Atlantic University (FAU) constituents are widely supportive of the QEP. The students, faculty, Learning Assistants (LAs), and campus administrators that are the primary stakeholders in *Education Reimagined* have been involved in the development of the plan from the initial proposal through topic selection and program design.

The QEP topic selection process had support from across the institution. In addition to receiving eleven pre-proposals for QEP topics from a broad range of institutional faculty and staff, there was widespread participation and feedback on the final proposals from a broad range of constituents. The Topic Selection Committee was also representative of the institution, including members from each academic college, as well as students and staff.

This support has continued through the planning and development of the QEP. A QEP Development Committee was formed in spring 2022, with members participating in a series of five sub-committees, including Assessment, Marketing and Communication, Faculty Development and Recognition, Student Development and Recognition, and Course Selection/Curriculum Grant Process. Like the Topic Selection Committee, these included faculty, staff, students, institutional leaders, and community members. The Development Committee met as a large group once per semester, with additional meetings of the five sub-committees to work on specific elements of the QEP. As key components were developed by the workgroups, feedback was sought from the larger committee.

Additional broad-based support was nurtured through an open communication plan to ensure that all stakeholders were well-informed and engaged throughout the development and implementation process. This incorporated presentations to various constituents (University administrators, faculty, and students) on an ongoing basis, as described below.

<u>University Administrators</u>: In addition to university stakeholders actively participating on the Topic Selection and Development Committees, an initial presentation to the Board of Trustees was given in 2022 to inform them of the process and solicit feedback. This initial meeting was followed by presentations to keep the Board abreast of the process and involved in high-level decision making. The Provost, who serves on the Executive Leadership Team, regularly updated the administration on the process.

**Faculty:** In an effort to involve faculty, regular presentations were given at Faculty Senate as well as at college and department meetings. This resulted in a strong understanding and interest in the QEP, as evidenced by 30 individual faculty across 18 departments applying to participate in the QEP pilot in 2022-2023. QEP leadership, in concert with the Faculty Development and Recognition sub-committee, ascertained essential needs of faculty when redesigning courses with the LA model. Feedback received during the presentations described above guided development of the pilot LA Faculty Learning Community (LA FLC) for new LA faculty. In turn, these pilot LA faculty provided additional suggestions for improving the process.

<u>Students</u>: Support from students is of primary importance. In fact, the direct voices of the students who had been impacted by the LA model were one of the key reasons that *Education Reimagined* was

selected as the QEP. The following sources of feedback from students in LA courses provided valuable information and helped guide program growth:

- Surveys centered on student feelings about their LA
- End of course surveys distributed to students in LA courses targeting their thoughts about the LA Program and classroom environment
- Student Perception of Teaching (SPOT) reports of faculty teaching with LAs
- A current research study being conducted on the impact of the LA model on students in large lecture science courses at the institution

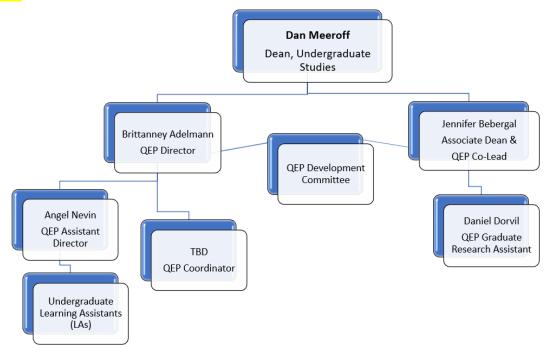
This information, along with feedback during presentations to student organizations and the Student Government Association, aided in better understanding the needs and interests of our most important stakeholders, the students. Utilizing student guidance increased buy-in as students felt valued in the process. A snapshot of the student feedback utilized to inform development of the program can be found in Appendix D.

Targeted Populations: Understanding the specific needs of certain student groups was vital for the success of this QEP. The leadership team worked with entities across campus to determine those needs. Several meetings were held with Student Accessibility Services (SAS) staff to consider students with disabilities and possible effects associated with redesigning courses to include active learning and LAs. This resulted in incorporating furniture for these students in redesigned classrooms, incorporating Universal Design into the development of the pedagogy course for LAs, and creation of a communication pipeline to keep SAS staff informed and able to advise their students about LA courses. Additionally, as our online population continues to grow, we worked closely with the Center for Online and Continuing Education (COCE) to identify asynchronous courses for redesign as well as best practices for active learning in these courses. As another measure of support, COCE has committed funding to support development of the LA model within online courses.

Finally, broad institutional support from FAU Executive Leadership was evidenced by the allocation of substantial financial resources for this QEP (see Chapter 9). This commitment to funding derived from successes identified through the analysis of data from initial LA course offerings and ties to institutional priorities.

#### **CHAPTER 5: ESTABLISHING QEP LEADERSHIP**

Upon selection as the next QEP for Florida Atlantic (FAU), university administration appointed a QEP director to lead this important initiative. Dr. Brittanney Adelmann, director of the Math Learning Center, was the natural choice. Her work within the Learning Assistant (LA) community and in developing the LA model within mathematics at FAU gave her both the experience necessary for this work and the passion to build the best program possible. A co-lead for the QEP, Dr. Jennifer Bebergal, associate dean for academic support and student learning was appointed to assist with key elements of the QEP, including assessment and communication with stakeholders. A QEP administrative structure quickly developed (Figure 11).



Administrative Structure for the FAU Quality Enhancement Plan

#### **QEP Development Committee**

The first order of business for the QEP leadership team was to ensure that the program was developed with the needs and interests of all stakeholders in mind. A call was put out to the university community for volunteers to serve on the QEP Development Committee. Over 30 nominations were received from faculty, staff, students, and community partners. The inaugural full committee meeting was held in February 2022 with 26 of the 28 members present plus four invited guests. Dr. Bret Danilowicz delivered the "Charge from the Provost" where he challenged the group to "go forth and do good work!" Committee members discussed the overarching goal of this QEP and literature supporting the LA model was provided for members to review. The result was the creation of five work groups, each centered around activities suggested for impacting the goal. Each committee member joined at least one work group with a designated lead assigned for each group. Specific tasks and timelines were assigned with the expectation to meet and discuss ideas related to these tasks.

#### **QEP Development Committee Work Groups**

#### Assessment:

 GOAL: to suggest realistic and measurable Student Learning Outcomes (SLOs) and Student Success Outcomes (SSOs)

#### • Course Selection/Curriculum Grant Process:

 GOAL: to develop a course selection process with clear benchmarks (including standards/measures to determine if a course meets criteria for redesign; ensuring courses are from varied departments, campuses, and levels; and selecting courses reaching a wide range of students)

#### • Faculty Development and Recognition:

 GOAL: to suggest components of faculty development related to the QEP and to suggest policies and procedures, including timelines and compensation, related to faculty development

#### • Student Development and Recognition:

 GOAL: to develop suggestions for student development needs related to the QEP for both LAs and the students in LA courses

#### • Marketing and Communication:

 GOAL: to build a brand for the QEP and a plan to communicate the elements of Education Reimagined to the university community

The full committee met again in April 2022 to discuss progress and recommendations from the work groups. This aided in both identifying the activities to be implemented as well as gaining buy-in and collaboration from the university community. The five key areas came together to transform teaching and learning by developing an effective framework for expanding the LA model at FAU. This provided QEP leadership with clear direction moving forward.

For all QEP Development Committee related documents, see Appendix C.

## CHAPTER 6: IMPROVING STUDENT LEARNING AND STUDENT SUCCESS OUTCOMES

#### **QEP Program Goals**

The principal goal of this QEP is to improve student learning and student success by fostering a transformative shift in the culture of teaching and learning at the university. This will be accomplished by the development and implementation of the strategic initiatives and assessment plan outlined below.

With wide stakeholder input, the QEP leadership team identified overall outcomes to measure growth of the program in addition to outcomes that measure the ability of the QEP to create a cultural shift at the institution. The outcomes and measures were discussed in depth with the QEP Development Committee and adjusted to solidify connection to institutional objectives and student needs. The activities outlined in this report, and measured by the assessment plan, will aid us in meeting the QEP's overall aspirational goal.

While the institution has made great strides in improving Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) and areas related to state performance metrics (PMs), there is still room for improvement. Over the past 15 years, Florida Atlantic (FAU) is the only Florida public university to see double digit increases in the first-year retention rate. Plateauing at just over 81%, this QEP could improve that metric even further with a focus on first-year student courses. Additionally, FAU has a large percentage of courses with DFW rates at 20% or higher as compared to peer institutions across the state. While the five year period between fall 2016 and fall 2021 saw a drop in the overall percent of courses in that category from 28.2% to 19.8%, this still leads to a large number of students with "loss of credit hours," a metric that the institution carefully follows and tries to improve. Again, the LA model implemented within these high DFW courses can reverse the trend and lead to more students successfully completing historically challenging courses.

Based on results from recent administrations of both the Healthy Minds Survey and the National Survey

on Student Engagement (NSSE), FAU students have voiced lower satisfaction with the FAU experience, greater feelings of isolation and loneliness, lower satisfaction with instruction and fewer opportunities for collaborative learning and interaction with peers compared to students at similar universities. The NSSE results showed FAU students averaged 12 points below other southeast public institutions for student ranking of quality of interactions with faculty. Additionally, both first year and senior students ranked their

"The LA's provide awesome ways to study for tough courses, give one on one attention to your concerns... they provided a sense of normalcy and connectivity in a time where everything feels disconnected and lonely... Looking at my college career, the one thing I wish FAU would have offered were more courses with LA's."

- - Olivia, LA student

overall experience at FAU 9% below rankings of students at other institutions. For these reasons, and to shift the culture at FAU, a goal of this QEP is to improve the student experience by improving these outcomes. It is expected that implementation of the LA model in courses across the institution has the capacity to enhance the overall student experience.

Based on the needs of FAU students and the strengths of the selected model, the following Student Learning Outcomes (SLOs), Student Success Outcomes (SSOs) and Program Outcomes (POs) were identified (*Table 2*):

	Student Learning Outcomes (SLOs)	Student Success Outcomes (SSOs)		
SLOs	are to be demonstrated by students enrolled in LA	SSOs to measure overall success of students		
cours	es	participating in the LA Program		
	1: Content Knowledge and Skills	SSO #1: DFW Rates and Loss of Credit Hours		
1.1	Declarative Knowledge	SSO #2: Retention and Progress Rates		
1.2	Technical Skills	SSO #3: Student Experience		
		SSO #4: LA Metrics		
SLO #	2: Critical Thinking and Problem Solving			
2.1	Defining and Explaining an Issue/Problem			
2.2	Finding Evidence to Inform Strategies	Program Outcomes (POs)		
2.3	Considering Ethical Consequences			
2.4	Evaluating and Proposing Solutions(s)/Hypotheses	Program metrics to measure impact at FAU		
2.5	Identifying Strategies	and quality of implementation		
2.6	Evaluating Conclusions and Related Outcomes	PO #1: Courses Implementing LA Model		
		PO #2: Departments/Colleges with LA course		
SLO#	3: Teamwork and Collaboration	PO #3: Students Enrolled in LA courses		
3.1	Contributes to Team Learning	PO #4: Students Hired as LAs		
3.2	Facilitates Contrubutions of Team Members	PO #5: Participants in LA Faculty Developmen		
3.3	Fosters a Constructive Team Climate	PO #6: Publications/Presentations on LA		

<sup>\*</sup>See Chapter 8 - Assessment for details on the above outcomes including baseline data, targets, and measures

#### **CHAPTER 7: DEVELOPMENT AND IMPLEMENTATION**

Student

**Impact** 

Development

Faculty Development

Assessment & Continuous

Improvement

Active Learning Spaces

LA Program Office

A hierarchy was envisioned in which each support structure developed creates the foundation for the program (*Figure 12*). Intentionally ordered, each component builds up to the overall goal of positively impacting student learning and drives the change in culture of teaching and learning at Florida Atlantic (FAU).

#### **Creation of the Learning Assistant** (LA) Program Office

The LA Program Office is the bedrock

infrastructure from which all initiatives of this QEP are developed and implemented. Upon selection of the QEP, a director was immediately appointed and assumed responsibility for all aspects of the office. An assistant director responsible for managing LA staff and teaching pedagogy workshops was hired in March 2022. A QEP co-Lead was appointed to assist with the development and implementation of all aspects of the plan, with a particular focus and responsibility for assessment. In addition, the QEP website was created to communicate what the LA Program/QEP is and how the university community could get involved. The institution established a budget to support this new office and will allocate a designated space upon approval of the QEP by SACSCOC.

#### **Redesign of Classrooms into Active Learning Spaces**

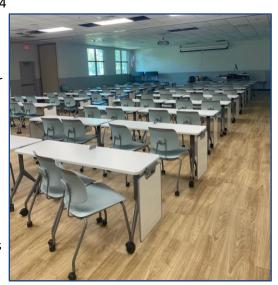


The next phase of development was to provide optimal physical classroom space in which active learning could occur. The institution provided resources within the QEP budget to allow for classroom redesign. At the time the QEP was selected, FAU had one

active learning classroom with capacity for 44 students. During the planning years of this QEP, FAU transitioned six additional classrooms for active learning across two campuses, with budget remaining for further

transformation of physical spaces. Five of these spaces are on the Boca Raton campus, one is on the Jupiter Honors College campus, and they range in capacity from 36 to 125 students.

An active learning classroom is a physical classroom space containing furniture conducive to students actively and collaboratively engaging around course material. In particular, the QEP Leadership team selected different types of furniture and technology, based on room capacity, that would support faculty in their efforts to promote students



working together in small groups. With these physical spaces, the institution has made a significant investment in the infrastructure needed to most effectively support current and future LA courses as part of this QEP.



### Developing and Implementing an Assessment and Continuous Improvement Plan

The assessment work group, a sub-group of the QEP Development Committee, met regularly to assist in creation of an assessment plan that met the needs of faculty, departments, and institutional leadership. Members of the work group suggested realistic and measurable Student Learning Outcomes (SLOs) and Student Success Outcomes (SSOs), as well as other elements to consider that spanned their varied areas of expertise.

The Undergraduate Studies assessment director shared strategies being utilized in the general education "Intellectual Foundation Program" (IFP) courses and how to use the Canvas Learning Management System (LMS) to collect and report outcome data. The director for assessment and accreditation in the Office of the Provost focused on SLOs statutorily mandated for all departments to demonstrate. At the 2022 SACSCOC annual meeting, the QEP leadership team learned about the AAC&U VALUE Rubrics that could provide standardized measures for student learning within LA courses. These rubrics were modified for *Education Reimagined* and shared with the work group members. Faculty within the work group provided feedback on the rubrics and identified additional strategies to assess the elements under consideration in a clear and manageable way. The assistant provost for Institutional Effectiveness and Analysis (IEA) identified dashboards that could be developed to assist in the collection and reporting of data.

After several iterations, an assessment plan was finalized for the pilot and shared during the LA Faculty Learning Community (FLC). LA faculty mentors and the QEP leadership team worked with each pilot faculty member on designing and implementing the QEP assessment plan within their course. A step-by-

step worksheet was provided to guide faculty. Faculty described the plan as easy to follow, with meaningful outcomes that enhanced the assessment process previously utilized within the course. For faculty who are teaching a previously redesigned course, access to the assessment plan created for that course is available and the instructor has the choice to either adjust that plan to meet their needs and interests or implement as is.

During the fall 2023 semester, pilot faculty implemented their assessment plans within their LA courses. For example, initial plans included: identifying existing content knowledge exams or developing new exams to measure changes in learning through a pre- and post-test; creating group projects and case studies to measure performance in each of the SLOs; and offering structured activities to allow for group development. At the first "LA instructor check-in meeting," faculty shared how the assessment plans were adjusted or how these plans helped them clarify course objectives and provide meaningful feedback to students. Upon conclusion of the fall semester, pilot faculty reported on SLO results, described successes, and developed an improvement plan. The QEP leadership team is in the process of working with the pilot faculty to evaluate the assessment data and determine if improvements in the LA course are needed before teaching that course in the future.

For all assessment related documents, see Appendix E.

#### **Building a Process for Selecting LA Courses and Faculty Development Activities**

Two sub-groups of the QEP Development Committee were formed under the umbrella of faculty initiatives. These work groups were tasked with developing an LA course selection process and suggesting components of faculty development initiatives related to effectively teaching in the LA model respectively.

Prior to being selected as the second QEP at FAU, the LA model was funded through a partnership between the department offering the LA course and the Center for Teaching and Learning (CTL), supported by funds from existing budgets. Courses were added based on available budget, high DFW rates, and previously established relationships between faculty and center directors. As the institutional QEP however, it was important that the decision-making process for course selection was transparent. Therefore, the work group on course selection proposed factors to consider. These factors were weighted and a rubric was developed to provide an equitable selection process across courses, campuses, modalities, and disciplines.

A call went out in early fall 2022, inviting faculty to consider proposing a course for redesign with the LA model. A total of 30 faculty proposed courses across 18 departments and eight colleges. Courses spanned upper- and lower-division levels, general education and major requirements, and all campuses and teaching modalities. The QEP leadership met with each applicant to learn more about their ideas to transform their course and how they envisioned the LA model helping to meet student learning outcomes and other associated goals for their course. Notes from these meetings, along with quantitative data related to course enrollment and outcomes were included on the course selection rubric and a summary for each course was developed. The summary sheets were collated and shared with the members of the Course Selection work group for feedback. In early November 2022, group members were asked to rank the top five courses they felt should be given final consideration for a small pilot of the QEP. Based on the rankings, three new courses were selected as part of the pilot:

Biological Principles (BSC 1010), a general education gateway course for science majors on two campuses (and in two colleges); College Writing I (ENC 1101), a general education foundation course for all students; and Ethics and the Justice System (CCJ 4054), an upper-division course in the College of Social Work and Criminal Justice. The decision was made to include the redesign of asynchronous Calculus I (MAC 2311). Although this course had been taught with LAs previously, there was no intentional design for engaging students collaboratively in the fully online course as compared to the level of engagement in the face-to-face sections of the course. The selection of these courses expanded the LA program from solely being offered on the Boca Raton Campus and within a single college (Charles E. Schmidt College of Science) to multiple campuses and modalities. Further, the selections expanded the program to include non-STEM courses.

Upon selection of the pilot courses, permission was requested from department chairs for their faculty to join the pilot and redesign a course within their department. It was requested that department chairs commit to assign the redesigning faculty to teach that course, as best they could, for at least two semesters over the following year. Once permission was obtained, selected faculty were notified with an offer letter. The QEP pilot courses were formally announced to the university community through FAU communication channels.

As plans developed to provide faculty with the knowledge and support to transform a course with the LA model, expertise of faculty who had already implemented the model prior to selection of this topic as the QEP was crucial. The LA Program Office developed a position description for LA Faculty Mentors, along with a \$1,500 stipend. Three current LA faculty were offered the opportunity to serve as a mentor: two from mathematics, and one from chemistry. A key role of the LA faculty mentor was to lead interdisciplinary monthly LA faculty check-in meetings where faculty ask questions, share ideas, address concerns, and discuss best practices.

To assist faculty with course transformation to include the LA model, an LA FLC was created. The QEP leadership utilized the work group suggestions and best practices to identify important elements to aid faculty in this transformation. An outline of these topics informed development of the LA FLC Canvas course. The selected faculty were required to participate in weekly faculty development activities through the LA FLC. Beginning in January 2023, the pilot faculty, LA faculty mentors, and the LA Office program staff met to learn about the outlined topics, including: Essential Elements of the LA model, what is active learning, how to incorporate LAs effectively within a specific course, and how to assess outcomes from the implementation of the LA model within a course.

Based on the amount of time and dedication faculty would put into either course redesign or learning how to facilitate a previously redesigned course, and considering feedback from the QEP Development Committee, a guideline was established to provide stipends for faculty members. For faculty redesigning a new LA course through the LA FLC, a two-part stipend was available. Upon completion of all required elements, faculty would earn \$2,500, with a second stipend of \$1,500 awarded upon submission of assessment outcomes and a continuous improvement plan following the first time teaching the new LA course. A similar structure was put in place for faculty participating in a Canvas faculty development course to teach a previously redesigned course. Two stipends of \$500 were awarded for completion of the Canvas course and submission of assessment outcomes and continuous improvement plans

respectively. Similarly, guidelines and checklists were developed to assist in lesson and logistics planning surrounding implementation of the model and understanding minimum requirements for the course to receive funding for LAs.

Faculty and staff supporting the QEP realized that it was necessary to develop minimum standards for an LA course in order to have the anticipated impact on student learning and success. Guidelines to help LA instructional teams assist students in not only achieving goals related to content knowledge, but to also build elements into the course to enhance critical thinking and problem solving skills was included. A needed additional piece of development surrounding students enrolled in LA courses involved teaching students how to be effective group members. As SLO #3 will measure this ability, faculty are instrumental in setting the expectations for students working in groups. The QEP team is developing this final piece of the plan to be included in the faculty development activities, and aimed at assisting faculty with teaching students how to be effective members of a team.

Feedback from the pilot faculty has been informative. LA FLC, faculty reported:

- I liked the...clips of LAs at work in the classroom setting. One thing is to talk about the method, but it is another thing to see it in action.
- I like the opportunity to actually visit an LA class. I also like the discussion about the assessment process.
- I learned so much about active learning and various aspects of Culturally Responsive Pedagogy (CRP), and this was truly transformative for my teaching. I think most helpful for my own LA preparation was attending the LA workshop at Florida Gulf Coast University (FGCU) and working closely with colleagues from various disciplines to understand what LAs do/would look like in their classes. Observing an LA class was also extremely helpful.
- Time to work was the most helpful I wish it had been incorporated more fully during the early part of the semester. Having some content then some work time would have been helpful throughout rather than just having full worktime the last 2 weeks or so. I also found it extremely useful to attend a class where LAs were being utilized. Watching short videos of LA sessions and critiquing them was also beneficial.

For all course selection and faculty development related documents, see Appendix D.

#### **Investing in LA Development**

An essential element of the LA model is pedagogy: all first semester LAs must participate in a weekly pedagogy course (or workshop). In hiring Angel Nevin as the assistant director, the QEP secured a team member holding a Masters Degree in Education highly capable of leading this initiative and teaching the LA pedagogy course. The Student Development and Recognition work group focused on reviewing existing pedagogy course topics and activities, reviewed syllabi from other institutions, suggested additional topics/activities specific to FAU, discussed the structure and compensation of the course (paid training vs. credit bearing), and designed a new QEP LA Pedagogy course to be offered alongside the pilot courses.

Upon finalizing the pedagogy course, and with contributions from the work group, a feedback and evaluation process was developed for LAs. This was accomplished by creating an LA Mentor program. In Summer 2023, the LA program hired the first LA mentor to take on an evaluative role. LA Mentors are

undergraduate students who have previous LA experience, excelled in the position, and are responsible for:

- evaluating new LAs in all environments (classroom, office hours, pedagogy, weekly prep) and providing feedback based on a rubric created for this purpose
- assisting the pedagogy instructor in providing feedback on LA reflection assignments

Evaluation rubrics were developed by the LA Mentors during the pilot year. Evaluations are discussed with the LA, submitted to the LA Program Office, and considered for future hiring purposes.

The Student Development and Recognition work group also discussed offering rehired LAs additional training and development through an advanced pedagogy course, named Pedagogy 2.0. LA mentors worked with the

"As a student in the LA Program, I have acquired critical thinking and problem-solving skills because the questions that the LA's would ask our group...would allow us to brainstorm together and figure out a solution rather than blatantly give out an answer."

- Leila, Calculus LA

pedagogy instructor to identify topics most needed to reinvigorate returning LAs. Four topics were proposed: metacognition, mental models, growth mindset and questioning skills. The LA Mentors, having had numerous semesters of experience as LAs, felt that growth mindset and questioning skills were the topics that would make the most impact. Student learning outcomes were designed to mirror, yet increase, the expectations set in the primary pedagogy training. The LA Mentors alongside the pedagogy instructor facilitated the pilot Pedagogy 2.0 workshops during Fall 2023 as paid, elective training with 25% of the 24 veteran LAs participating.

Keeping in mind that LAs are students, the position has profound effects on the LAs themselves. Extensive pedagogical training is only one way that LAs are impacted as part of their personal and professional development. LAs also report stronger content knowledge, preparing them to excel in their own courses, and development of soft skills essential to their future.

For all LA development related documents, see Appendix D.

#### **Impacting Students**

Students are the most important group in this QEP. The LA model is being put forward by Florida Atlantic based on the extensive impact this program can have on student learning and student success. As described in the literature review, studies have demonstrated that participation in a course with LAs can lead to increased higher order cognitive skills, increased affinity to the institution and the major, increased sense of belonging, and much more. Additionally, impacts to support particular gaps specific to the institution were identified and supported by this model. As such, investments have been made (as described above) to provide: the right environment for learning to occur; a clear and solid assessment plan for measuring student learning and experience; faculty development encouraging student engagement in learning; and well-trained, professional LAs to support students. The scaffolding of each of these elements is crucial to provide the greatest positive outcomes for FAU students.

The need to listen to the student voice when making decisions regarding the development of this QEP was clear. While the Development Committee provided initial direction, students have been involved in shaping every aspect of this QEP, from the proposal through the pilot implementation. Examples of how students have shaped this QEP can be found in Appendix D.

#### **QEP Five-Year Implementation Plan**

To achieve the outcomes expected for this QEP, the leadership team created an implementation timeline to align with the specific needs of the program. Due to COVID-19, FAUs reaffirmation visit was scheduled for 2024. As a result, this timeline includes two planning years and a pilot year, allowing QEP leadership to build and test a solid plan (*Table 3*).

QEP Implementation Timeline - Education Reimagined

Category	Description	Planning Year I (2021-2022)	Planning Year II (2022-23)	Planning/ Pilot Year III (2023-24)	Year 1 (2024-25)	Year 2 (2025-26)	Year 3 (2026-27)	Year 4 (2027-28)	Year 5 (2028-29)
	Selection of QEP Director and Co-lead								
Staffing	Hiring of QEP Assistant Director								
Statting	Hiring of QEP Coordinator								
	Hiring of Graduate Research Assistant (assessment)								
	Development of LA Course selection criteria								
Expansion of	Development and implementation of LA Faculty Learning Community for faculty development and training (course redesign process)								
LA Courses and LA	Call for proposals for new LA courses								
course	Teaching of new LA courses (limited to pilot courses in 2023-24)								
faculty	Development and implementation of Canvas course requirement for all faculty/instructors/GTAs teaching a previously redesigned course with LAs for the first time								
	Development of QEP website								
	Development of LA Faculty Mentor program								
Development of LA Faculty Mentor program Incorporation of LA Campus for faculty course proposal process and hiring of LAs Review and redesign of LA Pedagogy course Marketing and branding of QEP/LA Program Office  Development of QEP assessment plan Implementation of QEP assessment in new courses									
	Marketing and branding of QEP/LA Program Office								
	Development of QEP assessment plan								
	Implementation of QEP assessment in new courses								
Assessment and	Implementation of QEP assessment in previously redesigned courses (pre-QEP)								
Continuous	Benchmarking data for all metrics								
Development of LA Faculty Mentor program  Incorporation of LA Campus for faculty course proposal process and hiring of LA Received and redesign of LA Pedagogy course  Marketing and branding of QEP/LA Program Office  Development of QEP assessment plan  Implementation of QEP assessment in new courses  Implementation of QEP assessment in previously redesigned courses  (pre-QEP)  Development of assessment tools with IEA (dashboards and other reporting mechanisms)									
	Incorporation of assessment rubrics in Canvas								
Active	Completion of an "active learning hallway" to accommodate existing math LA courses								
Learning Classroom	Redesign of a large lecture (100 seat+) classroom for active learning								
Redesign	Redesign of classroom on partner campus								
	Redesign of additional LA classroom space(s)								
Student	Development and implementation of a standardized hiring and training process for new LAs for all disciplines/campuses								
Leader (LA) Impact	Development and implementation of a standardized evaluation and feedback process for all LAs (new and returning)								
	Development and implementation of a standardized recognition/honor/award process for all LAs (new and returning)								

#### **Marketing and Communications**

An important aspect of this QEP is the ability to market and communicate the program widely. The only way to have the impact anticipated in changing the culture of teaching and learning at FAU is to ensure that the broad university community is familiar with *Education Reimagined* and how they can interact with this QEP. In order to reach this goal, the Marketing and Communications work group developed a timeline (see Appendix D) with various ways to impart information and spread excitement about the expansion of the LA model. The timeline included strategies such as: development of a visual system by Creative Services staff, creation of the QEP website, design and purchase of "swag" to brand the program, and initial planning for social media campaigns and print materials related to the LA program. Finally, the work group suggested presentations across the institution to spread awareness to all constituents.

#### **Implementation of QEP Pilot**

A pilot was conducted during the 2022-23 Academic Year of all aspects of the QEP as described above. This included implementation of the following key activities:

- Course selection process
- LA Faculty development through the LA FLC and LA faculty Canvas course
- LA Pedagogy Workshops
- Course-level student development of specific competencies related to SLOs (e.g., helping students understand skills required for effective teamwork)
- Assessment of course-level student learning outcomes
- Faculty analysis of course SLO data and development of continuous improvement plans
- Marketing of the LA Program to the FAU community

#### **Lessons Learned from the QEP Pilot**

Piloting each aspect of QEP activities allowed the LA Program staff to learn valuable information to help adjust activities and processes in the future. Each of the five key activities related to the QEP were analyzed following the QEP pilot in 2022-2023.

While the **course selection process** was well thought out, this pilot brought to light the challenges of establishing a clear rubric to determine which courses would best meet faculty, departmental, and institutional interests for redesign and implementation of the LA model. While it is important to have a transparent method for course selection, it is often difficult to prioritize which factors to weight more heavily. With disparate goals for various courses (some want to increase student pass rates, some want to build student engagement with the institution, some want to improve student learning to impact long-term retention of course content, etc.), and QEP goals to impact student learning and student experience across a broad range of courses, campuses, and modalities, determining a fair rubric was challenging. This has led to changes in the course selection process since there were many variables that could not be quantified on the rubric.

The QEP Leadership team also learned that we cannot choose which courses will be redesigned without faculty and departmental buy-in. Institutional priorities cannot be imposed by the QEP on faculty and selection must align with the courses as submitted. Despite efforts to encourage department chairs and faculty to propose transformation of a particular course, it must come from the faculty member's interest and not leadership top-down decision-making in order to be successful. During the pilot, a faculty member who taught multiple courses proposed redesign of a course that did not have high probability of selection based on the rubric. However, QEP leadership noticed that another course the instructor recently taught would meet those metrics and it was suggested that the submitted course be changed. The lesson learned was that asking the faculty member to deviate from the course proposed could lead to issues at the departmental or college level, as administrators have their own reasoning for assigning faculty to specific courses – and it is not the place of QEP leadership to interfere with departmental decision-making.

The course selection process in the pilot did confirm that each faculty member who submits a proposal should get the opportunity to meet individually with the QEP selection committee members to voice their ideas and describe the impact they perceive this opportunity would provide. While this was time consuming, it was worth the effort as it helped the selection committee gain a broader understanding of each particular course. A revised plan for course selection will prioritize that a minimum of 50% of courses selected will impact students in IFP (general education) courses or those that have DFW rates and lost credit hours consistently impacting 100 or more students annually. It also will include a minimum of one course from a college and/or campus and/or modality that is underrepresented in the QEP at the time of selection. Reframing of the course selection process is expected to be launched upon approval of the QEP by SACSCOC.

The final lesson learned from the pilot of the course selection process (in combination with analysis of budget planning and ongoing faculty development needs), was the need to adjust the aggressive timeline that was originally imagined. Initially, the decision was made to offer a call for proposals every fall and spring, with the LA FLC for faculty selected to redesign in the alternating semester. It was evident that both the recruitment and selection process for new LA course faculty, and the semester-long course transformation as part of the LA FLC, were each time and resource intensive. It would also significantly increase the budget required to add new LAs and new faculty earning stipends every major term. Therefore, the decision was made to have a call for proposals each fall and LA FLC for redesign each spring, to teach the following fall. This prevents the QEP/LA Program staff from overextending, so they can provide comprehensive support at each step of the selection, redesign, implementation, and improvement process.

The second activity of the proposed QEP that has been analyzed following the pilot is **faculty development**. Feedback from the eight instructors who partook in the initial LA FLC was overwhelmingly positive about the experience. However, the suggestion to build more work time for specific course redesign elements throughout the semester (versus placing it all in the final few weeks) was shared by several participants. Other feedback was to provide more examples of what the LA model looks like in action. This led to the recording of videos highlighting various aspects of the LA model components to embed in future LA FLC meetings and resources. The greatest lessons learned surrounding faculty development were the need to provide clear, step-by-step guidance on elements when possible, and not allowing a course to redesign at the same time it is being taught. With excitement to have buy-in from a faculty member in a key course that met all program metrics for selection, the QEP selection committee allowed one instructor to participate in the course transformation process in the same semester they were teaching the course for the first time with LAs. This overwhelmed the instructor and provided students and LAs with a less than optimal experience. As the faculty member was unable to complete the redesign requirements, going forward the course will not include LAs until all elements of course transformation are complete.

The faculty participating in the pilot LA FLC also made a strong recommendation to build a repository for documents developed as part of a course redesign. This would provide future instructors access to artifacts, such as assignments, activities, assessment plans, worksheets, and rubrics. Additionally, faculty

in different disciplines can use these sources to get ideas from each other for the benefit of students. The QEP director plans to develop this Canvas repository during summer 2024.

The third activity of the proposed QEP is **student development and recognition**. Evaluation of initial elements related to the student experience with this program was essential. As math and chemistry were the only courses with LAs prior to selection of this QEP, the pedagogy course was focused on activities surrounding STEM concepts. During the pilot, we learned that LA pedagogy activities needed to better incorporate a range of disciplines, as we were including LAs from non-STEM courses into the fold. It was also determined that there needed to be ongoing training for veteran LAs (as determined through LA evaluations). The final lesson learned related to student development and the measurement of SLO #3. To measure students' ability to work as a team, it became clear there was a need to specify to our students what this means and what is expected. Members of the QEP team will develop resources for faculty and LAs to provide guidance in LA courses on how to be effective members of a team following approval of the QEP by SACSCOC.

During the pilot, those involved with the QEP in various capacities were excited to spread the word through a comprehensive **marketing and communication** campaign. Discussions surrounding the new QEP topic generated questions and suggestions from individuals across the institution. These ideas helped inform adjustments needed in messaging. While many expressed interest in getting involved (teaching a course with LAs, being an LA, taking additional classes with LAs), it was evident that the QEP Development Committee needed a more succinct and clear description of what the program is (or is not) and to provide easy ways to access that information. A focus group reviewed the QEP website and gave suggestions that led to several revisions of the site. A lesson learned regarding the website was the need to clarify that the expansion of the LA Program was the new QEP topic. In making adjustments, the focus was on linking QEP = LA Program Expansion = **Education Reimagined**.

The final activity related to this QEP and implemented during the pilot was a comprehensive plan for assessment and continuous Improvement. This is the area where the QEP leaders learned the most. While the LA model can lead to numerous positive outcomes on student learning, student success, and faculty engagement, the decision to limit the scope of assessment to key priorities was important. Initially, LA Program leadership had a grand idea that all positive outcomes described in the literature should be measured through the QEP. It was quickly evident that a manageable plan was necessary for sustainability of the program. The team learned the right questions to ask when determining if outcomes were indeed reasonable to measure: What are the most important outcomes to measure broadly for FAU students? How is the data collected? What is the data measured against? How much time is needed to measure the outcome? How can the data be used to improve student learning? As a result, the initial assessment plan was narrowed to a manageable three (3) SLOs and four (4) SSOs. Two of the three SLOs selected were based on outcomes already being measured and important to the faculty, which helped with gaining buy-in regarding QEP assessment expectations. The QEP Development Committee also suggested further limiting SSOs measured, and tying the ones selected to priorities of the institution. These lessons led to a revision of the assessment plan which was implemented in the pilot courses and will expand to pre-QEP courses by fall 2024 (courses utilizing the

LA model prior to QEP topic selection). The revised plan balances reporting on outcomes that matter to the institutional leadership who fund these programs with measurement of factors most important to student learning at the faculty level.

### **CHAPTER 8: ASSESSMENT**

#### **Assessment Overview**

**Education Reimagined** has a well formulated assessment plan, in which quantitative and qualitative data will be collected to assess QEP achievements via direct and indirect measures. The plan is manageable to implement and encompasses an ongoing evaluation of the program designed to promote continuous improvement.

**Education Reimagined** focuses on four components to establish and nurture a **culture of peer-assisted collaborative learning**:

- **Student Impact:** Increase the use of active, collaborative learning in 35 courses, resulting in greater measures of student learning, improved student experience, and increases in retention and graduation rates.
- Learning Assistant (LA) Impact: Provide pedagogical training and engagement with faculty and students in redesigned courses to 350 LAs annually, resulting in proficiency in workforce competencies, and higher retention and graduation rates.
- **Faculty Impact:** Provide incentivized development activities resulting in 150 faculty being exposed to best practices to enhance student learning and collaboration.
- **Redesign of Learning Spaces:** Support the reconfiguration of ten classroom spaces resulting in environments conducive to active and collaborative learning.

While investments in faculty development and improving learning environments act as a catalyst for institutional transformation, the primary focus of this QEP is to improve the student learning experience. Student learning will be reported by faculty teaching LA courses across three specific Student Learning Outcomes (SLOs): Content Knowledge and Skills; Critical Thinking and Problem Solving; and Teamwork and Collaboration. Student Success Outcomes (SSOs), including course pass rates and student retention rates for both students and LAs will be collected and reported by the LA Program Office staff. The assessment plan also includes indicators for monitoring quality of implementation and progress of the QEP impact by tracking several Program Outcomes (POs), including total number of students enrolled in LA courses, number of instructors participating in faculty development, and number of classrooms redesigned as active learning spaces.

# **Development of the Assessment Plan**

The development of this assessment plan was a collaborative effort involving faculty, staff, and students across the institution. Data and feedback were gathered from these important constituents and paired with survey results from employers and alumni. The plan took into consideration national trends, state expectations (Board of Governor Performance Metrics), and institutional priorities (Key Performance Indicators) (see Appendix A). Analysis of information from these various sources helped develop a repository of elements important to the university community. A work group convened to discuss which of these priorities aligned with strengths of the LA program as well as existing assessment efforts at the institution.

Three specific learning outcomes were identified that prioritized alignment with institutional assessment of student learning. The state of Florida requires all public baccalaureate programs to assess student learning through Academic Learning Compacts (ALCs). ALCs are required by Policy Guideline (PG 05.02.15) issued by the Chancellor of the State University System of Florida (FAU Board of Trustees,

2011). ALCs provide "concise statements of core learning outcomes that are incorporated into degree requirements for that program," (FAU | Wilkes Honors College - Academic Learning Compact, n.d.). ALCs are required for content/discipline knowledge and skills, communication skills, and critical thinking.

Two of the three ALCs were utilized to develop the learning outcomes for this QEP and to ensure measurement of factors most relevant to

student learning needs within the state guidelines, while proving useful to department program evaluation efforts. The third ALC, communication, is an important competency for students to develop for future employment, but was not selected as an SLO for this QEP. However, changes in student and LA communication skills may be measured indirectly through surveys and directly through analysis of short assignments as appropriate.

Florida Board of Governors Regulation 8.016 additionally requires that universities take into consideration the expectations of potential employers and graduate programs "regarding the knowledge and skills graduates need in the global marketplace and society," (Florida Board of Governors, 2012). The 2020 FAU QEP employer survey and professional standards for employers of college graduates through the National Association for Colleges and Employers (NACE), identified employer expectations which informed the decision-making for the final SLOs. The ability to work effectively as part of a team and demonstration of critical thinking were two of the top skills expected of new employees (*Figure 13*). These

QEP 2020 FAU Employer Survey rankings of importance of attributes and competencies in their organization's hiring process:

Competency	Mean	Std Deviation	Count
Ability to manage time and priorities	1	0	96
Ability to act in a professional manner (personal accountability, effective work habits, etc.)	1.02	0.14	97
Ability to work effectively as part of a group or team	1.05	0.22	97
Ability to demonstrate critical thinking skills	1.06	0.24	97
Ability to understand and respect professional and ethical standards	1.06	0.24	97
Effective oral communication/presentation skills	1.09	0.29	97
Ability to effectively communicate in writing, including email etiquette	1.1	0.37	97
Ability to appreciate cultures and groups other than their own (intercultural competence)	1.27	0.47	97
Effective use of digital technology	1.32	0.58	97
Ability to influence and motivate others to achieve common goals	1.46	0.56	96
Ability to apply academic major specific knowledge skills	1.58	0.7	96
Skills that will contribute to innovation	1.67	0.7	97
Industry or company specific knowledge	1.85	0.76	97
Ability to apply statistical reasoning skills	1.86	0.75	97
Awareness of community issues and events	2	0.72	97
Awareness of global issues and events	2.16	0.76	97
Ability to communicate in more than one language (beyond English)	2.72	0.86	97

competencies impact students beyond the individual course, as students apply those skills into other courses and experiences in the future.

In sum, this QEP is intended to improve <u>three</u> (3) Student Learning Outcomes (SLOs) for students in LA courses and <u>four</u> (4) Student Success Outcomes (SSOs) for students in LA courses and the undergraduate student LAs who support them. Additionally, this QEP will monitor its institutional impact by tracking several Program Outcomes (POs).

# **Student Learning Outcomes (SLOs)**

The SLOs that students will demonstrate through enrollment in LA courses as part of this QEP are:

- SLO #1 Content Knowledge and Skills: Students in LA courses will demonstrate acquisition of content knowledge and skills in alignment with course objectives. These skills are usually assessed via an in-class project (e.g., case study, model development/real-world activity, paper analysis), observation (e.g., foreign language oral presentation, mock trial, role play, musical performance, demonstration of statistical software), or portfolio (e.g., lesson plans, marketing plan/business report, art showcase, lab notebook, research poster). Assignments can be scored on a rubric (self-scoring, peer scoring, scoring by LAs or instructor or based on student reflections) or through current assessment methods utilized by the instructor.
  - Factor 1.1: Declarative Knowledge
     Students will demonstrate knowledge of the vocabulary, history, theories, or concepts specific to the discipline.
  - Factor 1.2: Technical Skills
     Students will apply key course concepts by demonstrating technical skills related to the discipline.
- SLO #2 Critical Thinking and Problem Solving: Students in LA courses will demonstrate critical
  thinking and/or problem-solving skills as measured by elements identified on the
  modified/combined AAC&U Value rubric and/or faculty embedded assessment strategies.
  - Factor 2.1: Defining and Explaining an Issue/Problem
     Students will cohesively and thoroughly articulate an issue/problem.
  - Factor 2.2: Finding Evidence to Inform Strategies
     Students will select and use valid information to thoroughly investigate a problem.
  - Factor 2.3: Considering Ethical Consequences
     Students will articulate solutions from multiple perspectives within dynamic contexts.
  - Factor 2.4: Evaluating and Proposing Potential Solution(s)/Hypotheses
     Students will recognize issues in reasoning or approach and weigh impacts for a particular solution.
  - Factor 2.5: Identifying Strategies
     Students will select and use appropriate strategies to address an issue/problem.
  - Factor 2.6: Evaluating Conclusions and Related Outcomes
     Students will examine outcomes to determine if it logically fits with the situation and consider ways for building upon the outcome.
- SLO #3 Teamwork and Collaboration: Students in LA courses will demonstrate teamwork skills required for effective collaboration as measured by elements on the modified AAC&U Value Rubric.
  - Factor 3.1: Contributes to Team Learning
     Students will demonstrate how they add value to the group and help the group to reach their goals.
  - Factor 3.2: Facilitates Contributions of Team Members
     Students will engage with other team members and create an inclusive learning environment.

Factor 3.3: Fosters a Constructive Team Climate:
 Students will promote a constructive team climate through their communications, behaviors, and attitudes within the group.

Faculty teaching LA courses designed as part of the QEP are required to assess components of these three SLOs and submit an assessment report and plan for improvement within two months of teaching the course (due February 15 for fall courses, June 15 for spring courses, October 15 for summer courses). Course level assessment plans must include the following:

- Every semester: Assessment of SLO #1: Content knowledge and skills (minimum of 1 factor/sub-competency).
- At least once annually: Assessment of at least one additional SLO (minimum of 2 factors/sub-competencies) from SLO #2 or SLO #3.
- Every two years: Assessment of at least two factors/sub-competencies within SLO #2 and at least two factors/sub-competencies within SLO #3 must have been completed.

The first two SLOs (**Content Knowledge and Skills** and **Critical Thinking and Problem Solving**) directly align with what faculty may already be assessing in their courses. Additional resources are provided to support faculty and supplement this effort. The third SLO (**Teamwork and Collaboration**) will be assessed with a modified AAC&U VALUE Rubric. The structure of the QEP assessment plan makes student learning evaluation manageable for faculty while providing meaningful course-level information on student outcomes.

We also utilize and train the LAs to assist in the assessment process following evidence-based best practices from the literature. In *Training Undergraduate Teaching Assistants to Facilitate and Assess Process Skills in Large Enrollment Courses*, Ruder and Standford (2020) describe how the process skills selected for this QEP can be illustrated through students' written work, including homework, lab reports, quizzes, and exams. LAs are trained to identify the evidence within that work through standardized rubrics as part of this plan. Placing some of the responsibility for assessment of these skills on the LAs, helped get these trained near-peers to think about how to imbed the process skills into their work with students in the classroom, while aiding faculty implementation of the plan.

LA analysis of student work and experiences is only one avenue for assessing the skills acquired and improvements to learning made by students in LA courses. A comprehensive support network provides instructors with guidance in development, implementation, and analysis of QEP course assessment plans. Faculty teaching a newly designed LA course are trained on conducting assessment of SLOs and work with the QEP Assessment work group members and LA Faculty Mentors to create a course-based assessment plan aligning with their course and assessment interests. An assessment plan worksheet was developed to guide faculty through the process and exemplar plans are provided to faculty through the QEP faculty development initiatives described in Chapter 7. Instructors teaching a previously redesigned course for the first time are provided with the original course assessment plan and given the opportunity to adjust that plan to fit their needs and interests.

To assess SLO #1, faculty are encouraged to use a reliable and validated concept inventory for pre- and post-test assessments to measure learning gains. The Learning Assistant Alliance (LAA) provides a series of free resources across a range of disciplines and faculty can choose the assessment tool(s) best fitting their course needs. In other instances, faculty may develop their own assessments or choose alternative options for measuring the SLO #1 sub-competencies. As measurement of content knowledge and skills

will vary across disciplines, the LA Program Office staff will rely on faculty expertise to determine the most appropriate methods of assessing student learning on this SLO.

To assess SLO #2, faculty are encouraged to identify at least two of the six sub-competencies they plan to assess, identify appropriate measures, and develop a plan that evaluates the selected sub-competencies based on their pedagogical approach. Some faculty may choose a formative assessment to guide students to improve these skills via a semester-long project, while others may use a standardized rubric to measure performance on a single assignment. A modified version combining the two AAC&U VALUE rubrics on Problem-Solving and Critical Thinking is provided to LA faculty as an option for assessing this SLO. For some sub-competencies, faculty may elect to examine the quality of the process, rather than the quality of an end-product. As a result, evidence may be collected through student reflections on the process, steps in a problem-based learning assignment, or student explanations of reasoning while solving a problem.

Faculty will be required to assess SLO #3 using a standardized rubric (modified from the AAC&U Teamwork VALUE Rubric). The sub-competencies may be evaluated through direct assessment by the faculty member, TA, or through indirect measures and student self-report. Faculty are trained to provide students with clear expectations for effective teamwork and are encouraged to use formative assessment throughout the semester to understand where students are excelling and strengthen students' skills where needed.

Beyond the structured assessment of student learning, there is an ongoing process of informal formative assessment. In weekly prep meetings, one of the three pillars of the LA model, LAs and faculty discuss student progress on each of the three SLOs. LAs serve as student advocates providing valuable student information to the instructor. This feedback loop enables timely adjustments in teaching methods and content, ensuring a dynamic and responsive educational environment for all.

# **Student Success Outcomes (SSOs)**

This QEP will measure four SSOs. These are outcomes that impact student progression toward degree completion and key factors that contribute to their overall college success (*Table 4*). These metrics will be tracked and reported by the QEP/LA Program Office staff in collaboration with Institutional Effectiveness & Analysis (IEA) staff members.

Outcome	<u>Definition</u>
DFW Rate	the percentage of students enrolled who earn a final grade of D, F, or withdraw from the course
Lost Credit Hours	DFW rate multiplied by the number of students earning a DFW times the credit value of the course
Retention	continuation at the institution
Academic Progress Rate (APR)	retention to second fall semester with at least 2.0 GPA

#### The **SSOs** measured as part of this QEP are:

• **DFW Rates and Credit Hours Lost**: LA Program staff will track DFW rates, course grades, and "lost credit hours" for students in LA courses. These rates will be compared by student demographic and compared to students in non-LA sections of courses.

- Retention and Progress Rates: The LA Program Office staff will track retention to the next major semester (fall-to-spring or spring-to-fall) and continuation to the next year (fall-to-fall), retention within majors as appropriate, and academic progress rates (APR) for students in LA courses. These rates will be compared by student demographic and compared to students in non-LA sections of courses.
- Student Experience: IEA staff will assist with analysis of National Survey of Student Engagement
  (NSSE) data to evaluate student educational experiences in terms of perceived quality of
  interactions with faculty and peers, feelings of support to succeed academically, and overall
  satisfaction with the institution. Longitudinal changes in NSSE results will determine whether
  the impact of this QEP has created a change in institutional culture and an improved student
  experience.
- LA Metrics: The LA Program staff will track retention and graduation rates for trained undergraduate peer LAs (through IEA data analysis) and the development of workforce/career competencies (through completion of reflection and written assignments in the LA pedagogy course).

# **Program Outcomes (POs)**

Finally, the LA program will track **Program Outcomes (POs)** to measure the impact of the QEP on the institution and the quality of implementation.

#### The **POs** measured as part of this QEP are:

- Number of courses transformed with active learning and the LA model
- Number of departments and colleges with LA courses
- Number of students enrolled in LA courses annually
- Number of students hired as LAs and their demographic profiles
- Number of instructors who complete QEP faculty development activities
- Publications and presentations on LA program/course outcomes at FAU

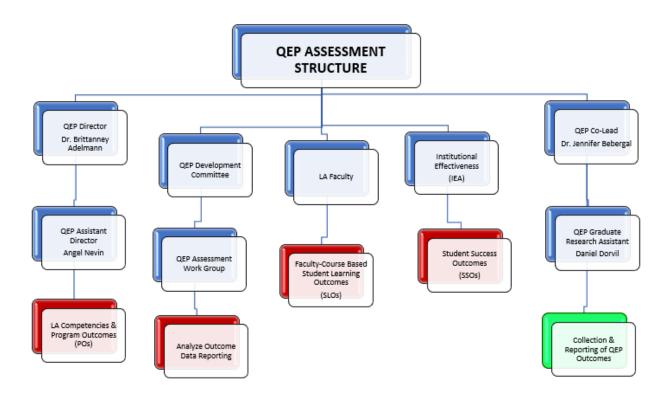
The Assessment Plan Timeline (*Table 5*) describes when assessments take place, who is responsible for collecting and reporting data, and how outcomes will be tracked.

Category	Description	Every semester	Annually	At least once every two years	Prior to 5- year Impact Report	Responsible Party(ies)	How Tracked
Student Learning Outcomes (SLO)	SLO1: Content Knowledge and Skills SLO2: Critical Thinking and Problem Solving SLO3: Teamwork and Collaboration					Individual course faculty; LA Program Office (aggregate data bi-annually)	Microsoft Form submission with attached evidence
Student Success Outcomes (SSOs)	DFW Rates and Loss of Credit Hours Retention (to next major term) Retention (fall-to-fall for all students and FTIC)  Academic Progress Rate (APR: fall-to-fall retention for FTIC with GPA 2.0 or greater)					LA Program Office; IEA	IEA dashboard and data report
for Enrolled Students	Student Experience: perceived quality of interaction with faculty and peers Student Experience: feelings of support to succeed academically Student Experience: overall satisfaction with the institution					LA Program Office; IEA	NSSE
Student Success Outcomes (SSOs) for LAs	Retention (fall-to-fall) Graduation rates					LA Program Office; IEA	IEA dashboard and data report
	Development of workforce competencies  Number of Courses transformed with LA model  Number of departments and colleges with LA courses  Number of students enrolled in LA					Pedagogy instructors  LA Program Office;  IEA	assignment
Program Outcomes (POs)	courses  Number of students hired as LAs  Number of instructors completing LA model faculty development activities  Number of classroom spaces redesigned for collaborative learning					LA Program Office	Microsoft Excel Database
	Number of publications and presentations on LA program						

# **Organizational Structure in support of QEP Assessment**

Responsibility for assessing the QEP is shared by the QEP director and co-lead, a newly hired Graduate Research Assistant (GRA) for QEP assessment, the QEP Assessment Work Group, IEA, and the faculty teaching QEP courses. Each semester, faculty will collect and submit student learning assessment results from LA courses and develop plans for ongoing improvement based on the results. Instructors teaching a course with LAs for the first time will be provided a stipend for submitting assessment outcomes and an improvement plan. This will ensure compliance as they learn how to assess and improve the LA course.

QEP leadership and assessment groups will analyze student learning data across courses. IEA will assist LA Program Office staff in evaluating SSOs and will develop dashboards to allow for regular reporting and investigation of outcomes. A GRA position launched in spring 2024 to assist with the collection, analysis, and reporting of QEP outcomes. Evidence of growth in career competencies will be measured and reported to the LA Office by the pedagogy instructors and LA Program staff will track and report overall Program Outcomes (*Figure 14*).



## **Establishing Baselines for Assessment Data**

To measure changes in the designated outcomes, the QEP Leadership team collaborated with IEA and members of the university assessment committee to discuss baseline data and appropriate targets. The conclusion that these baselines may vary course by course, led to a fluid plan to address expectations of faculty teaching LA courses. In particular, the measurement of SLOs varies and is specific to each course. Where possible, initial assessments of the SLOs for LA courses will be through comparison of results in LA versus non-LA sections. Where this is not possible, the initial assessment results for the redesigned course will act as a baseline. This creates a multi-year assessment plan for each LA course, using initial results in Year 1 of the course transformation to determine areas for growth and improvement, as follows:

- Year 1: focus on redesign and collection of data at the course level to obtain good, clean data
- Year 2: use data from prior year to adjust pedagogy and develop specific targets
- Year 3: determine whether targets were met and how they need to be adjusted to increase the effect over prior year

Where ALCs require assessment at the program level, implementation of assessment at the course level will further identify any existing gaps and contribute to better alignment between assignments and course outcomes. This approach to assessment strengthens the institution's current program evaluation process by requiring the reporting of outcomes in LA courses which may not be included for assessment in existing program evaluation.

The charts below outline initial baseline data and targets (*Tables 6 - 8*).

# **Student Learning Outcome (SLO) Assessment**

Metric	Baseline Data	Target and Measure (post redesign)*
SLO 1: Content Knowledge and Skills		Target: 80% (or 5 percentage point gain annually until that target is met) of students in LA courses will demonstrate content knowledge and skills at competent level or higher.  Measure: Faculty selected method of assessment.
SLO 2: Critical Thinking and Problem Solving	Baseline determined by initial assessment results from first year of teaching the course with the LA model.	Target: 80% (or 5% gain annually until that target is met) of students in LA courses will demonstrate critical thinking and problem solving skills at competent level or higher.  Measure: Scored on a standardized rubric and/or faculty selected method of assessment.
SLO 3: Teamwork and Collaboration		Target: 80% (or 5% gain annually until that target is met) of students in LA courses will demonstrate teamwork and collaboration skills at competent level or higher.  Measure: Scored on a standardized rubric.

# **Student Success Outcome (SSO) Assessment**

Metric	Baseline Data	Target and Measure (post redesign)*
Course Metric 1: DFW Rates in LA vs. non-LA sections	Pre-redesign (3-year average) DFW rate by course	Target: decrease in each LA course DFW.  Measure: annual DFW rate for each course post-redesign; aggregated DFW rates by course over 5 years.

Course Metric 2: Loss of Credit Hours in LA vs. non-LA sections	Pre-redesign (3-year average) lost credit hours by course	Target: decrease in each LA course total lost credit hours.  Measure: annual lost credit hours for each course post-redesign; aggregated lost credit hour rate by course over 5 years.
Student Metric 1a: Retention to the next major semester (fall-to-spring or spring-to- fall) for students in LA vs. non-LA courses**	(3-year average) semester-to-semester retention rate for <b>all</b> students in courses prior to redesign	Target: increase in semester-to-semester retention rate for all students in LA courses.  Measure: annual semester-to-semester retention rate for students in each course post-redesign; aggregated semesterly retention rate of students in LA courses over 5 years.
Student Metric 1b: Retention to the next year (fall-to-fall) for ALL students enrolled in LA vs. non-LA courses**	(3-year average) fall-to-fall retention rate for all students in each course prior to redesign	Target: increase in fall-to-fall retention rate for all students in LA courses.  Measure: annual fall-to-fall retention rate for students in each course post-redesign; aggregated retention rate of students in LA courses over 5 years.
Student Metric 1c: Retention to the next year (fall-to-fall) for FTIC cohort students enrolled in LA vs. non-LA courses	(3-year average) fall-to-fall retention rate for FTIC cohort students in courses prior to redesign	Target: increase in fall-to-fall retention rate for FTIC cohort students in LA courses.  Measure: annual fall-to-fall retention rate for FTIC cohort students in each course post-redesign; aggregated retention rate of FTIC cohort students in LA courses over 5 years.
Student Metric 2: Academic Progress Rates (APR) for FTIC cohort students in LA vs. non- LA courses.	(3-year average) APR for <b>FTIC</b> cohort students in courses prior to redesign	Target: increase in APR for FTIC cohort students in LA courses.  Measure: annual APR for FTIC cohort students in each course post-redesign; aggregated APR for FTIC cohort students in LA courses over 5 years.
Student Metric 3: Student experience metrics	Responses to selected questions related to student experience on National Survey of Student Engagement (NSSE) prior to QEP.	Target: Meet or exceed first-year and senior average student ratings on selected measures as compared to peer institutions on NSSE questions related to student evaluation of their educational experience.  Measure: NSSE results.

LA metric 1: fall-to-fall retention and graduation rates for LAs as compared to non-LAs (4-year for FTIC, 3-year for AA transfers)	Average retention rate for undergraduate students who have not served as LAs  Average graduation rate for undergraduate students who have not served as LAs (4-year for FTIC, 3-year for AA transfers).	<b>Target</b> : increase in retention and 4-year graduation rates (3-year for AA transfers) of LAs. <b>Measure</b> : annual fall-to-fall retention rate and graduation rates for LAs over 5 years.
LA metric 2: Development of workforce/career competencies by LAs	Qualitative responses from initial LA pedagogy assignment describing their abilities related to NACE career competencies in the areas of communication, critical thinking, teamwork, and leadership.	Target: Ability to demonstrate proficiency in the NACE competency(ies) for which the LA needed improvement.  Measure: analysis of changes between pre- and post-LA responses to career competency assignments and reflections in pedagogy course for first-semester LAs as measured by QEP developed rubric.

<sup>\*</sup>Targets fluctuate based on course; \*\*Eliminating students who graduate

# **Program Outcome (PO) Assessment**

Metric	Baseline (pre-QEP)	Target (end of Year 5)	Justification of Target
Number of courses transformed with active learning and the LA model	5	35	Anticipate adding an average of 6 courses per year over the next five years
Number of departments and colleges with LA courses (respectively)	2, 1	18, 8	Sampling from QEP pilot and faculty interest
Number of students enrolled in LA courses annually*	1609 (fall 2021, spring/summer 2022)	8,750	While course enrollments will vary greatly, we use an average of 1:25 LA to student ratio with 350 target LAs
Number of students hired as LAs annually**	84	350	While number of LAs will vary based on course size, this estimates an average of 10 LAs per course per year
Number of instructors who complete faculty development series on LA model (LA FLC or LA instructor Canvas course)	0	80	This is an estimate based on budget allocation for faculty development stipends
Classroom spaces redesigned for active and collaborative learning	1	10	This is an estimate based on budget allocation for classroom redesign
Publications and presentations on LA program/course outcomes at FAU	1, 4	10, 20	This is an estimate, assuming 2 publications and 4 presentations annually

\*students may be counted twice if enrolled in more than one LA supported class; \*\*LAs may be counted twice if supporting more than one LA class/section or working multiple terms

#### Conclusion

Tracking of the outcomes listed above will highlight successes and lead to identification of program elements needing improvement. SLOs and SSOs selected align with the mission, vision, and needs of the institution and tie directly to institutional Key Performance Indicators, state of Florida Board of Governors funding metrics, and priorities in student learning identified by the state legislature. The ability to demonstrate improvements through a solid assessment plan will provide validation that this QEP has positively impacted students, LAs, faculty, and physical spaces and has met its goal of improving student learning and student success. By demonstrating these changes related to the culture of teaching and learning at FAU, the QEP leadership will have a strong rationale for continued program sustainability.

### **CHAPTER 9: RESOURCES AND BUDGET**

The university has committed to and provided resources, according to the proposed budget. This included a commitment to the QEP in terms of human resources (personnel, committee membership, and student employment), physical space resources (classrooms for redesign and space for LA program activities), and comprehensive financial support to grow and sustain the program.

#### **Human Resources**

FAU has committed substantial faculty and staff time and effort to the QEP. Upon selection of *Education Reimagined* as the QEP topic, University leadership identified a director and co-lead to build and implement the QEP: Brittanney Adelmann, Ph.D. and Jennifer Bebergal, Ed.D. The QEP team has worked at the institution for a combined 37 years and enjoy long established reputations for leading high quality programs. As a commitment to the QEP, both individuals had their positions realigned to allow for significant time to be spent on this initiative. A new assistant director staff position was created to assist in the development of all aspects of the QEP and the LA program at FAU. FAU will continue to fill personnel needs as the program grows according to the QEP timeline and budget.

The time from QEP dedicated staff is only part of the institutional commitment. Students, faculty, staff, and community members have also committed time and effort. A QEP Development Committee composed of faculty and staff from colleges, departments, and campuses across the institution, students and representatives from Student Government, and community stakeholders provided feedback on the development and implementation of the QEP. The Development Committee continues to convene every semester.

Faculty have committed time and effort to this QEP as well. Three faculty served as LA Faculty Mentors during the pilot year, spending their time assisting new LA faculty in both the development and implementation of the model within their courses. Eight faculty who developed new LA courses as part of the QEP pilot spent a minimum of 30 hours in the spring 2023 on course design and planning.

## **Physical Space Resources**

On a large university campus, space allocation is often a signal of institutional priorities. The university has demonstrated the value and priority of this QEP by providing space for associated activities in a range of ways. First, new office space has been identified for LA Program Offices within the Center for Teaching and Learning. More importantly, classroom space has been prioritized for QEP use. Prior to selection as the QEP, staff working with the LA model in mathematics secured funding to redesign one classroom with active learning furniture. Once the QEP was awarded, the team was given the opportunity to redesign several classrooms as collaborative learning spaces. This resulted in classrooms of varying sizes (36 - 125) getting a makeover with new active learning furniture and technology. Signage branding several active learning spaces was added to build identity with the program. To date, seven traditional classrooms have been transformed, including six rooms on the Boca Raton Campus and one at the Honors College in Jupiter. The Classroom Scheduling department within the Office of the Registrar prioritizes course placement in redesigned classrooms for LA classes. One classroom has been taken offline from scheduling outside of LA courses and designated as dedicated space to run QEP related activities, including Development Committee and Faculty Learning Community meetings as well as LA pedagogy training.

### **Financial Resources**

In preparation for courses being transformed with the LA model, significant institutional resources have been committed for the multiple aspects of the program. A structure is in place with allocations to provide stipends for faculty development activities related to course redesign and for the hiring of approximately 350 new undergraduate students as LAs annually. Seven traditional classrooms have been transformed through a combination of institution-based technology fee grants and QEP budget allocation with additional resources budgeted to meet future needs.

A detailed accounting of university resources dedicated to implementation and completion of this QEP is included in the budget spreadsheet in Appendix F.

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The overall plan developed for this QEP is purposeful, yet flexible. The plan ensures that QEP leadership will continuously monitor progress of *Education Reimagined*, adapt to changing needs, and ultimately guide FAU toward a significant and sustained cultural change in teaching and learning by engaging students through peer-assisted, collaborative learning.

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## **APPENDICES**

## APPENDIX A: INTRODUCTION TO FAU & THE LA MODEL

### **Institutional Metrics**

#### Performance Metrics (PMs)

- Percent of Bachelor's Graduates Employed (earning \$40,000+) and/or Continuing their Education (1 Year after Graduation)
- Median Wages of Bachelor's Graduates Employed Full-Time 1 Year after Graduation
- Net Tuition & Fees per 120 Credit Hours
- Four-Year Graduation Rate (Full-time FTIC)
- Academic Progress Rate (2nd Year Retention with GPA above 2.0)
- Bachelor's Degrees Awarded in Areas of Strategic Emphasis
- University Access Rate (Percent of Undergraduates with a Pell Grant)
- Graduate Degrees Awarded in Areas of Strategic Emphasis
- Three-Year Graduation Rate for Florida College Associate in Arts Transfer Students
- Six-Year Graduation Rate for Students Awarded a Pell Grant in Their First Year
- Total Research Expenditures in Millions

#### **Key Performance Indicators (KPIs)**

- FTIC Four-Year Graduation Rate
- FTIC Six-Year Graduation Rate
- Academic Progress Rate
- Bachelor's Degrees Awarded to Minorities (Black and Hispanic Students)
- Percentage of Courses with DFW below 20% threshold
- Median Wages of Bachelor's Graduates Employed Full-Time 1-Year After Graduation
- Net Tuition & Fees per 120 Credit Hours
- Three-Year New Florida AA Transfer Graduation Rate
- Six-Year Graduation Rates for Pell Eligible Recipients
- Percentage of Degrees Awarded in Areas of Strategic Emphasis
- University Access Rate
- Percentage Bachelor's Employed (\$30,000+) in the US 1 Year After Graduation
- Percentage Enrolled in the US 1 Year After Graduation
- Percent UG Sections with Zero Cost Materials
- Freshman Retention Rate of FTIC
- Freshman in Top 10% of High School Class
- Number of Mini-Mester/FastTrack/Intersession Sections
- Graduate degrees awarded
- Percentage of Research Expenditures Funded from External Sources

# APPENDIX B: SELECTION OF THE QUALITY ENHANCEMENT PLAN

# **QEP Topic Selection Committee**

QEP Topic Selection Committee – Education Reimagined		
Member	Position	
Ed Pratt	Dean of Undergraduate Studies (Co-Chair)	
Russ Ivy	Senior Associate Provost (Co-Chair)	
Carol Mills	College of Arts and Letters	
Donna Cooke	College of Business	
Charles Dukes	College of Education	
Edgar An	College of Engineering and Computer Science	
Julie Earles	Wilkes Honors College	
Armiel Suriaga	College of Nursing	
Colin Hughes	College of Science	
Seth Fallik	College of Social Work & Criminal Justice	
Ken Frankel	Library	
Mary Ann Gosser-Esquilin	University Honors Program	
Donna Chamely-Wiik	Undergraduate Research & Inquiry; first QEP Director	
Willie Freeman	Center for Online and Continuing Education	
Debra Szabo	Office of the Provost	
Ying Liu	Institutional Effectiveness	
Karen Gough	Career Center, Student Affairs	
Sang Hong	Diversity Council	
Jorge Lago	Student Representative	
Vanessa Stubbs	Student Representative	

# **Career Competencies (CCs)**

https://www.naceweb.org/career-readiness/competencies/career-readiness-defined/)

Career readiness is the attainment and demonstration of requisite competencies that broadly prepare college graduates for a successful transition into the workplace. These competencies are:

**CC1:** Critical Thinking/Problem Solving **CC2:** Oral/Written Communications

CC3: Teamwork/Collaboration

**CC4:** Digital Technology

**CC5:** Leadership

**CC6:** Professionalism/Work Ethic

**CC7:** Career Management

CC8: Global/Intercultural Fluency

# APPENDIX C: ESTABLISHING QEP LEADERSHIP

# **QEP Development Committee Members & Work Group Assignments**

	QEP Development Committee – Education Reimagined			
<u>Member</u>	<u>Position</u>	Work Group		
B	Director, Math Learning Center &	Faculty Development & Recognition		
Brittanney Adelmann	Quality Enhancement Plan	Course Selection/Curriculum Grant Process		
	Associate Dean, Academic Support & Student Learning	Assessment		
Jennifer Bebergal	Co-Lead Quality Enhancement Plan	Marketing & Communication		
Jay Mireles-James	Associate Professor, Mathematics	Faculty Development & Recognition		
	Associate Dean, Undergraduate Research & Inquiry	- 1 - 1 - 1		
Donna Chamely-Wiik	Former QEP Director	Faculty Development & Recognition		
Ying Liu	Assistant Provost, Institutional Effectiveness	Assessment		
Scott Silversten	Associate VP, Communications & Marketing	Marketing & Communication		
Kina Dama	Associate Professor, Accounting	Faculty Development & Recognition		
Kim Dunn	President of Faculty Senate, BOT	raculty Development & Recognition		
	Senior Associate Provost (currently Interim Provost)	S S-Iti/SiI St B		
Russ Ivy	SACSCOC Liaison	Course Selection/Curriculum Grant Proces		
Morgan Cooley	Associate Professor, Social Work	Faculty Development & Recognition		
Patrick Bernet	Associate Professor, Management (Business)	Marketing & Communication		
Evonne Rezler	Senior Associate Dean, College of Science	Course Selection/Curriculum Grant Proces		
Ann Branaman	Chair and Professor, Sociology	Course Selection/Curriculum Grant Proces		
Terje Hill	Professor, Mathematics (Honors College)	Faculty Development & Recognition		
Louise Aurelien Buie	Assistant Dean, Executive & Continuing Education &	Assessment		
Louise Aurelien bule	Academic-Practice Partnerships	Assessment		
Fred Bloetscher	Associate Dean, Undergraduate Studies - College of	Course Selection/Curriculum Grant Proces		
Fred Bloetscher	Engineering & Computer Science	Assessment		
Daniel Raviv	Professor, Electrical Engineering & Computer Science	Faculty Development & Recognition		
Biance Nightengale-Lee	Assistant Professor, Curriculum & Instruction	Faculty Development & Recognition		
Kristy Padron	Associate University Librarian	Assessment		
Julie Golden-Botti	Assistant Provost, Online & Continuing Education	Course Selection/Curriculum Grant Proces		
Anthony Ambrosio	Director, Assessment (UGS)	Assessment		
Deb Szabo	Director, Assessment, Accreditation, and Articulation	Assessment		
Juan Izaguirre	Interim Director, Center for Ideas	Student Development & Recognition		
Nori Carter	Director, Campus Life - Broward Campuses	Assessment		
Stephanie Etter	Vice Provost for Academic Services, Broward College	Course Selection/Curriculum Grant Proces		
Molly Adam	Associate Director, FAU High (Jupiter)	Student Development & Recognition		
Maxwell Simonson	Student Body President	Student Development & Recognition		
Lily MacDonald	Student Body Vice President	Student Development & Recognition		
Vanessa Stubbs	Former student in LA class	Course Selection/Curriculum Grant Proces		
Nicole Abreu	Former LA, Student Government	Marketing & Communication		
Sadie Shank	Student, Computer Science Major	Student Development & Recognition		

## **QEP Workgroups**

Members of each work group were invited to join a Canvas course created for sharing information among the work group members and defining a clear charge, goals, and timeline.

#### 1. Assessment Work Group

Charge: This work group will assist with developing Student Learning Outcomes (SLOs) and Student Success Outcomes (SSOs) with baseline measures and goals and ideas to assess each of these outcomes; assist pilot faculty on developing assessment of QEP initiatives within their specific course; development of any needed tools, reports and dashboards; and provide feedback on drafts of QEP assessment plan for SACSCOC submission.

Goals: Suggest SLOs and SSOs (realistic, measurable goals) for the QEP, provide ideas for assessment (qualitative and quantitative) of SLOs and SSOs, recommend assessment measurement tools to be utilized, determine data needed, inclusive of dashboards and reports, meet with faculty for each pilot course to review their course assessment plan and provide feedback.

#### Timeline:

<u>Date</u>	Goals
April 1, 2022	Develop suggestions for SLOs and SSOs to share with the committee
September 1, 2022	Based on feedback, the group will suggest benchmarks (baseline data and goals) and a plan to assess each of these outcomes
December 15, 2022	Provide feedback on faculty development course
Spring 2023	Meet with faculty in pilot to review their course assessment plans
March 1, 2023	Assist with development of any needed tools, reports and dashboards
May 31, 2023	Provide feedback and suggestions on QEP assessment plan for SACSCOC submission

### 2. <u>Course Selection/Curriculum Grant Process</u>

*Charge*: This work group will assist with development of policies, procedures, and data analysis needed to determine the selection of courses for redesign.

*Goals*: Development of benchmarks, development of timeline for course transformation and the elements associated with each step of the process.

#### Timeline:

<u>Date</u>	Goals
April 1, 2022	Suggest a plan for course redesign selection process, including timeline and factors to consider.
September 1, 2022	Based on feedback, the group will develop a rubric to assess applications for course redesign and develop the initial course transformation application and supporting materials.
December 15, 2022	Use rubric to assess initial applications and make recommendations for faculty/courses to be selected for the 2023 pilot.
May 31, 2023	Provide feedback and suggestions on course selection process write up for QEP SACSCOC submission.

### 3. Faculty Development & Recognition

*Charge*: This work group will assist with designing the faculty development and recognition components related to the QEP. This includes determining the needs for faculty development (focus groups with current and future LA faculty), suggesting timeline, compensation, content,

and assessment of the faculty development components. Additionally, the group will assist with identifying opportunities for recognition of faculty related to the QEP/LA program.

Goals: Suggest components of faculty development related to the QEP, suggest policies and procedures related to faculty development, provide ideas for assessment of faculty development components, develop outline of content for faculty development and suggest people who can develop the content, suggest opportunities for faculty recognition.

#### Timeline:

<u>Date</u>	Goals
April 1, 2022	Develop suggestions for faculty development needs related to the QEP
September 1, 2022	Suggest policies and procedures related to faculty development (to include timelines, compensation, etc.)
November 15, 2022	Suggest plan for overall assessment of faculty development initiatives
Feb 15, 2023	Provide suggestions for faculty recognition
Spring '23	Assist with training of pilot faculty as appropriate
May 1, 2023	Initial pilot assessment; suggest adjustments for faculty development

### 4. Marketing & Communication

*Charge*: This work group will be responsible for assisting with all elements of marketing and gaining community support for the QEP ahead of the SACSCOC onsite visit in spring 2024. Members will also assist with developing materials and events to prepare the FAU community for the SACSCOC onsite visit.

Goals: Suggest timeline for elements associated with the marketing of the LA program and QEP, provide ideas for content for marketing and collateral materials (swag): printed, electronic, etc., suggest ways to engage the FAU community in preparation of the onsite visit (events).

#### Timeline:

<u>Date</u>	Goals	
April 1, 2022	Review of prior QEP marketing materials and current QEP	
	marketing materials.	
September 1,	Draft a plan and timeline for engaging the community and	
2022	increasing awareness of the QEP through April 2024.	
December 15, Provide ideas for content for marketing and collar		
2022	materials (swag); printed, electronic, etc.	
May 31, 2023	Provide feedback on the community engagement section	
	for the QEP SACSCOC submission.	
Fall '23 - Spring	Assist with the launch of all marketing and	
'24	associated events.	
Late March -	Ensure all marketing plans are in place	
April 4, '24	across the community.	

#### 5. Student Development & Recognition

*Charge*: This work group will assist with designing the student development and recognition components related to the QEP. This includes determining the needs for student development (pedagogy and beyond), setting timeline, compensation, content, and assessment of the student development components. Additionally, the group will assist with identifying opportunities for recognition of students related to the QEP/LA program.

Goals: Define components of student development, set policies and procedures related to student development, plans for assessment of student development components, develop outline of content for pedagogy/student development, suggest people who can develop the content, suggest opportunities for student recognition

#### Timeline:

<u>Date</u>	Goals
April 1, 2022	Develop suggestions for student development needs related to the QEP and proposed budget to share with the committee.
September 1, 2022	Develop policies and procedures related to student development (to include timelines, compensation, etc.)
November 15, 2022	Develop student development assessment plan; and outline for content/modules for student development.
February 15, 2023	Provide suggestions for student recognition.
May 1, 2023	Initial assessment of pilot pedagogy revisions; suggest adjustments for student development.

## APPENDIX D: DEVELOPMENT AND IMPLEMENTATION

## **Student Feedback Guiding QEP Development**

The most important stakeholders in Florida Atlantic University's QEP: *Education Reimagined*, are the students. The QEP Development Committee members obtained feedback from students in various ways. Feedback received is summarized below.

#### **QEP Development Committee - student member feedback**

Four students regularly serve as members of this committee. Two are leaders in Student Government, bringing in a representative voice for students across the institution. One is a former student in an LA class, former LA, and now a graduate student. The final student serves as a tutor at the institution. In addition, an FAU alumna who was a student in an LA class served on the committee. These students provided essential feedback to the overall committee. Some of their points have included:

- Suggesting that LA supported courses have a designation on the Registration/scheduling system
  - This feedback was also brought up by members of the Student Government legislative body, prompting discussions with the FAU Registrar to be held upon approval of the QEP to determine feasibility
- Creating a student focus group to review the QEP/LA website once the first iteration is completed
  - O This resulted in a student focus group held in late fall 2023, with adjustments to the website completed in early spring 2024 based on focus group feedback

#### Student Government - presentation to legislative branch with feedback

While the Student Government Executive Branch (President and Vice President) had been active members of the QEP Development Committee, bringing the student voice to the establishment of this program, we wanted to broaden the feedback by presenting to the legislative branch through the Boca Raton House of Representatives. These members asked great questions, with the following feedback directly impacting steps the LA Program Office will take or has taken to enhance the program:

- Identify LA classes in the course registration/scheduling system
  - As the second group providing this feedback, the QEP leadership team will be meeting with the Registrar during Year One of the QEP to determine feasibility
- An avenue for students to propose specific courses for redesign with the LA model
  - This has resulted in a "propose a course that YOU would like to see offer the LA model" on the QEP website
- Promotion of LA hiring opportunities through Canvas, the FAU Learning Management System (LMS)
  - This has resulted in collaboration with the Office of Information Technology to allow banners to be placed in Canvas for two weeks during each hiring cycle to promote student employment opportunities within the LA Program, beginning in Year One

#### Feedback from students enrolled in LA courses

This feedback has been captured in a variety of ways. Student Perception of Teaching (SPOT) evaluations have been requested from instructors of LA classes and were reviewed for student feedback on the model. In addition, students in LA courses have provided feedback through surveys and interviews. While the majority of feedback was positive, below are a few key suggestions that were shared:

• In large lecture courses, several students mentioned that a smaller ratio of LA to students would improve the interaction and support from the LA that each group received

- o This has led the LA Program office to set a standardized goal of 1:20 LA to student ratio
- As students mentioned that the larger ratio prevented the LA from spending significant time with their group, faculty development components were modified to encourage faculty to create an implementation plan that allows enough continuous time for group work to allow LAs to work broadly across multiple groups
- Several students indicated a desire for LAs to focus on prerequisite course information versus supposing that the student had recently completed the prerequisite course and retained the knowledge
  - This has led QEP leadership to build in strategies during faculty development for instructors to envision a plan for students who need remediation on particular topics, by utilizing pre-class worksheets to provide opportunities to reflect on and review requisite knowledge
- A few students mentioned that the model can be distracting to students with ADHD or other learning disabilities as the background noise during group work can be overwhelming
  - This has led the QEP leadership to work extensively with the Student Accessibility Services (SAS) staff to put protocols in place to best support students registered with their office

#### Feedback from undergraduate student LAs

The student voice would not be complete without input from the student LAs themselves. Through endof-semester reflections and informal feedback throughout the semester, the following big ideas have been shared:

- Increase opportunities by hiring more students as an LA in the future
  - This will be addressed upon approval of the QEP by SACSCOC as we expand the LA program offerings
- Redesign additional classroom spaces for active learning, particularly in large lecture halls
  - O As many courses being considered for implementation of the LA model are large lecture (250+ students), this feedback along with a needs assessment for QEP development has prioritized QEP leadership to seek funding opportunities (grants, donors, incorporation into existing classroom/building design requests) for construction of a 6,000 square foot flexible learning space within the next five years

#### Feedback from incoming first-year students

An analysis of FAU incoming first-year student responses on the Beginning College Survey of Student Engagement (BCSSE) provided insight into student expectations:

- Students expect to receive academic support from their peers more than from tutors, advisors, faculty, and others (D. Meeroff, personal communication, October 10, 2023)
  - O This led to prioritizing the development of structured programs to allow students to get peer-to-peer support in an effective and equitable way

# **Course Selection Rubric**

<u>Criterion</u>	Sub-Category	Weight	Score A	Score B
For Score A, 3 points if that student type relatively no students of that type are imp more than 300 students of that type; 3 po than 50 students; 0 if impacts fewer than	acted. For Score B, rate the breadt ints if more than 200 students; 2 po	h of impact per ints if more tha	semester: 5 pc	oints if impacts
	FTIC			
Ctudente lumested:	Transfer students			
Students Impacted:	Broward or Jupiter students			
Type and Breadth	Non-STEM students			
	Online students			
For Score A, 3 points if that course type i semester: 5 points if impacts more than 3 1 point if more than 50 students; 0 if impa	000 students; 3 points if more than 2	00 students; 2		
Courses Impacted: type	IFP (general education)			
and breadth	Major gateway (pre-requisite)			
and breadth	Required Major course			
metric. For Score B, rate the breadth of in than 200 students; 2 points if more than t per semester				•
	4-year Graduation Rates			
Impact on Metrics	Transfer Graduation Rates			
	Ability to progress to subsequent course			
has average DFW rate of 40% or higher; under 20%; Score B should address any disadvantaged. If the difference in DFW I 14%; 3 points if 7-9.9%; 2 points if 5-6.95	identities or intersection of identities rate for two populations is 15% or gr	s that have mad reater - 5 points	de students in t	hat course
Course DFW rate	Overall DFW and DFW for Historically disadvantaged students			
Reviewers can award up to 3 additional p points in Score B for justification and ratio				and 3 additional
Impact on Equity &				
Inclusivity or Special	Proposal makes a case for			
Circumstances not	additional rationale based on diversity, equity, and inclusion			
addressed previously	diversity, equity, and inclusion			
and cook provided by				
	FTIC: first-year first-time in coll	ene students	who will impar	et our
DEFINITIONS:	FINITIONS: FTIC: first-year, first-time in college students who will impact our retention/APR		a. oui	
	(NOTE: students in courses beyond first-year may be coded as FTIC for graduation rates, but will be counted in that metric)			
	Transfer: Student enrolling with an AA degree from a Florida State College			
	Broward or Jupiter students: Students with primary campus as non-Boca, not fully online			
	Online student: Any course where the modality is at least 50% online; students pay the distance learning fee			
	Non-STEM students: Any stude of a traditional STEM discipline		najoring in disc	ciplines outside

# **Chair Commitment & Faculty Offer Letter - Course Redesign**



Education Reimagined Learning Assistant (LA) Program Quality Enhancement Plan - Florida Atlantic University

Dear Dr. XX:

FAU.EDU/QEP

In September 2022, a call was announced to the university community for any instructors interested in redesigning their course with the Learning Assistant (LA) Model as part of a pilot program for the new QEP, Education Reimagined. Accepted faculty will participate in an LA Faculty Learning Community (Spring 2023) in which they will work to redesign their course to include collaborative learning and the Learning Assistant (LA) Model.

We are excited to share that <u>FACULTY MEMBER</u> submitted a proposal to redesign <u>COURSE</u>. The QEP course selection committee has reviewed all proposed courses and recommended that this course be selected as part of the pilot for the QEP.

Before we offer this opportunity to your faculty, we are requesting your agreement with the following:

- Approval of the faculty member/instructor commitment of time in working on course redesign during spring 2023. It is anticipated that faculty will need to dedicate 2-3 hours per week to the redesign process.
- To the best of your ability, you agree to assign this faculty member/instructor to teach the redesigned course in fall 2023 and at least one additional semester over the following year.

#### Funding Information:

Dr. XX - Chair, Department XX

- The QEP will provide a \$2500 stipend for each faculty member/instructor involved with the redesign process (maximum 2 per course).
- The QEP will provide an additional \$1500 stipend for the faculty member/instructor upon completion of teaching the redesigned course, submission of an assessment report, and development and submission of a continuous improvement plan.
- The QEP will hire and pay for undergraduate Learning Assistants (LAs) to support redesigned courses, up to a maximum allowable amount per course.

I acknowledge and agree to the above request(s) for faculty/instructor time and assignments	
pertaining to the aforementioned course.	

For more information, contact the QEP team at <a href="mailto:qep@fau.edu">qep@fau.edu</a> or visit <a href="www.fau.edu/qep">www.fau.edu/qep</a>.

Date



Education Reimagined Learning Assistant (LA) Program Quality Enhancement Plan - Florida Atlantic University

#### Dear FACULTY:

We are pleased to offer you a stipend for participating in the Spring 2023 faculty development workshop as part of the Florida Atlantic University Quality Enhancement Plan. The course associated with this stipend is COURSE.

#### Expected work for the Stipend Part One (\$2,500) includes:

- Attendance at 12 weekly meetings (January 23 April 24, 2023); Mondays 3 5 p.m. (Note: January 23 is 4 6 p.m.)
  - Meetings are IN PERSON, in GS 214B (January 23 is online; April 3 will be in Jupiter)
     A minimum of 90% meeting attendance and participation is required.
- Adjustments to curriculum and creation of course documents and activities which incorporate active/collaborative learning (can include worksheets, pre-worksheets, quizzes, i-Clicker problems, team building activities, projects etc.)

  Development of a minimum of 75% of weekly course activities/documents is required; a minimum of 30% of course time should include active learning facilitated by LAs.
- Development of a specific plan for logistics of the LA model in class
   Plan to incorporate LAs to facilitate collaborative learning and engage students
   Plan for introducing the LAs and the LA model to the class
   Creation of syllabus and Canvas elements related to the LA model
- Development of design for weekly prep meetings
- Development of a course assessment plan related to the LA model Student Learning Outcomes
- Submission of a Faculty Course Proposal (FCP) in LA Campus

- Expected work for the Stipend Part Two (\$1,500) includes:

   Teaching the redesigned course with the LA model in fall 2023
  - Facilitation of Weekly Prep meetings with LAs throughout the fall 2023 semester
  - Submission of course outcomes as described in the assessment plan; submission of a continuous
  - Must be submitted within 2 months of the end of the semester, or no later than February 15, 2024

- LA Faculty Learning Community (LA FLC) Meeting Details:

  Online: Initial Zoom Workshop

  Monday, January 23, 4 4:30 p.m. LA FLC introductions

  Monday, January 23, 4-30 6 p.m. Essential Elements of the LA Model

  In person: January 30: February 6, 13, 20; March 13, 20, 27; April 3, 10, 17, 24

  Mondays 3 5 p.m., GS 214B

  OPTIONAL (highly recommended): LA Regional Workshop hosted by Florida Gulf Coast University (FGCU): Saturday/Sunday February 25 26 (QEP will pay travel. hotel. and registration costs)

To be eligible to have LAs assigned to your course and receive **Stipend Part One** of \$2500, all components outlined in Part One must be completed by June 1, 2023. **Stipend Part Two** of \$1500 will be awarded upon completion of the components outlined in Part Two by specified deadlines.

Note: All materials created will become property of the Florida Atlantic University Learning Assistant (LA) Program and may be used by other faculty at the university.

We are excited to welcome you to the team of faculty teaching with LAs as we work to reimagine education at Florida Atlantic University!

Please sign and return this offer letter by Wednesday, January 18, 2023.

Bittaine Salmann

Brittanney Adelmann, Ph.D. Director, Quality Enhancement Plan Learning Assistant (LA) Program

Jening Ballengal

Jennifer Bebergal, Ed.D. Co-lead Quality Enhancement Plan Associate Dean, Center for Teaching & Learning

Faculty acceptance: FACULTY Date

# **Pilot Course Announcement**

From: FAU Announcements <announcements@communications.fau.edu> Sent: Tuesday, January 17, 2023 10-31 AM To: Jennifer Bebergal debergal@fau.edu>



Tuesday, Jan. 17, 202



# Courses Selected for 2024 Quality Enhancement Plan Pilot Program

Several courses have been selected to take part in a small pilot program for Florida Atlantic's Quality Enhancement Plan (QEP), Education Reimagined. This program supports student-centered education by including student to student and faculty to student collaboration, guided by the principles of the Learning Assistant (LA) Program Model. Learn more here.

# **Stipend Guidelines - Faculty and LA Mentors**



FAU.EDU/QEP

**Education Reimagined** education reimagined.

Degacement students theoretical Control of the Control of Stipend Guidelines

An LA faculty mentor is an instructor with experience in teaching with Learning Assistants (LAs). This individual will support new LA faculty in the redesign and implementation of a course with LAs for the first time. Mentors will share their experience regarding the incorporation of all elements of the LA Model. A stipend of \$1500\* is provided for LA faculty mentoring activities over a 12-month period. LA Faculty mentors will be selected based on demonstrated leadership within the FAU LA community and alignment with curricular aspects of the current courses being redesigned.

There will be two cohorts annually working on course redesign and implementation of the LA model. LA faculty mentors will be selected to work with a specific cohort, following them through the design and implementation process.

Spring Cohort: Work with new LA faculty redesigning their course in spring (semester 1) to teach in fall (semester 2).

Fall Cohort: Work with new LA faculty redesigning their course in fall (semester 1) to teach in spring (semester 2).

\*Stipends are processed after completion of Semester 1 activities, however, LA faculty mentors agree to be available to assist new LA faculty for a minimum of 1 year.

#### Role of an LA Faculty Mentor

- Semester 1 Support in Course Redesign: Provide guidance and support during LA FLC meetings on curricular design elements, syllabus and logistics, and assessment planning.
  - Requirement: Attendance and active participation in a minimum of 3 synchronous LA FLC meetings (2-hours each).
  - Optional: Participate in additional LA FLC meetings; provide guidance to faculty in the redesign process outside of scheduled meetings.
- Semester 2 Support new LA Faculty: Provide guidance and support regarding in class practice/active learning segments and weekly prep meetings for faculty teaching with LAs (includes faculty who redesigned the course and faculty teaching a previously redesigned course).
  - Requirement: Attend and co-lead discussions during at least 2 of the 3 monthly "coffee hours" for LA faculty.
  - Requirement: Observe and provide feedback of active learning class meeting(s) and/or weekly prep meeting(s) a minimum of 3 times (same instructor or multiple instructors)
  - Optional: Attend Q&A sessions for prospective faculty considering submitting a proposal for course redesign with the LA model; promote the LA model proposal process to faculty within your department/college.

Faculty member agrees that materials created related to teaching in the LA model will be available for use by other instructors at Florida Atlantic University. The LA Office will house and manage a database/archive of QEP created materials.

For more information, contact the QEP team at <a href="mailto:qep@fau.edu.">qep@fau.edu.</a>



# Education Reimagined Quality Enhancement Plan - Florida Atlantic University Faculty Learning Community (FLC)

Faculty involved in the redesign and/or teaching of a course for the first time with Learning Assistants (LAs) are eligible for a stipend related to their faculty development activities. Please note that while we use the term faculty, anyone teaching/redesigning a course with the LA model would be eligible (including instructors, adjuncts, GTAs).

Faculty involved in the redesign of a course to include the LA model will participate in a semester-long Faculty Learning Community (FLC).

# Faculty redesigning a new LA course Two-part Stipend: \$2500 + \$1500 = \$4000

Part One - Education Reimagined FLC: designing new materials, design assessment plan, learn about elements of the LA model and active learning, develop plan for weekly prep meetings, submit syllabus including LA information. Must be completed prior to teaching.

- Stipend Part One (\$2,500) to be paid upon:

  Submission of course proposal to redesign course

  Attendance and active participation in a minimum of 80% of all synchronous FLC meetings
- Submission of all required FLC components (e.g. weekly prep meeting plans, assessment plan, revised syllabus, active learning/group activities as appropriate)
   Submission of reflection and survey at conclusion of formal FLC experience
- Integration of what was learned into future course with LAs
- Signed agreement to allow Lafaculity/staff to come into classes and weekly prep meetings to provide guidance and support
   Provision of course materials for use in the LA Program Office database

Part Two - Education Reimagined Assessment and Improvement Plan: Stipend requirements must be met within one semester upon completion of teaching an LA course and leading weekly prep meetings for the first time.

- Stipend Part Two (\$1.500) to be paid upon:

  Conclusion of course taught with elements developed through FLC
  Completion of leading weekly prep meetings throughout the semester
- Submission of post-teaching assessment and improvement plan
   Submission of post-teaching weekly prep analysis

Faculty redesigning a course agree to be available to assist new faculty teaching that course for a minimum of 1 year.

Faculty member agrees that materials created related to teaching in the LA model will be available for use by other instructors at Florida Atlantic University. The LA Office will house and manage a database/archive of QEP created materials.

Faculty assigned to teach a previously redesigned LA course for the first time must complete an asynchronous LA Faculty Canvas Course in order to have LAs assigned to their course.

# New faculty for a previously designed LA course Two Part Stipend: \$500 + \$500 = \$1000

Part One - Education Reimagined LA Faculty Canvas Course: review previously designed course materials, weekly prep meeting notes, assessment results, and improvement plan from prior semesters as a guide to developing and setting up your own course. In addition, faculty will make any needed adjustments to the assessment plan, learn about elements of the LA model and active learning, develop a plan for weekly prep meetings, and submit a syllabus including LA information.

- Stipend Part One (\$500) to be paid upon:

   Attendance at Essential Elements E-Series online workshop (75 minutes)
- Attendance at Essential Elements E-Series online workshop (75 minutes)

  Completion of asynchronus LA Factulty Canvas course

  Completion of asynchronus LA Factulty Canvas course

  Completion of asynchronus LA Factulty Canvas course

  Completion of asynchronus course planning components (weekly prep meeting plans, assessment plan, revised syllabus, addive learning/group activities as appropriate)

  Materials from previously designed course will be provided and may be used

  Submission of reflection and survey at conclusion of Canvas course

  Signed agreement to allow LA faculty/staff to come into classes and weekly prep meetings to provide guidance and support

  Provision of course materials for use in the LA Program Office database

Faculty member agrees that materials created related to teaching in the LA model will be available for use by other instructors at Florida Atlantic University. The LA Office will house and manage a database/archive of QEP created materials.

<u>Part Two - Education Reimagined Assessment and Improvement Plan:</u> Stipend requirements must be met within one semester upon completion of teaching an LA course and leading weekly prep meetings for the first time.

- Stipend Part Two (\$500) to be paid upon:

   Teaching course with LA program elements (can include previous instructor materials, newly designed materials, or a combination of both)

   Leading weekly prep meetings throughout the semester

   Submission of assessment outcomes, weekly prep analysis, and improvement plan based on assessment results

For more information, contact the QEP team at <a href="mailto:qep@fau.edu">qep@fau.edu</a>. To apply, visit <a href="www.fau.edu/qep">www.fau.edu/qep</a> (launching in Fall 2022).

# LA Faculty Learning Community (LA FLC) Syllabus



LA Faculty Learning Community – Pilot Spring 2023

Date/Time	Topic/Module	Discussion	Deliverables
Monday January 23 4:30 – 6 p.m. Online	Essential Elements E-Series	Attend Essential Elements of the LA Model 75-minute online workshop  The three key components of the Learning Assistant Model are: LAs facilitating student interactions in class, participating in weekly content preparation meetings with the instructional team, and engaging in a pedagogy course.  Workshop participants will consider the coordination and synergy between the different elements of the LA experience and discuss how the LA Model is similar to, or different from, other peer models, such as Supplemental Instruction (SI) and peer tutoring programs.  Learning Outcomes for Participants:  Describe the basic tenets of the LA model  Apply the tenets of the LA model to the development of their LA Program and institutional contexts  Compare the LA model to other peer models, and Identify the resources and community available	Sign up for an account at the Learning Assistant Alliance (LAA) https://learningassistantalliance.org/ Canvas quiz on the Essential Elements of the LA Model Complete the Canvas reflections assignment Upload a current syllabus for the course you are redesigning
Monday January 30 3-5 p.m. In Person Location GS214B	The QEP & the LA Model - Program Essentials	through the Learning Assistant Alliance (LAA) What is a QEP and how is it tied to FAU's SACSCOC reaccreditation? Why do we believe Education Reimagined was selected as the new QEP - Evidence of Effectiveness (supporting data and survey information). Reflections on Essential Elements E-Series Workshop:  What are the three pillars of LA model? Why must all three pillars be present and working together for optimal implementation and successful outcomes for students?	Read How Learning Works pgs. 1-8     Canvas quiz on reading

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Monday February 6 3-5 p.m. In Person Location GS2148	Pedagogy – An Essential Element	FAU's LA Pedagogy Course (Workshop)  What topics are covered and why are they important?  What activities are employed to reinforce understanding and application of best practices surrounding these topics?  Activities: Torture video, challenging scenarios, facilitating effective group work video, interview project, chem II group work video  Additional topics?	Read How Learning Works pgs. 10-39     Canvas quiz on reading
Monday February 13 3-5 p.m. In Person Location GS214B	Culturally Responsive Pedagogy (CRP)	Define CRP and discuss how we can use the research-based aspects of CRP in  Curriculum Instruction Relations  Model CRP in active learning. Can you identify aspects of CRP in assignments, assessment, or curriculum?	Write: critical reflection blog selfie — Flipgrid Watch: foundations of CRP video and respond to video template Complete: CRP resources exploration & planning template Discuss: share which CRP resources resonated with you & why via Canvas discussion board
Saturday/Sunday February 25-26 Florida Gulf Coast LA Regional Workshop Location: FGCU	LA Regional Workshop at Florida Gulf Coast University (FGCU)	Attend the LA Regional Workshop hosted by FGCU	
Monday March 13 3-5 p.m. In person Location GS 2148	Active/Collaborative Learning	What is active/collaborative learning? Why and how can we provide this type of learning? Example: Think, Pair, Share Active learning article Jigsaw	Upload an article or paper related to active learning ideas/techniques in your discipline Share at least two takeaways from this article on Canvas discussion board and respond to at least one post from a colleague Observe an LA class in action (practice) by March 27

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Monday March 20 3-5 p.m. In person Location GS 214B	Meet the LA Faculty Mentors  Assessment  and  Developing Active/ Collaborative Activities Targeting SLOs	What are the Student Learning Outcomes (SLOs) and Student Success Outcomes (SSOs) that we must measure for the QEP?  • The FOUR SLOs that faculty measure in LA courses and HOW they measure them  • The SSOs and Program Outcomes that the LA Program will measure for you  • Thinking about and implementing assessment in developing activities in your course  • Rubrics/Glossary of terms  • Additional assessments available outside the scope of the QEP  Develop activities utilizing LAs targeting the SLOs (using the rubrics).  • Qualities of effective group work: discussion generating, measuring expected outcomes of SLOs, how to incorporate LAs, thinking about CRP	Develop at least two activities, one to measure SLO1, one to measure at least two sub-components of SLO2 or SLO3 that you will use in your redesigned course     Be sure to describe the active learning piece, how groups will work on it, what the individual or group deliverable is, what elements of CRP you considered, and how you will assess it
Monday March 27 3-5 p.m. In person Location GS 214B	Weekly Prep and Developing Active/ Collaborative Activities	Hiring of LAs, Angel Nevin  Reflections on Assessment plan  Reflections on LA Classroom visit (practice)  Facilitating Effective Weekly Prep sessions  • Video examples of effective weekly prep sessions  Continue developing activities utilizing LAs targeting the SLOs (using the rubrics).  • Qualities of effective group work: discussion generating, measuring expected outcomes of SLOs, how to incorporate LAs, thinking about CRP	Upload a draft agenda/outline for your weekly prep session including topics and time on topic Develop an activity that you will use in your redesigned course Be sure to describe the active learning piece, how groups will work on it, what the individual or group deliverable is, what elements of CRP you considered, and how you will assess it

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Monday April 3 3-5 p.m. In person Location TBD	Developing Active/ Collaborative Activities (Jennifer to travel to Jupiter – Brittanney in Boca)	Continue developing activities utilizing LAs targeting the SLOs (using the rubrics).  Oualities of effective group work: discussion generating, measuring expected outcomes of SLOs, how to incorporate LAs, thinking about CRP	Develop an activity that you will use in your redesigned course  Be sure to describe the active learning piece, how groups will work on it, what the individual or group deliverable is, what elements of CRP you considered, and how you will assess it
Monday April 10 3-5 p.m. In person Location GS 214B	Developing Active/ Collaborative Activities	Continue developing activities utilizing LAs targeting the SLOs (using the rubrics).  Qualities of effective group work: discussion generating, measuring expected outcomes of SLOs, how to incorporate LAs, thinking about CRP	Develop an activity that you will use in your redesigned course     Be sure to describe the active learning piece, how groups will work on it, what the individual or group deliverable is, what elements of CRP you considered, and how you will assess it
Monday April 17 3-5 p.m. In person Location GS 2148	Syllabus & Logistics and LA Campus	Design a syllabus for this course and discuss logistics of implementing the LA model.  • Ways to introduce LAs to the class and define their role (and how it benefits students—explain the "why" behind this model)  • Ways to form groups and think about seating arrangements  • Design and implementation of weekly prep meetings  • Revisiting the pillars: what are LAs learning in pedagogy and how to tie that into prep and practice  Learn how to submit a Faculty Course Proposal (FCP) in LA Campus.	Develop a syllabus Develop plans for implementing logistics of the LA model Submit an FCP for your course

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Monday April 24 3-5 p.m. In person Location GS	Developing Active/ Collaborative Activities Closing and NEXT	Continue developing activities utilizing LAs targeting the SLOs (using the rubrics).  Celebrate accomplishments, discuss what comes next	
214B	STEPS		

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## **Lesson & Logistic Planning - Faculty Worksheet**

#### Implementing the LA Model and Active Learning in Your Course

Before we start planning the actual collaborative learning activities your students will do during the active learning component of your course (guided by LAs), consider thinking about the following:

- How will I introduce the LAs themselves and the concept of the LA model and group work to my students; including the WHY behind it? (Will I "say" something? Will I make a powerpoint slide?)
- How will I divide students into groups? (Do they select groups? Do I randomly assign groups?) Do I intentionally assign groups?)
- When will I create groups? (First day? After drop/add? Will students stay in same group all semester?)
- How will I pbuild their sense of belonging and connection within the team? (icebreaker, low stakes
  activity, team charter)
- How will I set the expectation for teamwork and working together? (Discuss in class, syllabus, Canvas, powerpoint)
- What guidelines will I need to set? (Will students submit something to demonstrate group work? Will this be a
  group or individual submission? Can students leave before class ends if they finish group work—if not, how do you
  prevent this? How do you support students working collaboratively; each contributing? What is the policy for students
  missing group work or arriving late (i.e. missing lecture but attending group work)? If you are delivering this course
  online now (synchronous or asynchronous) or in the future, how are the policies different?
- What will the LA component look like in my class? (Remember, you must involve the LAs in active learning a minimum of 1/3 of the class time.)
  - Example 1: In Calculus, students complete a pre-worksheet before class, get a mini-lecture the first half of class (50 minutes, twice weekly) followed by group work and a worksheet the second half of class (50 minutes, twice weekly. Each student gets their own worksheet and submits individually even though they work together.)
  - Example 2: In Chemistry, students watch online mini-lectures and contribute to a group/team discussion on Canvas before class. During class, the instructor spends a few minutes going over a concept and then opens up iClicker questions that students are expected to work on answering together with their group members (facilitated by LAs). This is repeated throughout each class meeting.
  - Example 3: In a music course, students work on projects together during class. The instructor introduces an
    assignment, then as a group, students develop the elements of the assignment and present it as a group.
     Some weeks they discuss a particular element of music history or similar.
  - What will work for YOUR course?
- Am I assigning points for group work? If so, how will I assign these points? If not, how do I get buy-in from the students to complete group work?
- Do I imagine students completing some work BEFORE class to prepare them for group work (or to allow me to cover less content during class)? If so, how do I build in accountability for students doing the work? (Is there a point value associated with any pre-class work?)
- . How do I ensure I am utilizing culturally responsive pedagogy throughout my course?
- How will I assess content knowledge and skills for my course and the impact of the LA program
  on that competency?
  - Will this be through a specific assignment(s) or group work? Pre/Post test? Exam questions? Project?
     Reflection? etc.
  - o Will this occur once or at multiple points in the semester?
  - Will I assess all students on this or a sampling?
- How will I assess critical thinking and problem solving in my course?
  - Will this be through a specific assignment(s) or group work?
  - o Will this occur once or at multiple points in the semester?
  - Will I assess all students on this or a sampling?
- How will I assess teamwork and collaboration in my course?
  - o Will this be through a specific assignment(s) or group work?
  - o Will this occur once or at multiple points in the semester?
  - o Will I assess all students on this or a sampling?

## Florida Atlantic University

# LA Class Lesson Plan Guide Course: \_\_\_\_\_\_ Instructor: \_\_\_\_\_\_ Topic: \_\_\_\_\_ Module/week: \_\_\_\_\_\_ Possible Topics/Material: Describe concepts, topics and material that you think apply to the class this week. Describe ALL relevant topics that may be covered or background information that may be needed. Objective: What concept(s) do students need to understand for this week's class sessions? Prioritize your Brainstorm: Since you have limited class time, you must decide what things YOU need to help students learn directly (lecture or similar), what students may be able to learn AHEAD of class (through readings, pre-class recorded lectures, online discussion posts, or other homework assignments), and which concepts traineds can discover during class on their own/with their groups and under the guidance and support of you and the LA(s).

To do this, you may want to think about the material, its relative importance and difficulty, and list the topics in the appropriate quadrant. If something is less difficult or a prerequisite knowledge refresher, perhaps they can learn that outside class. If something is new, important and difficult, perhaps you want to focus on that for your direct instruction, with a component of group work to check their understanding.

	Difficult	Not As Difficult
Important		
Not As Important		

How to Cover Material: Plan your sessions using the grid above. You might have pre-class activities that are based on concepts that are "important" but "Not as difficult" (this also may be refreshing on pre-requisite knowledge and skills as a "warm up" for the work that will happen during class). These concepts may also be used at the start of group work as a low stakes activity to assess that they know the basics and to make them feel more conflient. Then the main focus ("work out") of group work in your class should come from the "Difficult" and "important" area. These concepts may be covered first by you as the instructor, but are the most important topics for sudents to work on as a group (with the support and checks for understanding that occur with the LAs). Think of what strategies and techniques you will use to help facilitate their learning and application of that material. Finally, you may want some type of closing activity at the end of class (or a shomework/reflection after class) as a "Cool Down," an exercise that pulls it all together and solidifies understanding.

Now Here's My Plan... (with examples)

CONCEPT/Topic	When and HOW Students will learn this (BE SPECIFIC)
e.g.: Application of gas laws; convert between units of pressure, analyse the effect of partial pressures in gas mixtures.	Students will review readings and watch Canvas videos before lecture Students will complete a brief quit and respond to Canwas discussion [write ideal gas law, what it the expression of Avogardro's Law, Boyle's Law, and Charles' Law? Describe a gas law in your ow words and describe effects of the law using numbers/formula to help.] In class, I will belief review the residentiship between the laws. I will demonstrate relationship between pressure, volume and temperature and show how they can derive additional formulas from one. [Privari is ideal gas law, how does that change if we only have pressure and volume (temperature is constant). After each hird explanation, I will open an i-Clicker question on a related concept so students ca work with their groups (supported by Li4s) [10 apply the concept and answer questions.  After class, briedents will complete online homework to solidify concepts.
e.g.: Distinguish classic philosophers' views of ethics and moral behavior.	Students will complete assigned readings and watch Canvas videos before lecture     Students will complete a discussion post on Canvas to demonstrate they have done per-work.     in class, teams will each be assigned 2 specific philosophers. Team members will research the     individuals and complete a veno logizam describing where the philosopher intersect or what     elements are unique to that philosopher. Teams will submit that diagram on a shared     presentation slide and present it to the class.     After class, students will complete an online reflection, describing a minimum of two ways that a     philosopher they learned about from another group has different views of ettics and moral     behavior than exhibited by one of the philosophers their group studied.

# Faculty Checklist - LA FLC



## Quality Enhancement Plan Learning Assistant Program

Expected work for the Stipend Part One (\$2,500) includes all the following elements:			
$\hfill\square$ Attendance at 12 weekly meetings (90% meeting attendance is required)			
☐ Adjustments to curriculum			
$\hfill\Box$ Creation of documents and activities which incorporate active/collaborative learning.			
☐ Development of a minimum of 75% of weekly course activities/documents			
$\hfill \square$ 30% (or more) course time includes active learning facilitated by LAs			
$\hfill\Box$ Development of a specific Plan for logistics of the LA model in class			
$\Box$ Clear plan is established to incorporate LA facilitation of collaborative work			
☐ Clear plan for introducing the LA model and the LAs			
$\hfill\Box$ Creation of syllabus and Canvas elements/language related to the LA model			
☐ Development of design/agenda/goals for Weekly Prep Meetings			
☐ Development of a course assessment plan related to the LA model Student Learning Outcomes			
(SLOs)			
☐ Submission of a Faculty Course proposal (FCP) in LA Campus.			



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# LA Pedagogy Weekly Schedule

# Fall 2023 – LA Weekly Pedagogy Schedule MONDAYS 1 p.m. GS 208

WEEK	Pedagogy Topic	Pedagogy Homework – due at 11:59pm, the day before NEXT pedagogy	NOTES
1- August 21-25	Mindset	In your LA sessions this week, find at least ONE example of how you worked with a group and helped promote a growth mindset. What was the impact? Submit this by our next pedagogy session. Be prepared to discuss this at pedagogy.	
2- August 28-Sept. 1	Communication and Active Listening	Choose a podcast or video: Select a podcast or video on a topic that interests you or is relevant to your studies or work. Set a timer for the length of the podcast or video and start listering or watching. Practice active listening. While you're listening or watching. Practice active listening. While you're listening or watching, focus on the following: Pay attention: Give your full attention to the podcast or video. Avoid distractions, such as your phone or other people around you. Ask questions: Ask yourself questions about the information to encourage yourself to learn more and to show that your einterested in the topic. Paraphrase: Summarize the information in your own words to show that you understand the content. Show empathy. Try to understand the perspective of the speaker and consider their motivations and goals for sharing the information. Take notes: Take notes on the key points, arguments, and evidence presented in the podcast or video. After listening or watching, take some time to reflect on your experience. Ask yourself the following questions: What did I learn from the podcast or video. What did I learn from the podcast or video. What did I learn from the podcast or video. Share your insights with others who may be interested in the topic, such as classmattes, colleagues, or social media followers. This will give you an opportunity to practice active listening in a different context and to receive feedback on your understanding of the content?	
3- Sept. 4-8	Labor Day	No Class and No Homework	
4- Sept. 11-15	Facilitation Skills (part 1)	Assignment. Read Grame, C.J. and Biel, R. (2015). Setting up and facilitating group work: Using cooperative learning groups effectively.  Teaching Reflection questions:  1. Cooperative learning is characterized by positive interdependence. What does this mean?  2. Complete the Qualifies of Productive Group Work chart 3. Pay attention to how your groups are acting this week. Choose the group that is struggling the most to be successful as a group and answer the following questions:  a. What I liked most about the group work was b. What I liked most about the group work was c. The most effective thing about the way the group worked was  The things I did that helped the group most were f. The things I did that helped the group most were	

5- Sept 18-22	Facilitation Skills (part 2)	Review 'LA Peer Review Videos' and complete evaluation.	Evaluation Rubric is in the Facilitation Modules on Canvas
6- Sept. 25-29	Survey Creation and Best Practices	Create a survey that asks meaningful, singularly focused questions that are actionable. Follow the directions within the Canvas Module for this topic for your course size	This assignment is due FRIDAY SEPT 29 <sup>th</sup>
7- Oct. 2-8	Bloom's Taxonomy	In your CVMI (you are the student, not LA) classes this week, find 3 examples of questions your instructors ask (or questions in assignments) – and indicate what level of Bioom's taxxonomy they fall on and with you think so. Then ohange the question to make it fall on a different level of the taxxonomy. State the new taxxonomical rank. You can use a maximum of one question from your taxxonomical rank. You can use a maximum of one question from your LA class if you don't have 3 examples from your own classes. (example format below) Questions 1-2. Level:  Why it is that Level: Revised Question:	
8- Oct 9-13	Questioning	Why that Level:  Read the article on Questioning and Discussion from the book on	
8- Oct 9-13	Skills	Teaching Secondary School Science. Answer the reflection questions and submit in Conwas (assignments) by our next pedagogy meeting. Reading Reflection Questions:  1) What Squestions that one (or more) of your own instructors asked in your classes this week. For each question, answer the following:  a. Was this an open or closed question?  b. Did the way that the question was asked generate discussion or thought or inhibit it?  c. When might dialogic discourse be beneficial?  d. When might univocal discourse be beneficial?  e. What is the advantage of wast time?	
	9-1	1 October 16 - Nov. 3: Survey Presentations!	
12- Nov. 8-10	Mental Models	Assignment. Read Redish. E. (1904). Implications of cognitive studies for teaching physics. American Journal of Physics, (62) 9.  Teaching Reflection: Consider what you have noticed regarding the students with whom you work (or even in your own learning). Write a brief parsgraph whom you work (or even in your own learning). Write a brief parsgraph whom you have a proper parsgraph to the students of the forecast the parsgraph to the company of the parsgraph to the company of the parsgraph to the class, and to realize that teaching science or mathematics relies on a teachers' understanding of the common ideas that students bring into the classroom.  Talk to faculty in your content meeting about common content fifficulties students encounter and their associated ideas about these topics. Briefly late the discussion of the common with your thoughts on how you can help students concert incorrect mental models.  Reading Reflection:  Briefly list and discuss characteristics of mental models.  Reading Reflection: Briefly list and discuss characteristics of mental models.  Which day our feel are less important and why?  Which day our feel are less important and why?  Which base given your insight into your own learning?  Submit your assignment in Canvas by the next pedagogy meeting.	
13- Nov. 13-17	Metacognition	Write a letter to students who will take the pedagogy course next. What should incoming LAs expect to learn? What will they find most challenging? What advice should they follow? Ensure your letter is grounded in the Meta	
	1	Prepare a SMART Goal that focuses on remaining thankful, curjous	
14- Nov. 20-24	Thankfulness		
	Reflections	and professional.	
14- Nov. 20-24 15- Nov. 27-Dec. 1 16- Dec4-8			Thank you for

## **LA Mentor Evaluation Rubrics**



## Shadowing Rubric (LectureHours) - LA Evaluation



Section	CRN	Instructor	Email
Day/Time	Location	LA's	Emails

	LA: (na	ame)		
Rubric	3	2	1	Evaluation Score (1-3
On Time:	LA is on time to lecture hours. LA stays for the entire duration of lecture hours.	LA is a few minutes late to lecture hours. LA stays for the entire duration of lecture hours.	LA is late to lecture hours. LA did not stay for the entire duration of lecture hours.	3
Professionalism:	When no students are in need of help, LA is still behaving professionally in their work setting (not hanging out with friends, not wearing headphones, not on their phone, looks approachable, etc.)	When no students are in need of help, LA is behaving somewhat professionally in their work setting (not hanging out with friends, but is on their phone, looks unapproachable).	When no students are in need of help, LA is is not behaving professionally in their work setting (is hanging out with friends, wearing headphones, on their phone, doesn't looks approachable, etc.)	3
reparedeness:	LA is completely prepared with the planned assignment problems. LA is completely prepared to help students with the questions they have during lecture.	LA is somewhat prepared with the planned assignment problems. LA is somewhat prepared to help students with the questions they have during lecture.	LA is not prepared with the planned assignment problems. LA is not prepared to help students with the questions they have during lecture.	3
appearance:	Clothing is 'smart casual' devoid of obscenities. Length of clothing is appropriate for the job setting and lanyard is worn for the entirety of lecture.	Clothing is 'smart casual' devoid of obscenities. Length of clothing is appropriate for the job setting but lanyard is NOT worn for the entirety of lecture.	Clothing is not 'smart casual' devoid of obscenities. Length of clothing is not appropriate for the job setting. Lanyard is not worn for the entirety of lecture.	3
peaks Clearly:	LA speaks clearly and distinctly all (100-95%) the time, and shows excellent body language towards the students (eye contact, body facing students from time to time, etc).		LA speaks clearly and distinctly sometimes (30- 50%), and shows poor body language towards the students (eye contact, body facing students from time to time, etc).	3
ixed vs. Growth Mindest:	LA shares positive affirmations with the students regardless of right or wrong answers.	LA shows positive affirmations to the students when they get a question right, but not when they get it wrong.	LA does not share positive affirmations to the students regardless of right or wrong answer.	3
Group Facilitaion:	LA encourages students at the same table to work together, and uses cooperative learning skills to get them to work together.	LA makes a mild attempt to encourage students at the same table to work together, and doesn't use cooperative learning skills to get them to work together.	LA does not encourage students at the same table to work together.	3
tedirection:	When the LA is being asked a question, the LA does not give them the answer and instead helps them get to the answer by asking them questions.	When the LA is being asked a question, the LA does not give them the answer to but does most of the work for the student.	When the LA is being asked a question, the LA just gives them the answer instead of helping them get to the answer by asking them questions.	3
			Total Score (max = 24):	24
	Positive Feedback	Constructive Criticism	]	



## Shadowing Rubric (PrepMeeting) - LA Evaluation



Section	CRN	Instructor	Email
Day/Time	Location	LA's	Emails

## LA: (name)

	(			
Rubric				Evaluatio
	LA is on time to the meeting. LA stays for the entire duration of meeting.	LA is on time to the meeting. LA stays for the entire duration of meeting.	LA is on time to the meeting. LA stays for the entire duration of meeting.	
On Time:				3
On Task:	LA is acting professional during the meeting. (not talking while others are, not on their phone, etc.)	LA is acting somewhat professional during the meeting. (talking while others are, not on their phone, etc.)	LA is not acting professional during the meeting. (talking while others are, on their phone, etc.)	3
	LA is completely prepared with answering the worksheet problems.	LA is somewhat prepared with answering the worksheet problems.	LA is not prepared with answering the worksheet problems.	3
Preparedeness:				
Appearance:	Clothing is 'smart casual' devoid of obscenities. Length of clothing is appropriate for the job setting and lanyard is worn for the entirety of office hours.	Clothing is 'smart casual' devoid of obscenities. Length of clothing is appropriate for the job setting but lanyard is NOT worn for the entirety of office hours.	Clothing is not appropriate for the job setting and lanyard is not worn.	3
Speaks Clearly:	LA speaks clearly and distinctly all (100-95%) the time, and shows excellent body language towards the Professor and other LA's.	LA speaks clearly and distinctly most (75-85%) of the time, and shows mediocre body language towards the Professor and other LA's.	LA speaks clearly and distinctly sometimes (30- 50%), and shows poor body languagetowards the Professor and other LA's.	3
speaks clearly.	LA is prepared to discuss specific issues or exemplary	LA is prepared to discuss specific issues or exemplary	LA is NOT prepared to discuss specific issues or	
Feedback Regarding Groupwork	examples of group work with the learning team. LA has suggestions to improve or continue what's working.	examples of group work with the learning team. LA does NOT have suggestions to improve or continue what's working.	exemplary examples of group work with the learning team.	3
Group Facilitaion:	LA cooperates with other LA(s) in the prep meeting; uses cooperative learning skills to work together when needed.	•	LA does not cooperate with other LA(s) in the prep meeting; does not use cooperative learning skills to work together when needed.	3
Padegogy Skills:	LA is able to communicate which pedagogical theory or practice is working AND is not working.	LA is only able to connect pedagogical skills to what is working (or what is not).	LA does not mention anything of a pedagogical nature while in weekly prep.	3
radegogy skills:				
			Total Score (max = 24):	24

Positive Feedback	Constructive Criticism







Section	CRN	Instructor	Email
MAC 2311		Dr. B	
Day/Time	Location	LA's	Emails
10/13/2023 8:30-10am	Zoom	Rebecca Su	

## LA: (name)

				Evaluation
Rubric	3	2	1	Score (1-3
	LA is on time to their office hours. LA stays for the entire duration of their hours.	LA is a few minutes late to their office hours. LA stays for the entire duration of their hours.	LA is late to their office hours. LA did not stay for the entire duration of their hours.	
	duration of their hours.	for the entire duration of their nours.	the entire duration of their nours.	
On Time:				3
	When no students are in need of help, LA is still behaving	When no students are in need of help, LA is behaving	When no students are in need of help, LA is is not	
	professionally in their work setting (not hanging out with	somewhat professionally in their work setting (not	behaving professional in their work setting (is	
	friends during office hours, not wearing headphones, not on	hanging out with friends, but is on their phone or is	hanging out with friends, is on their phone, is	-
On Task:	their phone, looks approachale and ready to help, etc.)	wearing headphones, looks unapproachable).	wearing headphones and looks unapproachable)	
	LA is completely prepared with the assigned problems. LA is	LA is somewhat prepared with the the assigned	LA is not prepared with the assigned problems. LA is	
	completely prepared to help students with the questions they	problems. LA is somewhat prepared to help students	not prepared to help students with the questions	
	have during lecture.	with the questions they have during lecture.	they have during lecture.	3
Preparedeness:				
reparedeness.	Clothing is 'smart casual' devoid of obscenities. Length of	Clothing is 'smart casual' devoid of obscenities. Length	Clothing is not appropriate for the job setting and	
	clothing is appropriate for the job setting and lanvard is worn	of clothing is appropriate for the job setting but lanyard		3
Appearance:	for the entirety of office hours.	is NOT worn for the entirety of office hours.	•	
	LA speaks clearly and distinctly all (100-95%) the time, and	LA speaks clearly and distinctly most (75-85%) of the	LA speaks clearly and distinctly sometimes (30-	
	shows excellent body language towards the students (eye	time, and shows mediocre body language towards the	50%), and shows poor body language towards the	3
	contact, body facing students from time to time, etc).	students (eye contact, body facing students from time	students (eye contact, body facing students from	•
Speaks Clearly:		to time, etc).	time to time, etc).	
	LA shares positive affirmations with the students regardless of		LA does not show positive affirmations to the	
	right or wrong answers.	they get a question right, but not when they get it	students when they get a question right, and even if	3
Fixed vs. Growth Mindest:		wrong.	they get it wrong.	
INCO 12. GIOWAN MINIGEST.	LA encourages students at the same table to work together,	LA makes a mild attempt to encourage students at the	LA is at the board most of the time. LA does not	
	and uses cooperative learning skills to get them to work	same table to work together, and doesn't use	encourage students at the same table to work	
	together.	cooperative learning skills to get them to work together.		3
Group Facilitaion:				
	When the LA is being asked a question, the LA does not give	When the LA is being asked a question, the LA does not	When the LA is being asked a question, the LA just	
	them the answer and instead helps them get to the answer by	give them the answer to but does most of the work for	gives them the answer instead of helping them get	3
Redirection:	asking them questions.	the student.	to the answer by asking them questions.	
				24
			Total Score (max = 24):	

Positive Feedback	Constructive Criticism
Your ability to ask guiding questions is amazing. The students obviously enjoy your leadership in the sessions. You were very positive and comforting.	"Wait-time" is a skill that could be sharpened.

## LA Pedagogy 2.0 Agenda

PEDAGOGY 2.0: Growth Mindset

#### **AGENDA**

#### Pre-Survey Questions:

- How would you describe the difference between growth mindset and fixed mindset?
- What's one thing you've said in the past that reflects a growth mindset?

#### Welcome: Facilitator leads both intro and Warm-up

- Introductions
- Warm up

#### Purpose(s):

<u>Purpose of workshop</u>: being a Learning Assistant requires a great deal of skills; for instance, having patience, adaptability, and strong communication skills. Being a Learning Assistant means being able to understand and respond to the unique needs and challenges of each learner, providing quidance and support in a patient and understanding manner. It also requires adaptability, as different learners may require different approaches and strategies to grasp and retain information. Effective communication is crucial, as a Learning Assistant must be able to explain concepts clearly, listen actively, and provide constructive feedback to foster the learning process. Thus, the ultimate goal of these workshops is to refresh LA's memory with the skills they should use and implement during their LA duties.

Purpose of mindset: The purpose of learning about mindset is to develop an understanding of how one's beliefs and attitudes influence their behavior, choices, and overall outlook on life. By developing a growth mindset, individuals can improve their ability to learn - which is what LAs encourage - helping students become more effective problem-solvers. Thus, if individuals are able to understand the importance of mindsets, it will aid them in overcoming limiting beliefs that may be holding them back from reaching their full potential.

#### Facilitator.

What is growth vs. fixed mindset, and why do we use it?

Show video after answers: https://youtu.be/KUWn\_TJTrnU

#### Activity:

#### Puzzle activity:

We'll have a set of puzzles, and each of the two groups will start off with completing the easiest one; afterwards, they will get a growth or fixed mindset feedback, and then we will see how they proceed (whether they will continue with completing the more progressively challenging puzzles or not). We will also ask after the activity if the fixed mindset comment made the LA's feel discouraged or unsatisfied.

- Example of growth mindset feedback:
- Example of fixed mindset feedback:

#### PEDAGOGY 2.0: Growth Mindset

Since it is likely the *growth* mindset group will choose the next puzzle, we will ask them what made them choose the next puzzle. Since it is also possible for the fixed mindset group to choose the next puzzle, we will also ask them why they decided to work on the next puzzle.

- If results are similar, why do you think that is?
- If results are different, why do you think that is?

- Activity reflection:

   How did the growth mindset feedback make you feel? How do you think your students feel with comments like these?

  - Response example: I feel supported rather than feeling just smart.
    How did the growth mindset feedback make you feel? How do you think your students feel with comments like these?

## Response example: I feel like I did not achieve much, instead. I just got a dry validation.

The concept of mindsets was a direct response to the self-esteem movement. A seminal series of The concept of mindsets was a direct response to the self-esteem movement. A seminal series of Dweck's studies, published in 1998, concerned the effect of praise on motivation. Dweck, then at Columbia University, and one of her colleagues administered a series of puzzles to about 400 fifth graders. After completing the first puzzle, children praised for their effort ("You must have worked hard") as opposed to their intelligence ("You must be smart") were far more likely to choose a more challenging puzzle to do next. In 2007, after moving to Stanford, Dweck and psychologist Lisa Blackwell, then at Columbia, conducted another important study. They followed 373 seventh graders to see whether mindset predicted grades two years later. With a subset of students, they also performed the first mindset intervention, explicitly teaching kids about the brain and that intelligence are bed developed. Having a growth bridgest predicted phase grades while a fixed brighter prades while a fixed br can be developed. Having a growth mindset predicted higher grades, while a fixed mindset predicted a flat-grade trajectory. Compared with those who did not receive the intervention, those who did showed greater motivation in the classroom.

Material borrowed from Lydia Denworth, "Debate Arises over Teaching "Growth Mindsets" to Motivate Students". Accessed on May 19th, 2023. https://www.scientificamerican.com/article/debate-arisesover-teaching-growth-minds

#### Closina:

#### Cool-down questions:

- What did you all gain from today's workshop?
- What did you all gain from today's workeney:
   And how will you use what you learned in your LA duties?

- What is a statement that you will add to your LA duties that reflects a growth mindset?
- What is something that you learned today that you did not know before about growth vs. fixed mindset?
- Was this a convenient time for you?
- Was this workshop helpful?

  Any additional comments? Since this is an anonymous survey, if you'd like to be contacted about specifics regarding your response, please leave your email

## **Marketing & Communications Timeline**

## QEP Marketing and Communication Plan - Education Reimagined

January/February 2022  April 2022  Receive visual system from Public Affairs (PA) team to start sharing of ideas and creative process; provide PA team with key phrases and words to represent QEP goals  Receive visual system from Public Affairs plus Power Point template and email signatures; Visual system presented to QEP Development Committee for feedback; Initial QEP photoshoot  May 2022  Purchase QEP swag round 1 (pens, markers, stickers, padfolios, polos and hoodies)  Summer 2022  Develop all elements (Jayour, design, content) for QEP Website  August 2022  Launch QEP Website  Website analysis and feedback from QEP Development Committee; Begin presentations and listening sessions on Education Reimagined to a variety of university groups – ONGOING  November/December  2022  Development of branded materials to support the program (offer letters and QEP related Canvas courses and training and development materials created using Education Reimagined visual system)  January 2023  QEP pilot highlighted in FAU Insider (top story) and FAU Connections (secondary story); QEP link posted to MyEAU and QEP story shared to Linkedin  March 2023  Initial meeting with Public Affairs creative team regarding SACSCOC QEP Report design  Visual elements created for Education Reimagined for digital signage, banners, social media; Shooting footage for QEP videos; Photoshoot for student spotlights (current LA courses) for social, brochures, banners  May/June 2023  Create storyboard for QEP videos  Social graphics, vinyl banners, digital screen designs created for rollout – explaining who-what-when-where-why and includes QEP slogan Education Reimagined  August/September  Begin roll out of Education Reimagined graphics develop brand; graphics added to active learning classrooms as part of QEP  Shoot footage for Day-in-the-Life of an LA and other QEP videos (for release in spring 2024); Approval of script/storyboard for Education Reimagined instructional video and script for OM Radio ad, Public Affairs/Creative Services team lead design	Date(s)	Element(s)
process; provide PA team with key phrases and words to represent QPP goals' April 2022 Receive visual system from Public Affairs plus Power Point template and meal signatures; visual system presented to QPP Development Committee for feedback; Initial QPP photoshoot May 2022 Purchase QPP swag round 1 (pens, markers, stickers, padfolios, polos and hoodies) Summer 2022 Launch QPP Website August 2022 Launch QPP Website September 2022 Idaunch QPP Website September 2022 Idaunch QPP Website Power of		<del></del>
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Purchase QEP swag round 1 (pens, markers, stickers, padfolios, polos and hoodies)   Summer 2022   Develop all elements (layout, design, content) for QEP Website     August 2022   Launch QEP Website   Website analysis and feedback from QEP Development Committee; Begin presentations and listening sessions on Education Reimagined to a variety of university groups —ONGOING November/December     2022   Website analysis and feedback from QEP Development Committee; Begin presentations and listening sessions on Education Reimagined to a variety of university groups —ONGOING Canvas courses and training and development materials created using Education Reimagined visual system     January 2023   QEP pilot highlighted in FAU Insider (top story) and FAU Connections (secondary story); QEP link posted to WefAu and QEP story shared to Linkedin     March 2023   Initial meeting with Public Affairs creative team regarding SACSCOC QEP Report design	April 2022	
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Shooting footage for QEP videos; Photoshoot for student spotlights (current LA courses) for social, brochures, banners  June/July 2023  Social graphics, vinyl banners, digital screen designs created for rollout – explaining who-what-when-where-why and includes QEP slogan Education Reimagined  August/September  2023  Begin roll out of Education Reimagined graphics to develop brand; graphics added to active learning classrooms as part of QEP  2023  Shoot footage for Day-in-the-Life of an LA and other QEP videos (for release in spring 2024); Approval of script/storyboard for Education Reimagined instructional video and script for Owl Radio ad; Public Affairs/Creative Services team lead design of elements for QEP Report for SACSCOC submission; Education Reimagined campaign items to be quoted and submitted to QEP team for approval of purchase:  Lawn signs; Vinyl banners at Florida Atlantic entrances; Breezeway banners  Pullup banners to be used in strategic locations on each campus – main points of QEP  Leave-behind pieces such as posters and postcards – main points of Education Reimagined  Design and order Education Reimagined t-shirts  Tabletop pieces to be used at Atlantic Dining Hall and Food Court (Are you QEP curious? QR code to site) within napkin holders, table tents, etc.  January 2024  QEP Report for SACSCOC submission layout and printing; Digital banners displayed at basketball games; Launch paid digital marketing campaign targeting students/faculty on campus; paid digital ads on Linkedin; Launch Owl Radio ad; Facilities to prominently display lawn signs & vinyl banners; Table-tops within Dining Hall & Food Court; SX7 informational cards around campus — Breezeway, Student Union, Residence Halls, CTL, advising offices, Financial Aid, Registrar's Office, academic buildings, Partner Campuses; QEP included in FAU Today; Launch Day-in-the-Life (DITL) of an LA video and other QEP videos  February 2024  QEP Kick-off events on each campus for students, faculty, and staff to learn about QEP; Insert 30-second video	March 2023	Initial meeting with Public Affairs creative team regarding SACSCOC QEP Report design
June/July 2023  Social graphics, vinyl banners, digital screen designs created for rollout – explaining who-what-when-where-why and includes QEP slogan Education Reimagined  Begin roll out of Education Reimagined graphics to develop brand; graphics added to active learning classrooms as part of QEP  October/November  2023  Shoot footage for Day-in-the-Life of an LA and other QEP videos (for release in spring 2024); Approval of script/storyboard for Education Reimagined instructional video and script for Owl Radio ad; Public Affairs/Creative Services team lead design of elements for QEP Report for SACSCOC submission; Education Reimagined campaign items to be quoted and submitted to QEP team for approval of purchase:  Lawn signs; Vinyl banners at Florida Atlantic entrances; Breezeway banners  Pullup banners to be used in strategic locations on each campus – main points of QEP  Leave-behind pieces such as posters and postcards – main points of Education Reimagined  Design and order Education Reimagined t-shirts  Tabletop pieces to be used at Atlantic Dining Hall and Food Court (Are you QEP curious? QR code to site) within napkin holders, table tents, excluded to basketball games; Launch paid digital marketing campaign targeting students/faculty on campus; paid digital ads on Linkedin; Launch Owl Radio ad; Facilities to prominently display lawn signs & vinyl banners; Table-tops within Dining Hall & Food Court; 5x7 informational cards around campus – Breezeway, Student Union, Residence Halls, CTL, advising offices, Financial Aid, Registrar's Office, academic buildings, Partner Campuses; QEP included in FAU Today; Launch Day-in-the-Life (DTL) of an LA video and other QEP videos  Pebruary 2024  QEP Kick-off events on each campus for students, faculty, and staff to learn about QEP; Insert 30-second video as pre-roll for students in online lectures; Digital banner in Canvas LMS (new banners every two weeks February and March)  LA classroom pop-up in public spaces (on all campuses); T-shirt giveaway to students/faculty/s	April 2023	Shooting footage for QEP videos; Photoshoot for student spotlights (current LA courses) for
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August/September 2023  October/November 2023  Shoot footage for Day-in-the-Life of an LA and other QEP videos (for release in spring 2024); Approval of script/storyboard for Education Reimagined instructional video and script for Owl Radio ad; Public Affairs/Creative Services team lead design of elements for QEP Report for SACSCOC submission; Education Reimagined campaign items to be quoted and submitted to QEP team for approval of purchase:  Lawn signs; Vinyl banners at Florida Atlantic entrances; Breezeway banners  Pullup banners to be used in strategic locations on each campus — main points of QEP  Pelam for approval of purchase:  Lawn signs; Vinyl banners at Florida Atlantic entrances; Breezeway banners  Pullup banners to be used in strategic locations on each campus — main points of QEP  Pelam for approval of purchase:  Leave-behind pieces such as posters and postcards — main points of Education Reimagined  Design and order Education Reimagined t-shirts  Tabletop pieces to be used at Atlantic Dining Hall and Food Court (Are you QEP curious? QR code to site) within napkin holders, table tents, etc.  January 2024  QEP Report for SACSCOC submission layout and printing; Digital banners displayed at basketball games; Launch paid digital marketing campaign targeting students/faculty on campus; paid digital ads on Linkedin; Launch Owl Radio ad; Facilities to prominently display lawn signs & vinyl banners; Table-tops within Dining Hall & Food Court; Sx7 informational cards around campus — Breezeway, Student Union, Residence Halls, CTL, advising offices, Financial Aid, Registrar's Office, academic buildings, Partner Campuses; QEP included in FAU Today; Launch Day-in-the-Life (DITL) of an LA video and other QEP videos  February 2024  QEP Kick-off events on each campus for students, faculty, and staff to learn about QEP; Insert 30-second video as pre-roll for students in online lectures; Digital banner in Canvas LMS (new banners every two weeks February and March)  LA classroom pop-up in public spaces (on all campuse	June/July 2023	Social graphics, vinyl banners, digital screen designs created for rollout – explaining who-what-
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April 2-4, 2024 Give out swag to students wearing QEP shirts	March 2024	students/faculty/staff; Tie-dye QEP shirt event (using colors from the campaign) with pull-up banners displayed; Re-post DITL and instructional videos through social channels; Digital displays across campus; all computer labs; QEP link on all departmental webpages; Tabling events with swag - Promote swag giveaway through FAU Today; FAU Connections and social
	April 2-4, 2024	Give out swag to students wearing QEP shirts

## **APPENDIX E: ASSESSMENT**

## **AAC&U VALUE Rubrics (edited for FAU)**

These tools have been modified for FAU to assist in measuring SLO#2 and SLO#3:

• AAC&U Critical Thinking & Problem Solving Value Rubric (edited for FAU)



## CRITICAL THINKING & PROBLEM-SOLVING VALUE RUBRIC - EDITED FOR FAU QEP



For more information, please contact value@aacu.org; gep@fau.edu

	luators are encouraged to as	sign a zero to any work sample or collection of		
CRITICAL THINKING &		Exemplary	Competent	Developing
PROBLEM- SOLVING Rubric	Description	3	2	1
Defining and Explaining an Issue or Problem	Cohesively and thoroughly articulating an issue/ problem.	The issue/problem is clearly stated and described and includes all relevant contextual factors and terms necessary for full understanding.	The issue/problem is stated and described but is limited in the scope of contextual factors and terms necessary for a full understanding.	The issue/problem is stated and described; however, clarity is impeded by significant omissions, undefined terms, or ambiguities.
Finding Evidence to Inform Strategies	Selecting and using valid information to thoroughly investigate a problem.	There is a comprehensive synthesis of information and resources are thoroughly interpreted and analyzed for accuracy and relevance to the investigation.	There is a narrow integration of information and sources receive a cursory (face value) interpretation and analysis to determine accuracy and relevance to the investigation.	There is a limited scope of information and sources are taken as fact, with little interpretation/ evaluation, and may have limited accuracy and relevance to the investigation.
Considering Ethical Consequences	Articulating solutions from multiple perspectives within dynamic contexts.	Proposes one or more solutions that are imaginative, consider the complexities of an issue, and are sensitive to contextual factors as well as the ethical, logical, and cultural dimensions of the problem.	Proposes one or more positions that consider different sides or other solutions of the issue and are sensitive to some contextual factors as well as at least one of the following: ethical, logical, or cultural dimensions of the problem.	Shows an emerging awareness of present assumptions (sometimes labels assertions as assumptions). Limited identification of contexts when presenting a position.
Evaluating & Proposing Potential Solutions/ Hypotheses	Recognizing issues in reasoning or approach and weighing impacts for a particular solution.	Evaluation of solutions is deep (contains thorough and insightful explanation) and thoroughly addresses all of the following: history of problem, logic/reasoning, feasibility of solution, and impacts of solution.	Evaluation of solutions is brief (explanation lacks depth) and considers most of the following to some level of depth: history of problem, logic/reasoning, feasibility of solution, and impacts of solution.	Evaluation of solutions is superficial (contains cursor), surface level explanation) and includes limited evaluation of the following. history of problem, logic/reasoning, feasibility of solution, and impacts of solution.
Identifying Strategies	Selecting and using appropriate strategies to address an issue/problem.	Identifies a unique approach (or multiple approaches) that fits the specific context, effectively addresses the issue/problem, and eliminates major sources of methodological bias or criticism.	Identifies a common approach that partially fits the specific context, addresses the issue/ problem but does not eliminate all major sources of methodological bias or criticism.	Identifies one or more approaches for solving the problem that does not apply within a specific context or effectively deal with sources of methodological bias or criticism.
Evaluating Conclusions and Related Outcomes	Examining outcome to determine if it logically fits with the situation and considerations for building upon the outcome.	Conclusions and related outcomes are logical and reflect student's informed evaluation and ability to place evidence and perspectives in priority order. Reviews results thoroughly with considerations of need for further work detailed.	Conclusion is logically tied to information (because information is chosen to fit the desired conclusion); some related outcomes are identified clearly. Reviews results briefly with some consideration of need for further work.	Conclusion is inconsistently lied to some of the information discussed, related outcomes are oversimplified. Reviews results superficially in terms of the problem defined with no consideration of need for further work.

AAC&U Teamwork Value Rubric (edited for FAU)



## TEAMWORK VALUE RUBRIC - EDITED FOR FAU QEP



For more information, please contact value@aacu.org; qep@fau.edu

Evaluators are encouraged to assign a zero to any work sample or collection of work that does not meet developing (cell one) level performance.

TEAMWORK	Description	Exemplary	Competent	Developing	
Rubric	Description	3	2	1	
Contributes to Team Learning	How the individual adds value to the group and helps them to reach their goals.	Offers new suggestions/ alternative solutions or courses of action that build on the ideas of others and may advance the work of the group.	Helps the team move forward by articulating the merits of ideas or proposals.	Shares ideas but does not advance the work of the group.	
Facilitates the Contributions of Team Members	How the individual engages with other team members and creates an inclusive learning environment.	Engages team members in ways that facilitate their contributions by both constructively building upon or synthesizing the contributions of others as well as noticing when someone is not participating and inviting them to engage.	Engages team members in ways that facilitate their contributions by actively listening, restating the views of other team members and/or asking questions for clarification.	Actively listening to others without interruption.	
Fosters Constructive Team Climate	How the individual promotes a team climate through their communications, behaviors, and attitudes within the group.	Supports a constructive team climate by doing all of the following:  • Treats team members respectfully by being polite and constructive in communication.  • Uses positive vocal or written tone, facial expressions, and/or body language to convey a positive attitude about the team and its work.  • Motivates teammates by expressing confidence about the importance of the task and the team's ability to accomplish it.  • Provides assistance and/or encouragement to team members.	Supports a constructive team climate by doing 2-3 of the characteristics in the exemplary column.	Supports a constructive team climate by doing only one of the characteristics in the exemplary column.	

## **Assessment Plan - Faculty Worksheet**

The following planning guide was provided to faculty during the LA FLC to assist with development of the required assessment plan of Student Learning Outcomes (SLOs) for new LA courses

Learning Assistant (LA) Program  education reimagined.  education reimagined.  Quality Enhancement Plan - Florida Atlantic University  with Atlantic University  FALEDU/GEP	education reimagine backets motors resource resultations FAU.EDU/GEP	d.			ant (LA) Program - Florida Atlantic	
ASSESSMENT Planning for QEP Courses  Course Prefix & Number: Course Name:  Faculty Name(s):  Date of Plan Submission:	Remember yo	ur design must: least ONE SL( least TWO add	D#1 sub-compete ditional sub-compe	ncy factor EAC tency factors A	ANNUALLY, from eith actors in your two-ye	ner SLO #2 or SLO #3. ear plan.
	Exam	ple Plan:				
STEP 1. Choose the SLOs that you will assess in the course.	SLO	Fall 2023	Spring 2024	Fall 2024	Spring 2025	
Beautiful and the second secon	1.1	X	X	X	X	
Remember you must eventually assess all three (3) main Student Learning Outcomes (SLOs) over your two-year plan. Use the list in appendix A at the end for complete SLO definitions and to guide your	2.1		X			
selection below.	2.6		Х	X		
	3.3			×		
SLO#1: Content Knowledge and Skills. Choose at least one of the sub-competency factors listed.      SLO1.1 Declarative Knowledge     SLO1.2 Technical Skills     BOTH      SLO #2: Critical Thinking and Problem Solving. Choose at least two of the six sub-competencies factors listed.	Enter SLO	your plan here				
SLO 2.1: Defining and Explaining an Issue/Problem SLO 2.2: Finding Evidence to Inform Strategies SLO 2.3: Considering Ethical Consequences SLO 2.4: Evaluating and Proposing Potential Solution(s)/Hypotheses SLO 2.6: Identifying Strategies SLO 2.6: Evaluating Conclusions and Related Outcomes  • SLO 2.6: Evaluating Conclusions and Related Outcomes  • SLO 3.1: Teamwork and Collaboration. Choose at least two of the three sub-competency factors listed.  SLO 3.1: Contributes to Team Learning SLO 3.2: Facilitates Contributions of Team Members SLO 3.3: Fosters a Constructive Team Climate:	You may wish	to modify this p	lan after consideri	ng step 3 belov	v.	



Learning Assistant (LA) Program Quality Enhancement Plan - Florida Atlantic University

#### STEP 3. Describe your assessment plan implementation.

- For each SLO you will need to consider:

  a) HOW you will assess it (e.g., MC test, paper, project, performance, presentation, etc.) and
  WHEN you will assess it (e.g., midterm, final, after students learn about "X")
  b) How you will GATHER results (i.e., pre-post testing, final project, final fiest, only one-time
  during the semester, etc.), and how you will REPORT results (e.g., which rating frequencies,
  mean test socress. 8 massites of the semester of the sem

#### SLO #1 - Content knowledge and skills- MUST be assessed EVERY time course is taught.

### A. Describe HOW and WHEN you will ASSESS this SLO and the selected competency factor(s).

Describe HOW and WHEN you will ASSESS unit size menut.

(Examples: "Hell measure SLO 1.1 by having all students compilete pine-test and post-test through LASSO using the Biology Concepts Instrument (BC) to measure learning gains throughout the semester. This instrument will also be given to students in the non-LA section of the course to allow for comparison or learning gains between LA and non-LA sections' OR "I will measure SLO 1.2 through resultation of a finite research popier and research popier and research popier and presentation and demonstrates the solit required for a research project. This evaluation will be completed on a standard notific for research projects and presentations?" OR "I will measure SLO. "I by having students demonstrate the ability to draw a graph of a given function as graded on a notific to see if the features of the graph were correctly derived."

#### B. Describe how you will GATHER and REPORT results from this assessment to the QEP/LA

C. Describe how you will USE the results from this assessment to improve your course.



Learning Assistant (LA) Program Quality Enhancement Plan - Florida Atlantic University

#### SLO #2 – Critical thinking and problem solving-MUST be assessed at least once every two years.

## A. Describe HOW and WHEN you will ASSESS this SLO and the selected competency factor(s).

Describe HOW and wirthen you will a 35% of units size and use account of the account of the specific. (Example: 4 will use formable assessment to evaluate critical intelligence problems enough for all students in the Calculus I counted affirmed points in the senesser, during seeds 3, 7, and 11. During each of those weeks, after the LA group work in challenges will be given a Canasia que with a challenging problem related to the topic covered with their group. The problem is under the counter of t

#### B. Describe how you will GATHER and REPORT results from this assessment to the QEP/LA

C. Describe how you will USE the results from this assessment to improve your course. own words and/or he evaluating the southons presented. This will allow the to add the toplating the problems considered in the explaining the problems cannow words and/or he evaluating the southons presented. This will allow the to address those enscorreciptions or gaps involving weeks. I will also use this to revise the curriculum during those weeks for when I leach the a future ferm."



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#### SLO #3 – Teamwork and Collaboration-MUST be assessed at least once every two years.

## A. Describe HOW and WHEN you will ASSESS this SLO and the selected competency factor(s).

Describe HOW and WHICH YOU will INDUCED IT THE SEASON TO SEE THE SEASON TO SEASON THE SEASON TO SEASON THE SEA

#### B. Describe how you will GATHER and REPORT results from this assessment to the QEP/LA

Program:

Throgram will provide an exact document listing each student by last 4 digits of 28 with their self-rating on each of the two assignments and a change value – the difference between their self-reported score on the two assignments. In addition, I will provide a summary report of the scores on the ruth's a stated by the TA. For those who were graded on the ruth's, a compart between self-reported score and TA score will be evaluated.)

C. Describe how you will USE the results from this assessment to improve your course. (Example: 1 will review after release 4 and 12 how students described their experience sizes.) The transmission of the second of



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#### STEP 4. Create your "Plan at-a-glance." Congratulations!

SLO	Fall 2023	Spring 2024	Fall 2024	Spring 2025
1.1	Lasso (Pre-post)	Lasso (Pre-post)	Lasso (Pre-post)	Lasso (Pre-post)
2.1		Canvas Quiz (weeks 3, 7 & 11)		
2.6		Canvas Quiz (weeks 3, 7 & 11)		
3.1			Canvas Assignment on Contribution (weeks 4 & 12)	
3.3			Canvas Assignment on Team Climate (weeks 4 & 12)	

SLO		



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#### APPENDIX A

SLO #1 – Content knowledge and skills: Students in LA courses will demonstrate acquisition of content edge and skills in alignment with course objectives.

- Factor 1.1: Declarative Knowledge
   Students will demonstrate knowledge of the vocabulary, history, theories, or concepts
   specific to the discipline.
   o These skills are usually assessed via in-class or standardized tests, typically in an
  - objective (multiple choice; short answer) format. Pre- and Post- conte assessments/concept inventories are suggested.
- Factor 1.2: Technical Skills

Students will apply key course concepts by demonstrating technical skills related to the

Students will appriy any description of discipline.

These skills are usually assessed via an in-class project (e.g., case study, model of the control of th Treese satilis are usually assessive an environment of project (e.g., cost of development/real-world solver), paper analysis), observation (e.g., foreign language oral presofivation, most fitting, real plays musical performance, demonstration of statistics of solvere), or software), or portfolio (e.g., lesson plans, marketing planifusiness report, at showcase, lab notebook, reasoring hyper socing, per socing, or instructor or based on student reflections).

SLO #2 - Critical thinking and problem solving: Students in LA courses will demonstrate critical thinking and/or problem-solving skills as measured by elements identified on the modified/combined AAC&U Value rubric and/or faculty embedded assessment strategies.

Factor 2.1: Defining and Explaining an Issue/Problem

Students will cohesively and thoroughly articulate an issue/problem.

Factor 2.2: Finding Evidence to Inform Strategies

Students will select and use valid information to thoroughly investigate a problem.

Factor 2.3: Considering Ethical Consequences

Students will select and use valid information to thoroughly investigate a problem.

Factor 2.4: Evaluating and Proposing Potential Solution(s)/Hypotheses

Students will recognize issues in reasoning or approach and weigh impacts for a particular solution.

Factor 2.5: Identifying Strategies

Students will select and use appropriate strategies to address an issue/problem.

Factor 2.6: Evaluating Conclusions and Related Outcomes

Students will examine outcomes to determine if it logically fits with the situation and consider ways for building upon the outcome.

- Factors for Critical Thinking & Problem-Solving can be assessed through many means:

  Some skills may be assessed through examining the quality of the process, rather than the quality of an end-product. As a result, evidence may be collected through student reflections on the process, steps in a problem-base learning assignment, or having students explain their reasoning while solving a problem.

  Some elements can be assessed by examining the quality of argument in a student essay, oral presentation/discussion, formal report, or student reflection.

  Elements can also be assessed through assignments or group activities that require students to complete analyses of text, data, case studies, or issues.



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SLO #3 – Teamwork and Collaboration: Students in LA courses will demonstrate teamwork skills required for effective collaboration as measured by elements on the modified AAC&U Value Rubric.

• Factor 3.1: Contributes to Team Learning

• Students will demonstrate how they add value to the group and help the group to reach

- Students with undersonable fractor 32. Facilitates Contributions of Team Members
   Students will engage with other team members and create an inclusive learning
- Students will engage with other team frienders and create an inclusive realising enrichment.
   Factor 3.3: Fosters a Constructive Team Climate.
   Sudents will promote a constructive team climate through their communications, behaviors, and attitudes within the group.

Teamwork and collaboration skills MUST be assessed on the modified <u>AAC&U Teamwork Value</u> <u>Rubric</u>. This can be done via peer-assessment (e.g., group members assess each other), self-assessment and reflection, or assessment by the instructor or LA.

# **Appendix F: Resources & Budget**

## **QEP Planning and 5-Year Budget**

Education Reimagined - QEP BUDGET (Revised 8/22/23)

		Planning	Planning						
		Year I	Year II	Pilot Year 1	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5
Category	Item description	(2021-2022)	(2022-23)	(2023-24)	(2024-25)	(2025-26)	(2026-27)	(2027-28)	(2028-29)
	Director, LA Program - additional salary &								
	benefits (above existing salary as director of	tos 000	607.116	642.070	642.070	642.070	642.070	642.070	642.07
	MLC) Co-QEP leader (additional funding for J.	\$25,920	\$27,115	\$43,872	\$43,872	\$43,872	\$43,872	\$43,872	\$43,87
	Bebergal to assist with aspects of QEP								
	development with responsibility for marketing								
	and assessment; teaching of 1 pedagogy course								
	per semester - fall/spring)	\$13,400	\$13,557	\$13,710	\$13,710	\$13,710	\$13,710	\$13,710	\$13,710
	Assistant Director S&B (oversight of								
Staff	coordinator; assist with management of all parts								
	of the LA program including oversight of LAs,								
	budget, teaching of pedagogy courses, assessment, etc.)	\$27,416	\$83,728	\$88,117	\$88,117	\$88,117	\$88,117	\$88,117	\$88,117
	Coordinator (oversight of LAs; budget/HR;	Ψ27,110	\$65,720	\$00,117	ψ00,117	\$00,117	400,117	V00,117	ψ00,11
	marketing; website; LA Campus liaison)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$67,179	\$67,179	\$67,179	\$67,179
	•								
	Staff and LA faculty professional development: Conference travel including SACSCOC annual								
	conference for QEP/LA Program staff								
	1	\$10,000	\$18,000	\$6,000	\$8,000	\$8,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$8,000
OPS (LA	Pre-QEP LA program cost for LAs (math/chem:								
continuation)	MAC2210, MAC1147, MAC2311, MAC2312, CHM2046)	\$143,094	\$165,818	\$200,000	\$200,000	\$215,000	\$215,000	\$215,000	\$215,000
	CHIVI2040)	\$145,054	\$16,000		\$100,000	\$110,000		\$110,000	\$110,000
			<b>\$10,000</b>	<b>\$100,000</b>	\$75,000	\$82,000	\$82,000	\$82,000	\$82,000
ODC (LA NEW)	LA student employment costs; initial coverage is					\$82,000	\$82,000	\$82,000	\$82,000
OPS (LA NEW)	for 1-2 sections of multi-section courses only during a pilot period.						\$55,000	\$55,000	\$55,000
	during a prior period.							\$55,000	\$55,000
									\$55,000
LA Office	Phones, copier, supplies, subscriptions, and	£2.000	62.000	65,000	62.000	62.000	62.000	to 000	62.00
Expense	misc. costs	\$2,000	\$2,000	\$5,000	\$2,000	\$2,000	\$2,000	\$2,000	\$2,000
	Website development (planning year);								
	marketing materials (mainly planning and year 1								
Marketing costs	for SACSCOC visit); "identification materials"								
	such as LA shirts and nametags; give-away items for QEP focus in planning and year 1								
	nems for QLI rocus in painting uno year 1	\$25,000	\$18,673	\$7,500	\$5,000	\$4,000	\$4,000	\$2,500	\$2,500
	Spreading the word across FAU (events on all	<u> </u>		T		T .	<u> </u>		
QEP "events"	campuses with refreshments; office decorating;								
_	etc.)	\$0	\$(	\$10,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	
	LA Campus software and Gradescope, devices								
Technology	for online LAs	\$0	\$15,000	\$4,950	\$0	\$(	\$0	\$0	\$
	LA Office computers; laptops; etc. (new								
	Coordinator)	\$2,500				\$2,000			
Assessment	External evaluator(s) in year 3 Assist with annual assessment and reporting;	\$0	\$(	\$2,500	\$0	\$0	\$10,000	\$0	S
Research GRA	Stipend from LA Office, waiver from Graduate								
recocareir Grea	College	\$0	\$(	\$5,500	\$11.000	\$11,000	\$11,000	\$11.000	\$11,00
	LA Faculty Learning Community - LA-FLCs -			42,200	411,000	411,000	711,000	011,000	411,00
	\$4,000/faculty or \$8,000 max per course (once								
Faculty	per year in Spring)	\$9,043	\$13,90	\$28,350	\$28,350	\$24,300	\$24,300	\$24,300	\$16,20
development	New instructor for previously redesigned course	:							
ac recopilisation	training and compensation (\$1050 for								
	completion)	\$0							
Program	Faculty Mentors (max 3 per year \$1000)  Faculty stipends for development of pedagogy	\$0	\$4,500	\$4,500	\$3,000	\$3,000	\$3,000	\$3,000	\$1,50
Program Development	and LA-FLC content; non-content assessments	\$0							
_	Annual showcase each spring- for LA courses to		1	+		1			
Development,	arrent on best arretions, automos, etc.	\$0	)	\$2,000	\$2,000	\$2,000	\$2,000	\$2,000	\$2,00
Recognition and Sharing	Awards for faculty and LA recognition								
SHIIIII	(certificates and awards)	\$0		\$500	\$500	\$500	\$500	\$500	\$50
	/								
One-time costs	Classoom renovation for active learning	\$123,056 \$381,429							