

Instructions for Fair Use Checklist

Under certain circumstances, the US Copyright Act allows for the "fair use" of copyrighted material without the permission of the copyright owner. Fair use aims to strike a balance between the rights of copyright owners and the public's need to access and utilize copyrighted content. This checklist is a tool that may assist you in making a well-reasoned and balanced assessment of whether your proposed activities could be considered fair use. However, it does not establish a definitive answer on fair use and is provided as a general resource. Nothing contained in this document should be construed as legal advice.

When using this checklist, give careful consideration to each factor listed within the four categories and check all boxes that apply. As this tool aims to assist you in organizing your assessment of fair use, the last section asks for your conclusion. Once finished, keep a copy of the completed form in case you need to provide evidence of your reasonable and good-faith efforts in evaluating your fair use of the copyrighted materials.

Keep in mind that the University Libraries may have a license to use the materials as you intend, in which case there would be no need to consider whether fair use applies – and no need to use this checklist.

Fair Use of Copyrighted Materials

Name:	Date:
Project:	
PURPOSE O	F USE
Favoring Fair Use	Opposing Fair use
Teaching (including multiple copies for classroom use) Research Scholarship Nonprofit educational Institution Criticism	Commercial activity Profiting from the use Entertainment Bad faith behavior Denying credit to original author
Comment News reporting Transformative or productive use (changes work for new utility) Restricted access (to students or other appropriate group) Parody	

NATURE OF MATERIALS BEING USED

Favoring Fair Use Opposing Fair use

Published work Unpublished works

Factual or nonfiction based Highly creative work (art, music, novels, films, plays)

Important to favored educational objectives Fiction

AMOUNT OF USE

Favoring Fair Use Opposing Fair use

Small quantity Large portion or whole work used

Portion used is not central or significant to entire work

Portion used is central to work or "heard of the work"

Amount is appropriate for favored educational purpose

(only use as much as is necessary)

EFFECT OF USE

Favoring Fair Use Opposing Fair use

User owns lawfully acquired or purchased copy of Could replace sale of copyrighted work

original work Significantly impairs market or potential market for

One or few copies are made copyrighted work or derivative

No significant effect on the market or potential market

Reasonably available licensing mechanism for use of the

for copyrighted work copyrighted work

No similar product marketed by the copyright holder Affordable permission available for using work

Lack of licensing mechanism Numerous copies made

You made it accessible on Web or other public forum

Repeated or long-term use

CONCLUSION

NAOMI: Is it reasonable to conclude that, in balancing the applicable factors above, the factors favor "fair use"

Yes

No

EFFECT OF USE

Favoring Fair Use

User owns lawfully acquired or purchased copy of original work

One or few copies are made

No significant effect on the market or potential market for copyrighted work

No similar product marketed by th

No similar product marketed by the copyright holder Lack of licensing mechanism

Opposing Fair use

Could replace sale of copyrighted work

Significantly impairs market or potential market for

copyrighted work or derivative

Reasonably available licensing mechanism for use of the copyrighted work

Affordable permission available for using work

Numerous copies made

You made it accessible on Web or other public forum Repeated or long-term use

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Yes

No

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