

2026



Annual Security Report & Fire Safety Report

Published October 2026

Issued for 2025-2026 Academic Year
*Includes crime statistics for calendar years
2023, 2024 and 2025

This information is provided for Florida Atlantic Boca Raton, Harbor Branch Oceanographic Institute (HBOI), MacArthur-Jupiter, Davie, SeaTech (Dania Beach) and Fort Lauderdale campuses



Published October 2026.

For the most up to date ASR, go to www.fau.edu/police/clery.php

FLORIDA ATLANTIC UNIVERSITY

Vision Statement

Florida Atlantic University aspires to be recognized as a university known for excellence and accessible undergraduate and graduate education, distinguished for the quality of its programs across multiple campuses and classified as a very high research institution that is internationally acclaimed for its contributions to creativity and research as well as its collaborations with regional partners.

Mission Statement

Florida Atlantic University is a multi-campus public research university that pursues excellence in its missions of research, scholarship, creative activity, teaching and active engagement with its communities.

Values

Excellence- In teaching, research and public service;
Accountability- Taking responsibility for action and being outcome-based;
Teamwork- Seeking collaborative strategies to solve problems;
Integrity- Telling the truth and delivering on our commitments;
Playing to Win- And helping others win;
Innovation- Striving for creative solutions and continuous improvement;
Student Success- Wholly committing ourselves to our students' futures;
Safety- Providing a secure campus environment;
Shared Governance- Making decisions through collaborative processes;
Professionalism- Performing our responsibilities with ethical behavior;
Customer Service- Exceeding the expectations of our clientele;
Respect- Treating people the way we want to be treated;
Engagement- Collaborating with community to benefit all stakeholders.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTION	3
Campus Resources	6
CAMPUS SAFETY	7
FAU Alerts	7
Emergency Notification	7
Victim Services	9
Florida Atlantic Police Department	10
Emergency Blue Light Phones	13
Reporting Procedures and Policies	14
Sexual Assault, Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, and Stalking	15
Hazing Policy and Prevention Programs	20
Bystander Intervention	22
Risk Reduction Strategies	23
Timely Warnings	25
Emergency Response	25
Missing Persons Procedure	27
Active Shooter	28
Shelter-in-Place	29
UNIVERSITY CRIME PREVENTION AND SAFETY EDUCATION PROGRAMS	30
Office of Civil Rights and Title IX	30
Owls Care Health Promotion	31
Owls Alliance Against Sexual Assault	33
Alcohol/Illegal/Illicit Drugs and Substance Use Education	36
Regulation 4.007- Alcohol/Illicit Drug Student Conduct Violation	38
RESIDENCE HALL AND CAMPUS BUILDINGS	40
POLICY UPDATES	42
CLERY ACT	42
Geography	42
Compliance	42
Definitions	44
Crime Statistics	49-54
ANNUAL FIRE SAFETY REPORT	55-84

INTRODUCTION

The Florida Atlantic University Annual Security Report and Fire Safety Report is published in compliance with the Jeanne Clery Campus Safety Act, the State of Florida Campus Security Enhancement Act, and the Violence Against Women Act (VAWA). This report includes statistics for the previous three years concerning reported crimes on campus, in certain off-campus buildings or property owned or controlled by Florida Atlantic, and on public property within or immediately adjacent to and accessible from university property. The report also includes institutional policies on campus security policies concerning alcohol and drug use, crime prevention, hazing, the reporting of crimes, and other matters. **The full text of the report and the most up-to-date report are available online at <http://www.fau.edu/police/clery.php>.**

This report is prepared with local law enforcement agencies, the Florida Atlantic Police Department (PD), Victim Services, Emergency Management, OWLS Care Health and Promotion, Housing and Residential Education, Office of Student Conduct and Conflict Resolution, Environmental Health and Safety, and the Office of Civil Rights and Title IX (OCR9). These entities provide updated information on their educational efforts and programs to comply with the Clery Act.

Campus crime, arrest, and referral statistics include those reported to the Florida Atlantic Police Department, designated campus security authorities as defined under the Clery Act law, and local and outside law enforcement agencies. A notification is sent to all enrolled students, faculty, and staff each year. The notification provides information on how to access the Annual Security Report online. Hard copies of this report may also be obtained at the Florida Atlantic Police Department at 777 Glades Road, Bldg. 69, Boca Raton, FL 33431, (561) 297- 3500. All prospective employees may obtain a copy from Florida Atlantic's Department of Human Resources located in building IS-4. Attendees at new employee orientation are directed where the report can be accessed.

The policies in the report apply to all six campuses: Boca Raton, Harbor Branch Oceanographic Institution (HBOI), MacArthur, Davie, Sea Tech (Dania Beach) and Ft. Lauderdale, unless otherwise stated in a section of the report. The crime statistics in this report are presented in separate crime statistics charts for each campus as required by law.

A MESSAGE FROM THE EXECUTIVE VICE PRESIDENT & CHIEF OPERATING OFFICER



Florida Atlantic's commitment to the safety and well-being of our Owl family continues to be of paramount importance. In 1986, the tragic loss of Jeanne Clery changed the face of campus safety across the country. This tragedy led to important legislation known as the Clery Act which aids in the safeguarding of our students, faculty, staff, and visitors. Campus safety at Florida Atlantic University is the top priority. As such, our commitment to the reporting of any and all acts of violence, crimes, and other matters, as well as the training of our police and staff to help the victims is of the utmost importance to our university. Our compliance with the Clery Act is a reinforcement of that commitment and our responsibility to our Owl Family...to your family. Safety, and victim advocacy are the responsibility of us all. As Executive Vice President, I emphasize that the Division of Administrative Affairs

and the university has demonstrated our commitment to safety by expanding our police force and our crime prevention efforts through innovative technology and education. We work with each area and department of the university to ensure a safe environment for all. Additionally, our officers are continually exposed to training efforts in collaboration with other law enforcement agencies. We protect our Owl family.

Thank you for choosing Florida Atlantic. Thank you for being a part of the Owl family and trusting us to protect that family. We encourage you to read the following reports and to ask questions. Always remember, campus safety is all of our responsibility – see something – say something.

Go Owls,

Stacy Volnick, Ph.D.
Executive Vice President



FLORIDA ATLANTIC POLICE DEPARTMENT

A MESSAGE FROM THE CHIEF OF POLICE



The Florida Atlantic Police Department's mission goes beyond law enforcement; we are dedicated to cultivating a safe and vibrant environment where everyone in the Florida Atlantic community can thrive. From students, faculty, staff, visitors, and surrounding neighbors, we are proud to partner with you to foster a secure space where learning, discovery, and personal growth are not only possible but encouraged.

Safety is not a static goal; it's a continuous commitment. As the university evolves, our department finds strategic ways to grow as well. We have strengthened our operations through training, developing different divisions such as our Behavioral Services Unit, and making our presence known through community engagement.

Guided by our core values, we strive to serve with integrity and compassion, every single day. This Annual Security and Fire Safety Report provides important information about all the resources available to keep you informed and empowered. I encourage you to take full advantage of the information we provide, which you can also learn more about on our website at www.fau.edu/police.

If there is anything we can do to support your safety or well-being, please reach out to us at 561-297-3500 or visit us in Building 69 on the Boca Raton Campus.

Thank you for choosing Florida Atlantic University and for being an essential part of our campus community. Together, we can build a safer future. Go Owls!

Sean Brammer, Chief of Police



CAMPUS RESOURCES

Boca Raton (Main Campus)

Counseling and Psychological Services (CAPS)	(561) 297-2277
Office of Title IX & Civil Rights	(561) 297-3004
Victim Services	(561) 297-0500
Environmental Health & Safety	(561) 297-3129
Student Accessibility Services	(561) 297-3880
Health Promotions	(561) 297-1048
Health Services	(561) 297-3512
Night Owls	(561) 297-6695
Owl Express Shuttle	(561) 297-2771
Dean of Students	(561) 297-3542
University Ombuds	(561) 297-3693
Student Legal Assistance	(561) 297-3007
Boca Raton Regional Hospital	(561) 955-7100
Weather Hotline	(800) 8FAUOWL
Florida Atlantic Police Department (PD)	(561) 297-3500

Dania Campus (SeaTech)

101 N. Beach Road
Dania Beach, FL 33004
Security Desk: (954) 448-8530

Memorial Hospital
3400 N. 29th Avenue
Hollywood, FL 33020
(954) 276-3403

Davie Campus

3200 College Avenue
Davie, FL 33314
Security Desk: (954) 263-1140

Westside Regional Hospital
3476 S. University Drive
Davie, FL 33314
(954) 723-1400

Ft. Lauderdale Campus

111 East Las Olas Boulevard
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33312
Florida Atlantic PD: (954) 828-5700

Kindred Hospital
SE 16th Avenue
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301
(954) 764-8900

Harbor Branch Oceanographic Institute (HBOI)

5600 US 1 North
Fort Pierce, FL 34946
Duty Officer: (772) 216-1124

Lawnwood Regional
1700 S. 23rd Street
Fort Pierce, FL 34950
(772) 461-4000

Jupiter-MacArthur Campus

5353 Parkside Drive
Jupiter, FL 33458
Florida Atlantic PD: (561) 799-8700
Duty Officer: (561) 339-0015

Jupiter Medical Center
1210 S. Old Dixie Hwy
Jupiter, FL 33458
(561) 263-2234

FAU ALERTS

Emergency Notifications

FAU Alert is the alert and notification system used to inform the university community of potential or actual emergency events or threats. The university recognizes that no single method of communication will reach everyone, everywhere, every time. Therefore, FAU Alert comprises of several tools including:

- Mass email
- Text Messaging
- Phone calls
- Social Media (FB, Twitter)
- Outdoor sirens
- Desktop Alerting
- Media advisories
- University webpages
- Digital signage

Local news media can be used to disseminate emergency information to members of the border community, including neighbors, parents, and other interested parties. The larger community can also access emergency information via the Florida Atlantic homepage and/or social media.

Status updates and follow-up information to the university are sent after an initial notification message has been previously disseminated. These notifications may be released when there is additional information or instructions for the university population, such as changes in protective actions. Once the university/campus is deemed secure, an "All Clear" alert will be sent via FAU Alert. Status updates and follow-up information may be sent via the same modalities as the initial message as well as being posted on www.fau.edu/advisory.

The Florida Atlantic Police Department (Chief of Police) and the Florida Atlantic Department of Emergency Management (Director of Emergency Management) share responsibility for developing the content of FAU Alert messages. The process also stipulates that an immediate emergency message will be sent to the Florida Atlantic community without delay. The message must consider the community's safety, determine the notification's content, and initiate the notification system.

The following individuals are authorized to determine whether an alert message should be launched:

- President
- Provost
- Vice President, Administrative Affairs
- Vice President, Public Affairs



- Chief of Police
- Director, Emergency Management
- Director, Environmental Health and Safety
- Highest Ranking University Police Department Officer on site or available by phone

Full testing of the FAU Alert system components occurs twice a year. These tests are announced to the university community, key external partners, local emergency management officials and the surrounding communities when campuses are equipped with outdoor warning systems.

How do I sign up for the FAU Alert System?

Students:

Log into MyFAU at <https://myfau.fau.edu/>
Click successively on:

"FAU Self-Service (OWLS)"

"Personal Information"

"Update FAU Alert Telephone Numbers" and follow the instructions. Do not forget to click "Submit" to save your changes

Staff and Faculty:

Log into Workday at <http://workday.fau.edu>
Click: "Personal Information"

"FAU Alert System" and follow the instructions

Do not forget to click "Submit" to save your changes.



OWL READY

Download the **FREE** OWL READY safety app to check in with family, friends, campus safety, or others you trust to help you stay safe both on and off campus.

With the OWL READY app, you can:

- Easily Access Emergency and Non-Emergency Contacts - Dial directly from the app
- Virtually Walk Friends Home - Recruit friends and family to virtually accompany you on your walk home at night.
- Turn Your Phone into a Mobile Blue Light - Send your location to the Florida Atlantic Police Department in real-time in case of a crisis.
- Easily Access Emergency Guides and Information for Many Situations:
 - a. Emergency Kits
 - b. Disabilities and Access Needs
 - c. Evacuation
 - d. Threats
 - e. Medical Emergencies
 - f. Facilities-related Emergencies
 - g. Other Emergency Situations
- Access Current Weather Updates - Obtain current weather updates for all campuses
- Use Language Translation - instantly translate words, phrases, and web pages.
- See Something, Say Something - Report a safety/security concern to appropriate University units.
- Receive FAU Alerts - Receive emergency alerts from Florida Atlantic.

Download Owl Ready from the App Store & Google Play Today!



VICTIM SERVICES

HERE TO HELP

Empower, Support, Care

Florida Atlantic Victim Services assists students, staff, faculty, and community members who identify as victims or seek additional support due to an incident. Victim Services provides support whether the incident occurred recently, in the past, on or off campus. The office assists with all types of victim-related concerns. Most people have little contact with the university and criminal justice system, which can be confusing, intimidating, and frustrating.

Victim Services is here to help.

Services

- Crisis Intervention
- Emotional support
- Safety planning
- Reporting options (on and off campus)
- Academic and living arrangement assistance
- Referrals to on- and off campus resources
- Medical appointment assistance
- Assistance filing injunctions for protection
- Liaison between institutional and criminal justice systems

While making an official report is encouraged, it is never required. Victim Services is available even if the crime is not reported. All services are free. Victim Services is not a confidential resource; however, information is only shared to departments/agencies that need to know. Victim Services can refer victims to confidential services available on and off campus. Regardless of whether a victim elects to pursue a criminal complaint or whether the offense is alleged to have occurred on or off campus, the university will assist victims. Victim Services is available to connect in person, over the phone or virtually with individuals.

Victims may choose for the investigation to be pursued through the criminal justice system, or have the matter reviewed by the Office of Civil Rights and Title IX or the Office of Student Conduct and Conflict Resolution. The victim advocate will guide the victim through the available options and support the victim in their decision. Victim Services staff are also subject to court orders and subpoena.

Recommendations for survivors and victims of Sexual Assault, Domestic or Dating Violence, Stalking

If you or someone you know has been directly impacted by sexual assault, domestic or dating violence, and/or stalking and you are unsure about your options which includes reporting, please contact Victim Services.

- Call 561-297-0500 (ask to speak to an advocate)
- Get to a safe place
- Talk to someone you trust
- Preserve Evidence, if possible
- Seek Medical Attention

Florida Atlantic has procedures in place that serve to be sensitive to people who report sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking, including informing individuals about their right to file criminal charges as well as the availability of counseling, health, mental health, victim advocacy, legal assistance, visa and immigration assistance and other services on and/or off campus as well as additional remedies to prevent contact between the victim and an accused party, such as housing, academic, transportation and working accommodations, if reasonably available. Florida Atlantic will make such accommodations regardless of whether the victim chooses to report the crime to the Florida Atlantic Police Department or local law enforcement and/or the university.

Any person who obtains an order of protection/no contact order from Florida or any reciprocal state should provide a copy to the Florida Atlantic Police Department and/or Victim Services. A victim may meet with Victim Services to develop a Safety Plan, which is a plan to reduce the risk of harm while on and off campus. This plan may include, but is not limited to, security services, special parking arrangements, changing classroom location, or allowing a student to complete assignments from home, etc. The university cannot apply for a legal order of protection, a no-contact order, or a restraining order for a victim. The university may issue an institutional no-contact order if deemed appropriate for the victim or accused.

Victim Services Contact Information

24/7 Phone Number:

Call: 561-297-0500 (ask for an advocate)

S.E. Wimberly Library, Room 156

Boca Raton, FL 33431

Main Office: (561) 297-4841

Open M-F, 8am- 5pm

Email: victimservices@fau.edu

<https://www.fau.edu/police/victim-services/>

www.fau.edu/dean/victimservices/

FLORIDA ATLANTIC POLICE DEPARTMENT



Mission

The Florida Atlantic Police Department supports the university's mission by providing a safe environment for our academic community through a combination of proactive and innovative law enforcement services and community engagement.

Vision

The Florida Atlantic Police Department is a high-caliber organization of professionals that provides our diverse community with the most efficient and effective public safety service possible. While providing the services we will ensure that we maintain optimal efficiency cultivating high professional and ethical standards, providing ongoing training and continued assessment of the needs of our community.

Values

- Commitment
- Professionalism
- Integrity
- Respect
- Accountability
- Service
- Compassion

Enforcement and Jurisdiction

Florida Atlantic Police Department (PD) is the law enforcement authority of Florida Atlantic University. There are 6 divisions within the police department: Patrol, Investigations, Traffic Enforcement, Community Engagement, School Resource Officer (SRO), and Special Operations.

Road patrol is the most visible presence of the Florida Atlantic PD and operates with a proactive problem-solving philosophy. Officers provide response to crimes in progress, call for service, engage in traffic enforcement activities, investigate traffic crashes, and conduct criminal investigations.

Road patrol uses marked and unmarked police vehicles, bicycles, and foot patrols to effectively ensure the safety and security of all students, faculty, staff, and visitors to the university.

Our officers are out in the community with their focus on developing community partnership. Officers enforce traffic laws, investigate, and report criminal activity and assist crime prevention in keeping Florida Atlantic one of the state's safest universities. Our officers are out in the community with their focus on developing community partnership.

The Traffic Enforcement unit consists of two police officers who also use motorcycles to provide safety and educate the public on traffic safety. The Motor Unit performs many functions for the department and the university community, including, but not limited to, traffic enforcement in high-traffic areas in and around campus. The Motorcycle Officers also provides specialized functions, including escorts of dignitaries, player bus for home athletics games, and security for the teams.

Our Special Operations division includes six K9 officers and two breezeway officers. The K9 Unit dogs are assigned roles divided into explosives detection, firearms detection, multi-purpose work, and therapy. Breezeway Officers are stationed at the breezeway to provide quicker response times to incidents there.

Our SRO Officers ensure safety at our K-12 school. The SRO program is a proactive strategy in community-oriented policing and crime prevention.

The Investigation Division investigates crimes committed relative to Florida Atlantic. This Division works closely with our Dean of Students Office and plays a critical role in the well-being and safety of our university community. Personnel in this division are trained to investigate complex criminal cases and work with external law enforcement agencies to provide a safe environment and healthy learning experience.

Community Engagement Unit helps build relationships between the police department, students, and staff to better engage the community to achieve long-term relationships and trust.

The safety and well-being of the university community is our top priority and is achieved through a strong presence based on a community-oriented policing model. PD's jurisdiction includes all property owned or controlled by the university, as well as streets adjacent to and running through campus. If minor offenses involving university rules and regulations are committed by a university student, the campus police may also refer the individual to the Dean of Students.

Florida Atlantic PD has a strong interagency relationship with surrounding agencies on all Florida Atlantic property. The police department maintains excellent working and mutual aid relationships by coordinating responses to crimes when called upon.

The department personnel work closely with local, state, and federal police agencies, and have direct radio communication with the Boca Raton Police Department, Jupiter Police Department and St. Lucie County Sheriff's Office. The Florida Atlantic Police Department is part of the Palm Beach County 911 Emergency System and a member of Palm Beach County's Law Enforcement Mutual Aid Agreement.

The Florida Atlantic Police Department is also a member of the Palm Beach County Regional Task Force along with the Boca Raton Police Department, the Palm Beach County Sheriff's Office, and several other departments regarding the investigation of major criminal incidents. Because of these relationships, outside agencies will contact university personnel when an Florida Atlantic student is involved in criminal activity if that student self-discloses his or her Florida Atlantic affiliation.

Florida Atlantic also operates non-residential education centers at Harbor Branch Oceanographic Institute, Davie Higher Education Complex and Sea Tech. While the Florida Atlantic police department maintains primary law enforcement jurisdiction at these centers, the local municipal police departments where each center is located will likely be the first responders should an emergency occur.

Florida Atlantic does not have any sanctioned off-campus housing facilities. By mutual agreement with state and federal agencies, the university police department maintains a National Law Enforcement Telecommunications System (NLETS) terminal. Through this system, police personnel may access the National Crime Information Center (NCIC) system as well as the Florida Crime Information Center (FCIC).

These computer databases are used for accessing criminal history data, nationwide police records, driver/vehicle identification information, as well as other local, state, and federal law enforcement information.

Body Cameras

To ensure transparency, fairness, accountability, and protection to its employees and community members, sworn police personnel wear body cameras when investigating both emergency and non-emergency situations. The Florida Atlantic Police Department body cameras can record both sound and quality imagery, to ensure officers are acting professionally when interacting with community members.

Campus Operations

Boca Raton Campus

The Boca Raton Campus of Florida Atlantic is staffed with 52 sworn law enforcement officers (including the Command Staff) who are dedicated to maintaining a positive educational environment for the university community. The Command Staff includes a Chief, one Deputy Chief, two Captains, and two Lieutenants.

MacArthur Campus

The MacArthur Campus, located in Jupiter, Florida, is staffed with eleven sworn law enforcement officers. Law enforcement services are provided on a 24-hour basis, seven days a week. The department maintains primary responsibility for campus safety and security, while the Jupiter Police Department provides assistance and mutual aid when additional resources or support are needed. There are no non-sworn support staff on the MacArthur Campus. The campus includes three residential halls that house approximately 450 students. Within the residence halls, there are eight efficiency apartments that are rented to visiting professors, student interns, and other members of the community.

Harbor Branch Campus

The Harbor Branch Oceanographic Institute (HBOI) Campus is staffed by nine full time employees. There are three sworn personnel: a Lieutenant, a sergeant, and a police officer, and six non-sworn Police Service Aides (PSAs) who provide 24/7 coverage of the campus. The Harbor Branch Campus is in St. Lucie County on the eastern shore and is considered a Homeland Security point of entry. The United States Coast Guard along with the Florida Fish and Wildlife Commission work in conjunction with our staff to conduct inspections as well as maintain a secure environment for research being conducted on the campus.

Broward Campus

The Broward Campus is divided into three locations: Davie Campus located in the City of Davie, SeaTech Campus located in Dania Beach and Ft. Lauderdale Campus located in Downtown Ft. Lauderdale. Broward Campuses are commanded by a Captain, a Sergeant, two sworn officer and eight non-sworn Police Service Aides (PSAs). The PSAs work three shifts to provide 24/7 coverage on the Davie Campus and two shifts providing 16-hour coverage on the SeaTech Campus.

On the Davie Campus, we are partnered with the Davie Police Department. On the SeaTech Campus in Dania Beach, we partner with Broward County Sheriff's Office, and on the Ft. Lauderdale Campus, we are partnered with Ft. Lauderdale Police for support if necessary.

FLORIDA ATLANTIC POLICE DEPARTMENT

(CONT.)

Crime Prevention and Awareness

The Crime Prevention Programs are based upon the dual concepts of eliminating or minimizing criminal opportunities whenever possible, and encouraging students, faculty, and staff, to be responsible for both their security and the security of others.

Orientation

During the new student orientation, students and their families are informed about the types of crimes that occur on campus and the prevention resources offered by the Florida Atlantic Police Department.

New Employee Training

The department has teamed up with Human Resources to present a virtual general information seminar to all employees about resources and ways to prevent crime. We offer suggestions on how to reduce crime in the employees' work area and provide resources offered by Florida Atlantic Police Department.

Crime Prevention Presentations

Part of the responsibilities of a crime prevention officer is to present various topics to educate the public. We are available to speak to your group or organization at a time and location of your choosing. Topics that can be presented include but are not limited to alcohol awareness, drug awareness, theft prevention, general duties of the police, personal safety, sexual assault awareness, and dating/domestic violence, active shooter/stop the bleed.

If you or your group are interested in having a representative of the University Police speak to you or your organization, please email our Crime Prevention team at: faupd_engage@fau.edu

CPTED

Florida Atlantic Police Department offers security surveys by Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design (CPTED) Practitioners. The purpose of the surveys is to provide security recommendations with the goal of enhancing safety on campus. CPTED reviews involve four overlapping strategies including natural surveillance, territorial reinforcement, natural access control, and target hardening. To request a survey or your unit and/or building email faupd_engage@fau.edu.

Community Service Officer

The Community Service Officer (CSO) program employs students in a security capacity on the Boca Raton campus.

The objectives of the CSO program are to provide a safer living and working environment for the campus community, to enhance safety through vehicle, foot, and golf cart patrol, and to provide students with information about campus safety. All CSO employees are provided with basic security and first aid training.

Hours of operation:

Monday-Friday: 8 am – 4 pm

Saturday & Sunday: Hours varies

Hours of operation may vary during the summer

S.A.F.E Program

The Florida Atlantic Police Department's Safety Awareness through Fellowship and Education (S.A.F.E) program expands the community-oriented policing foundation by assigning specific officers to geographical areas and housing residences throughout campus.

These officers serve as liaisons with the campus community by providing direct contact to campus constituents, conducting presentations, and providing immediate feedback to address problems or concerns.

To contact an officer to the campus community by providing direct contact with campus constituents, delivering or for further information, please call the Police Department at (561) 297-3500 or email faupd_engage@fau.edu.

Therapy K-9

The FAU Police Therapy K-9 Unit provides emotional support, stress relief, and community engagement services to students, faculty, staff, and visitors. The specially trained therapy K9 attend campus events, wellness programs, critical incident responses, and outreach activities to promote mental health, reduce anxiety, and strengthen positive relationships between the university community and law enforcement. The unit serves as a valuable resource for fostering a safe, supportive, and connected campus environment.

Emergency Blue Light Phones

Florida Atlantic police department has an extensive network of emergency assistance phones. The emergency blue light phones, identified by a blue light, are posted in various locations on the Boca and Jupiter campuses. If you have concerns for your safety, are in danger or wish to have a security escort, simply follow the instructions posted.

If you need help, simply press the red button on the call box. The phones are connected directly to the Florida Atlantic Police Department. You may also use the mobile blue light feature in the Owl Ready App. These phones are only to be used in case of emergency. Tampering with or making a false call on these phones will result in university Housing disciplinary action in accordance with the Florida Atlantic Student Code of Conduct.

As part of safety preparedness, the campus is encouraged to be aware of the locations of the nearest Emergency Blue Light phones.

To locate blue lights on the Boca Raton campus, please visit:

<https://www.fau.edu/police/information/blue-lights/>, where you'll be able to use an interactive map and locate a blue light phone near you. You can also use the Blue Light Phone feature on the Owl Ready App.



Reporting Procedures and Policies

We encourage all members of the university community to report all crimes and other emergencies to the Florida Atlantic Police Department immediately. Crimes should be reported to the Police Department for the purpose of making timely warning reports to the community and for inclusion in the annual statistical disclosure.

Crimes and emergencies can be reported by contacting any of the following authorities, 24 hours a day. To contact university Police Central Dispatch on all campuses, call 561-297-3500, dial 9-1-1 or use the Blue Light phones located in the residential halls, parking lots and throughout the campuses. If you See Something, Say Something. Describe specifically what you observed, including: who or what you saw, when you saw it, where it occurred and why it is suspicious.

IN CASE OF EMERGENCY CALL 911 ON ALL CAMPUSES

The Florida Atlantic Police Department personnel are trained to receive, document, and investigate all crimes reported. An officer will work with individuals reporting a crime to obtain information and evidence, identify potential witnesses and conduct a thorough investigation to identify the party responsible. When appropriate, crime suspects may be adjudicated through the student conduct process or criminal justice system.

All incident reports involving student referrals are forwarded to the Dean of Students office for review and potential action. Florida Atlantic PD Detectives will investigate a report when it is deemed appropriate. Additional information obtained via the investigation will also be forwarded to the Dean of Students.

Through Regulation 7.008, Florida Atlantic ensures that no officer, employee, student or agent of the university retaliates, intimidates, threatens, coerces, or otherwise discriminates against any individual for exercising his or her rights or responsibilities under any of the campus security provisions.

Campus Security Authorities

While the university prefers that community members promptly report all crimes and other emergencies directly to the Florida Atlantic Police Department, we recognize that some may prefer to report to other individuals or university offices. The Clery Act recognizes certain university officials and offices as "Campus Security Authorities (CSA)". The act defines these individuals as "officials of an institution who have significant responsibility for student and campus activities, including, but not limited to the Dean of Students, student housing, health services, and athletics.

CSAs are responsible for reporting crimes to the Florida Atlantic Police Department, including crimes where the victim chooses to remain anonymous. Reports filed with CSAs are counted and disclosed in the Annual Security Report

Off-Campus Reporting

Florida Atlantic Police Department officers occasionally respond and assist the Boca Raton Police Department at off-campus locations involving university students. Florida Atlantic may pursue disciplinary action for off-campus violations of university rules, whether or not the activity was criminal in nature. Off-campus student violations of the law or student code are addressed by the Dean of Students office.

Anonymous Reporting

Sometimes, witnesses or victims are reluctant to report crimes or unsure whether what occurred is a crime. If you are a witness or victim of a crime, it is important to know your options for reporting or seeking support. There are several methods for individuals to voluntarily and anonymously report crimes and other serious incidents.

Florida Atlantic PD can file a report on the details of an incident without revealing your identity. With such information, the university can keep an accurate record of the number of incidents involving students, employees, and visitors and alert the campus community to potential danger if necessary.

Reports filed anonymously are counted and disclosed in the university's annual crime statistics. Community members, students, faculty, staff, and visitors are encouraged to report all crimes and public safety-related incidents promptly and accurately, including when the victim elects to, or is unable to, make such a report to Florida Atlantic PD or the appropriate local police agency.

Anyone who has witnessed or has been a victim of a crime and would like to remain anonymous can immediately report the incident by

- **Dialing 911 or for a non-emergency, call 561-297-0500 (ask for an advocate)**
- **Report incidents via the Florida Atlantic reporting page at www.fau.edu/report.**
- **Submit a report to the Florida Atlantic Police Department at www.fau.edu/police/silentwitness.php, or you may call (561) 297-INFO (4636).**

Sexual Assault, Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, and Stalking

Confidential Reporting

Title IX prohibits all forms of sex discrimination, including sexual harassment, sexual violence, relationship/intimate partner violence, stalking and retaliation against individuals reporting any of these offenses. Some forms of sex discrimination may also violate Florida law.

Title IX requires Florida Atlantic University to respond to complaints alleging sexual harassment, discrimination, or sexual misconduct under its own policy, regardless of whether a report is made to the police or whether a criminal investigation is underway. This includes addressing student/employee safety and responding to housing, academic, and other concerns regardless of whether a person files a report with the police or requests a formal investigation under Title IX Policy. Florida Atlantic University may provide supportive measures and resources on a case-by-case basis.

For a complete copy of Florida Atlantic's regulation governing prohibited conduct visit:
<https://www.fau.edu/ocr9/>

Response to Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault and Stalking

The Office of Civil Rights and Title IX (OCR9) promotes and supports a working and learning environment free any form of unlawful discrimination, harassment, or retaliation. The office focuses on the needs of the University community by providing guidance, information, and resources through discrimination and harassment programming and training initiatives.

The University is committed to responding promptly and effectively when it learns of any form of possible discrimination based on sex. Sexual misconduct includes sexual harassment, sexual assault, dating violence, domestic violence, and stalking. OCR9 supports Florida Atlantic University through the creation of a campus environment that represents a community that welcomes ideas, people, and services is free from all aspects of unfair, unequal and/or discriminatory treatment, complies with labor and employment laws, and encourages training and education as an opportunity to learn and prevent discriminatory treatment and sexual misconduct.

If OCR9 or a University Official with Authority becomes aware of possible sexual misconduct, and a Complainant files a formal complaint, a thorough, impartial, and a thorough and impartial investigation will be conducted as promptly as possible to determine if there has been a violation of Florida Atlantic Regulation or Policy.

Complainants are not required to file a complaint but are encouraged to do so. Regardless of if a Complainant chooses to report sexual misconduct, reasonable supportive measures will be provided to the Complainant upon request.

More information can be provided through Victim Services.

Filing a Title IX Complaint

In addition to or instead of filing a criminal complaint, students, employees, or individuals who feel they have been a victim of sexual misconduct have the right to file a complaint with the university, even if the police concluded there is not sufficient evidence for a criminal charge.

A complaint of this nature against a student, employee, or individual connected to Florida Atlantic may be filed with the Title IX Coordinator in OCR9, located in the Administrative Bldg., Suite 265, or by calling (561) 297-3004, or by submitting a report via www.fau.edu/report.

File an Anonymous/Confidential Complaint

Victims, third-parties, or bystanders may also file an anonymous/confidential complaint where disclosure of the sexual misconduct does not trigger an official investigation and the victim can still receive medical treatment, advocacy services, legal assistance, and counseling. For more information, contact Victim Services at 561-297-0500 (ask for an advocate).

Students seeking to speak with a confidential resource on campus, students may contact the Florida Atlantic Counseling and Psychological Services (CAPS) at <http://www.fau.edu/counseling/>. Conversations with personnel in CAPS are privileged communications and are not disclosed to others, including law enforcement or university officials.

Filing with Florida Atlantic Police Department

Sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and or stalking can be reported directly to any Florida Atlantic police officer, police dispatch, the victim advocate or by calling 911. You may speak to the victim advocate without making a police report or the advocate will assist you in notifying law enforcement agencies, the Office of Student Conduct and Conflict Resolution, OCR9 or local victim service agencies. Filing a police report with the Florida Atlantic police will not obligate the victim to prosecute nor will it subject the victim to scrutiny or judgmental opinions from officers.

When a sexual assault victim contacts the Florida Atlantic Police Department, a victim advocate is notified as well. The victim of a sexual assault may choose for the investigation to be pursued through the criminal justice system, or have the matter reviewed via an OCR9 investigation and Dean of Student conduct process. The victim advocate will guide the victim through the available options and support the victim in their decision.

With the guidance of the victim advocate, filing a report with Florida Atlantic police will also:

- Ensure that a victim of sexual assault receives the necessary medical treatment and tests, at no expense to the victim; because of legislation passed in 2007, victims are not required to report a sexual battery to have a forensic sexual assault exam that is paid for by victim compensation. Victims also have a formalized right to have an advocate present during the exam.
- Provide the opportunity for collection of evidence helpful in prosecution, which cannot be obtained later. For police to collect evidence of the assault, it is best if you do not bathe, shower, douche, brush your teeth, urinate, defecate, change, or launder clothing or bedding. . If possible, place evidence in brown paper bags to provide to the police. Clothing and/or bedding may be taken as evidence. You will receive a physical exam, and pictures will be taken as evidence.
- Assure the victim has access to free confidential counseling from counselors specifically trained in the area of sexual assault crisis intervention. These resources are available to non-reporting victims too. Students have mental health counseling services available to them through the Florida Atlantic Counseling and Psychological Services (561-297-2277) and health services at Student Health Services (561-297-3512) at no charge.
- Provide victims of dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault or stalking with written documentation of their rights and options and ensure that victims know about “No contact orders,” restraining orders, or similar lawful orders issued by a criminal, civil or tribal court, or by the institution.

Employees have mental health counseling services available to them through the Employee Assistance Program (800-865-3200). Counseling and support services outside the University system can be obtained through Palm Beach County Victim Services at (561) 833-7273, Broward County Nancy J. Cotterman Center at (954) 761-RAPE, St. Lucie County Sexual Assault Assistance Program at 1-866-828-7273.

University Response and Investigation Process

Florida Atlantic has procedures in place that serve to be sensitive to complainants who report sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking, including informing individuals about their right to file criminal charges as well as the availability of counseling, health, mental health, victim advocacy, legal assistance, visa and immigration assistance and other services on and/or off campus as well as additional remedies to prevent contact between a Complainant and an accused party, such as a Complainant and an accused party, such as housing, academic, transportation and working accommodations, if reasonably available.

Florida Atlantic will make such accommodations, if the victim requests them and if they are reasonably available, regardless of whether the victim chooses to report the crime to the Florida Atlantic Police Department, University Apartments, University Administration, or local law enforcement. Students and employees should contact Victim Services at (561) 297-0500 (ask to speak to an advocate).

If a report of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault or stalking is reported to the University, below are the procedures that will follow:

- When reported immediately the university will provide complainants with access to medical care
- Assess the immediate safety needs of the Complainant
- By the requests of the Complainant, the university will assist or provide complainant with local police information
- Inform Complainant of the right to file a formal complaint with the University and Title IX Coordinator
- Provide Complainant with referrals to on and off campus mental health providers
- Assess the need to implement supportive measures, if appropriate
- Provide a written explanation of the Complainant’s rights and options
- “No Trespass” or “No Contact” directive to accused party if deemed appropriate
- Provide instruction on how to apply for Protective Order

Sexual Assault, Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, and Stalking^(cont.)

- A copy of the policy applicable to sexual assault will be provided to the Complainant and inform the Complainant regarding general timeframes for inquiry, investigation, and resolution
- Connect the Complaint to a Victim Advocate, if desired
- Inform the Complainant of the outcome of the investigation, whether the accused will be administratively charged and the outcome of the student conduct process
- Enforce the anti-retaliation policy and take immediate and separate action against parties that retaliate against a person for complaining of sex-based discrimination or for assisting in the investigation

Orders of Protection, "No Contact" Orders, Restraining Orders, or Similar Lawful Orders Issued by a Criminal, Civil or Tribal Court or by the Institution

Florida Atlantic complies with Florida laws in recognizing orders of protection by providing the resources in the chart on the following page to comply with protective orders and assist victims. Any person who obtains an order of protection from Florida or any reciprocal state should provide a copy to the Florida Atlantic Police Department and Victim Services.

A victim may meet with Victim Services to develop a Safety Action Plan, which is a plan to reduce the risk of harm while on and off. This plan may include, but is not limited to escorts, special parking arrangements, changing classroom location or allowing a student to complete assignments from home, etc. The University cannot apply for a legal order of protection, no contact order or restraining order for a victim from the applicable jurisdiction(s).

The University may issue an institutional no-contact order if deemed appropriate for the victim or accused. If the University receives a report that such an institutional no-contact order has been violated, the University will initiate appropriate proceedings against the status of the accused (student, employee, etc.) and will impose sanctions if the accused is found responsible for violating the no-contact order.

Adjudication Following an Investigation

It is Florida Atlantic's policy to take affirmative steps to reduce the risk of sexual violence on its campus and within the campus community.

All members of the Florida Atlantic community, including students, faculty and staff are required to undergo training related to issues of sexual misconduct including training on resources available to complainants.

As a public Institution, Florida Atlantic must provide due process to students accused of sexual misconduct, domestic violence, dating violence, and or stalking. OCR9 is responsible for investigating alleged violations of sexual misconduct, domestic violence, dating violence and stalking that fall under the jurisdiction of Title IX. The Office of Student Conduct and Conflict Resolution is responsible for investigating similar behaviors that do not fall under the jurisdiction of Title IX.

The Office of Student Conduct and Conflict Resolution is responsible for implementing the student conduct process as outlined in the Florida Atlantic Student Code of Conduct, Regulation 4.007. Both the Respondent and the Complainant must have an advisor, and the University must provide an advisor in the Title IX process when the Complainant and the Respondent do not have one. For Title IX processes, the University may provide an advisor for either the Respondent or the Complainant.

For Title IX hearings, the University provides due process hearings in compliance with Title IX Regulations before trained independent decision makers. University Hearing Officers and Board members are selected through an annual application process, with the exception of the student justices from the Student Government Judicial Branch.

Hearing Officers and Board Members will receive annual training from the Office of Student Conduct and Conflict Resolution and OCR9 regarding University Student Conduct proceedings, as well as special guidelines for cases involving sexual misconduct, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking.

Per Regulation 4.007, Student Code of Conduct, it will be determined whether it is more likely than not that the accused student violated the Student Code of Conduct by a preponderance of evidence.

Possible Sanctions in Student Conduct Cases

Florida Atlantic, Regulations 4.007

Counseling Assessment- referral to the University Counseling and Psychological Services Office, or another agency at the student's expense, for assessment, and/or voluntary treatment.

Deactivation of the Student Organization's status at the University.

Deferred Suspension – The student will be officially suspended from the University, but the suspension will be deferred. If a student commits a subsequent violation of the Student Code of Conduct while on deferred suspension and is found responsible, then the student will be immediately suspended in addition to any other sanctions imposed for the subsequent violation, unless the Dean of Students determines that exceptional circumstances warrant otherwise. Suspensions can be deferred for a semester or indefinitely.

Educational activities- required attendance at educational programs, meeting with appropriate officials, workbook completion, reflection papers, development of a plan for success, written research assignments, planning and implementing educational programs, or other educational activities at the student's or student organization's own expense.

Expulsion – Permanent dismissal from the University with no right for future readmission under any circumstances. A student who has been expelled is barred from all Florida Atlantic campuses.

Psycho-social Educational Classes, Workshops or Seminars - psycho-social learning experiences focused on specific areas of growth such as anger management, biofeedback, coping skill development, and stress management.

Restriction or Revocation of Privileges – Temporary or permanent loss of privileges, including, but not limited to the use of a particular University facility, resources, equipment, or other privileges.

Revocation of Admission and/or Degree – Admission to or a degree awarded from Florida Atlantic may be revoked for fraud, misrepresentation, or other violation of Florida Atlantic standards in obtaining the degree or for other serious violations committed by a student prior to graduation.

Student Conduct Probation – A student conduct sanction notifying a student that their behavior is in serious violation of university standards and that restrictions are being placed on their activities. Some restrictions that may be placed on a student during a probationary period include, but are not limited to, restriction of the privilege to: participate in student activities or in student organizations; represent the University on athletic teams, student organizations or in other leadership positions; gain access to University Housing buildings or other areas of campus; use University resources and/or equipment; or contact specified person(s).

Student Conduct Warning – A student conduct sanction notifying a student that the student's behavior did not meet University standards. All student conduct warnings will be taken into consideration as an aggravating factor if further violations occur.

Suspension – Mandatory separation from the University. During the period of suspension, the student is barred from all Florida Atlantic campuses unless specific permission is granted by the Dean of Students. Once the entire period of suspension has been served, the student may seek re-enrollment or re-admission to the University.

Termination or Deferred Termination of University

Housing Contract/Assignment – Students remain financially responsible for obligations under their Housing contract.

Withholding Degree – Florida Atlantic may withhold awarding a degree otherwise earned until completion of the process set forth in this Student Conduct Code, including completion of all sanctions imposed, if any.

Other Appropriate Action – A student conduct action not specifically set out above but deemed proper by the Dean of Students.

Both the Complainant and Respondent will be informed of the outcome of the student conduct process.

The Student Code of Conduct, Regulation 4.007, is available on the Office of Student Conduct of Conflict Resolution website at <https://www.fau.edu/dean/studentconduct/>.

Supportive Measures for Victims

Upon receipt of a report of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, Florida Atlantic will provide written notification to students and employees about supportive measures available to them, including academic, living, transportation and working situations.

The written notification will include information regarding the supportive measures available to assist in requesting accommodations, and how to request supportive measures.

At the victim's request, and to the extent of the victim's cooperation and consent, university offices will work cooperatively to assist the victim in obtaining supportive measures. If reasonably available, a victim may be offered changes to academic, living, working or transportation situations regardless of whether the victim chooses to report the crime to campus police or local law enforcement.

Student victims have the option to change their academic and/or on campus living situations after an alleged sexual assault if such changes are reasonably available.

Informal Resolution - In Title IX Matters, informal resolution, such as mediation, may be utilized at any time prior to reaching a determination regarding responsibility. Participation in an informal resolution must be based on voluntary written consent of both parties. Either party may withdraw from informal resolution at any time and resume the formal Student Conduct Process at any time prior to agreeing to a resolution.

Sex Offender Registration

Federal Sex Crime Prevention Act (Section 1601 of Public Law 106-386) is a federal law enacted on October 28, 2000, that provides for the tracking of convicted, registered sex offenders enrolled as a student at higher education institutions or working and/or volunteering on campus. The Federal Campus Sex Crime Prevention Act requires Florida Atlantic University to inform the campus community where to find information on registered sex offenders.

It also requires registered sex offenders to provide notice to each higher education institution in which the person is a student, employed, carries on a vocation, and or participate in volunteer services.

In accordance with Florida State Statute 775.21 (The Florida Sexual Predators Act), convicted sex offenders in Florida must register with the Florida Department of Law Enforcement within 48 hours of establishing permanent or temporary residence.

It is then the responsibility of the agency to make the required notification to all community members of the presence of predators (only) in any manner deemed appropriate by the agency.

The State of Florida Registered Sex Offender database can be accessed at:

<https://offender.fdle.state.fl.us/offender/sops/home.jsf>

Off Campus Services for Victims

Upon receipt of a report of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, Florida Atlantic will provide written notification to students and employees about existing assistance with and/or information about obtaining resources and services including counseling, health, mental health, victim services, legal assistance, visa and immigration assistance, student financial aid and assistance in notifying appropriate local law enforcement. Contact Florida Atlantic Victim Services for more information at 561-297-4841 or victimservices@fau.edu.

These resources include the following:

Palm Beach County:

Aid to Victims of Domestic Abuse 800-355-8547

Palm Beach County Victim Services 561-833-7273

Broward County:

Broward County Nancy J. Cotterman Center 954-761-RAPE (7273)

Women in Distress 954-761-1133

St. Lucie County:

Sexual Assault Assistance Program 866-828-7273

Safe Space 772-288-7023

Drug Abuse Foundation of Palm Beach County, Inc 561-278-0000

National Council on Alcoholism and Drug Dependence Hotline 800-622-2255

National Suicide Prevention Lifeline 800-273-8255

Other resources available to persons who report being the victim of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking, include:

Department of Education, Office of Civil Right, Protecting Students:

<https://www2.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr/frontpage/pro-students/protectingstudents.html>

Rape, Abuse, and Incest National Network 800-656- 4673

<https://www.rainn.org/>

Department of Justice Office on violence Against Women (OWV)

<https://www.justice.gov/ovw/sexual-assault>

Hazing Policy and Prevention Programs

Applicable Hazing Laws and University Policies as of February 2025

Federal Definition of Hazing as per 2024 Stop Campus Hazing Act:

<https://www.congress.gov/bill/118th-congress/house-bill/5646/text>

“any intentional, knowing, or reckless act committed by a person (whether individually or in concert with other persons) against another person or persons, regardless of the willingness of such other person or persons to participate that-

- is committed in the course of an initiation into, an affiliation with, or the maintenance of membership, in a student organization; and
- causes or creates a risk, above the reasonable risk encountered in the course of participation in the institution of higher education or the organization (such as physical preparation necessary for participation in an athletic team), of physical or psychological injury including-

1. whipping, beating, striking, electronic shocking, placing a harmful substance on someone’s body, or similar activity
2. causing, coercing, or otherwise inducing sleep deprivation, exposure to the elements, confinement in a small space, extreme calisthenics, or similar activity;
3. causing, coercing, or otherwise inducing another person to consume food, liquid, alcohol, drugs, or other substances;
4. causing, coercing, or otherwise inducing another person to perform sexual acts;
5. any activity that places another person in reasonable fear of bodily harm through the use of threatening words or conduct;
6. any activity against another person that includes a criminal violation of local, State, Tribal, or Federal law; and
7. any activity that induces, causes, or requires another person to perform a duty or task that involves a criminal violation of local, State, Tribal, or Federal law.

Florida State Statute on Hazing 1006.63 Hazing prohibited.—

http://www.leg.state.fl.us/Statutes/index.cfm?App_mode=Display_Statute&URL=1000-1099/1006/Sections/1006.63.html

(1) As used in this section, the term “hazing” means any action or situation that recklessly or intentionally endangers the mental or physical health or safety of a student for purposes including, but not limited to:

- (a) Initiation into any organization operating under the sanction of a postsecondary institution;
- (b) Admission into any organization operating under the sanction of a postsecondary institution;
- (c) Affiliation with any organization operating under the sanction of a postsecondary institution; or
- (d) The perpetuation or furtherance of a tradition or ritual of any organization operating under the sanction of a postsecondary institution.

Florida Atlantic University Regulation 4.007 (5)(l)

<https://www.fau.edu/regulations/documents/chapter4/4-007-august2024.pdf>

l) Hazing - Any action or situation, which occurs on or off university property, that recklessly or intentionally endangers the mental or physical health or safety of a student for purposes including, but not limited to, initiation or admission into, affiliation with, or the perpetuation or furtherance of a tradition or ritual of any University student organization or group whether or not officially recognized by the university. Hazing does not include customary athletic events or other similar contests or competitions or any activity or conduct that furthers a legal and legitimate objective. Hazing includes, but is not limited to:

1. Pressuring or coercing a student into violating state or federal law;
2. any brutality of a physical nature, such as whipping, beating, branding, exposure to the elements, forced consumption of any food, liquor, drug, or other substance; or other forced physical activity that could adversely affect the physical health or safety of the student; or
3. Any activity that would subject the student to extreme mental stress, such as sleep deprivation, forced exclusion from social contact, forced conduct that could result in extreme embarrassment, or other forced activity that could adversely affect the mental health or dignity of the student.

The following circumstances do not constitute a defense to allegations of hazing:

1. The consent of the victim had been obtained;

Hazing Policy and Prevention Programs (cont.)

2. The conduct or activity that resulted in the death or injury of a person was not part of any official organizational event or otherwise sanctioned or approved by the student organization or group; or
3. The conduct or activity that resulted in the death or injury of a person was not done as a condition of membership into a student organization.

Reporting

Any supervisory employee, other official who has the authority to institute corrective measures on behalf of the University, student organization faculty advisors and volunteers, coaches and academic advisors or Institutional Official who receives a report, observes or learns of an alleged incident of hazing or receives information regarding any activity which may constitute hazing or a violation of this policy must contact the Florida Atlantic Police Department at 561-297-3500 or file a report at fau.edu/report within, but no more than, twenty-four (24) hours of gaining such knowledge or receiving information.

All employees in the University's K-12 programs are all considered officials with authority to institute corrective measures on behalf of the University for K-12 students.

Reporting an incident or occurrence of hazing can also be made by anyone with knowledge or information pertaining to an actual or potential event of hazing in numerous ways, including:

Online:

The University's public reporting websites:

- Report a Concern webpage: fau.edu/report
- Direct link to reporting form: https://cm.maxient.com/reportingform.php?FloridaAtlanticUniv&layout_id=0
- University Ethics hotline located at fau.edu/compliance
- University Inspector General's Anonymous Reporting Page: [Anonymous Complaint Form | Florida Atlantic University](#).

In Person:

[Florida Atlantic Police Department](#)

- 911
- 561-297-3500
- Campus Operations Bldg, 777 Glades Road Building 69, Boca Raton, FL 33431

Victim Services

- 561-297-4841 (office)
- 561-297-0500 (24/7; ask to speak to an advocate)
- Victimservices@fau.edu

Dean of Students Office

- 561-297-3542
- deanofstudents@fau.edu
- studentconduct@fau.edu
- Student Services Building (SS #8), Room 222, Boca Raton, FL 33431-0991

Office of the Ombuds

- 561-297-3693
- ombuds@fau.edu
- Bldg 03/Wimberly Library Room 156B, Boca Raton Campus (appointment only)

Prevention Programs

Pursuant to the federal Stop Campus Hazing Act (S.2901, H.R. 5646, Public Law 118-173), Florida Atlantic University provides several prevention and awareness programs related to hazing that is research-informed campus-wide prevention programs designed to reach students, staff, and faculty.

The following include:

Students: Fit First Year Hazing Prevention 101—College Edition
<https://www.fau.edu/healthwellness/fitfirstyear/>

Greek Life: Fraternity & Sorority Life Hazing Prevention
<https://www.fau.edu/fslife/programs/hazing/>

Faculty and staff: For all new employees, an online training module is provided by Human Resources as part of the on-boarding process.

Campus Security Authorities: The Clery Act online training provided to university Campus Security Authorities includes a section on hazing prevention and reporting expectations.

The programs listed herein are subject to periodic review and may be updated or revised from time to time.

For the most current information on University provided prevention and awareness programs, please visit the University's website.

Bystander Intervention

Bystander intervention means safe and positive options that may be carried out by an individual or individuals to prevent harm or intervene when there is a risk of dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking. Bystander intervention includes recognizing situations of potential harm, understanding institutional structures and cultural conditions that facilitate violence, overcoming barriers to intervene, identifying safe and effective intervention options, and taking action to intervene.

Bystanders play a critical role in the prevention of violence. They are “individuals who observe violence or witness the conditions that perpetuate violence. They are not directly involved but have the choice to intervene, speak up, or do something about it”. We want to promote a culture of community accountability where bystanders are actively engaged in the prevention of violence without causing further harm. We may not always know what to do even if we want to help. Below is a list of a few ways to be an active bystander. If you or someone else is in immediate danger, dial 911.

This could be when a person is yelling at or being physically abusive towards another and it is not safe for you to interrupt:

- Watch out for your friends and fellow students/employees. If you see someone who looks like they could be in trouble or need help, ask if they are okay
- Confront people who seclude, hit on, and try to make out with, or have sex with people who are incapacitated
- Speak up when someone discusses plans to take advantage of another person
- Believe someone who discloses sexual assault, abusive behavior, or experience with stalking
- Refer people to on or off campus resources listed in this document for support in health, counseling or with legal assistance.



Risk Reduction

Below are risk reduction strategies found to be most effective when addressing relationship or acquaintance-based sexual violence as well as options designed to decrease perpetration and bystander inaction, and to increase empowerment for victims to promote safety and to help individuals and communities address conditions that facilitate violence.

Identify Behavioral Risk Cues:

- **Persistence:** inappropriate persistence might look like a person repeating a sexual request even after being told no or continuing to touch someone even after the person has moved away.
- **Sexual Entitlement:** sexual entitlement can be expressed in many ways. A person may imply they are “owed” sex after a date or favor, inappropriately sexualize conversations that are not intended to be sexual or make inappropriate comments about another’s body.
- **Power & Control:** early warning signs of someone who may try to exert power and control include blatantly interrupting people, is a “bad loser” shows inappropriate competitiveness, or someone who uses intimidating body language to get their way.
- **Hostility & Anger:** may come across through a quick temper or a tendency to blame others when things go wrong.
- **Acceptance of Interpersonal Violence:** early warning signs may include a person who uses threats when they are angry, uses violence in borderline situations, approves of or makes light of observed violence, or justifies violent behavior.

Identify Environmental Risk Cues:

- **Presence of Alcohol:** research shows that in social situations involving alcohol, people express lowered inhibitions and a greater willingness to engage in inappropriate behaviors, even if they have not personally consumed alcohol. Alcohol also reduces bystander recognition to the problem and decreases a victim’s ability to resist cognitively and physically.
- **Indoor Location:** contrary to what is most often portrayed, most sexual assaults occur in someone’s home by a perpetrator who was welcomed into the space as a mutual acquaintance, friend, or loved one.
- **Isolation:** perpetrators will frequently employ tactics to isolate a victim to complete an act of sexual violence. However, many early “boundary-crossing” behaviors described above may occur in the presence of others. Early detection is key to intervening before isolation occurs.



Effective Risk-Reduction Strategies

The most effective strategies for deterring an unwanted sexual advance are forceful verbal and forceful physical strategies. Research has shown that someone who uses as little as one forceful verbal or physical strategy has a 60% chance of escape. Someone who uses 2 or more strategies has an 80% chance of escape. When no forceful strategies are used, a person has a 20% chance of escape, typically resulting from bystander intervention.

While forceful strategies are most effective, most people are socialized to avoid forceful confrontation. Common barriers include feelings of guilt/shame, when a person is in extreme fear of their safety, which blocks cognitive functioning to consider effective strategies, believes they did something to lead the person on or deserve the behavior, or is overwhelmed by feelings of betrayal and sadness. Sadness and betrayal are particularly common emotions when assaults are committed by someone we love or trust. The best way to access forceful strategies is to remember that there is nothing a person does to deserve sexual assault, you have the right to be angry about what is happening to you. Yelling from your diaphragm can be a very effective strategy to bypass fear as it helps re-establish breathing and physiological control.

If you have experienced sexual violence, remember anything you did or did not do, you did to survive the moment with the cognitive tools, resources, and skills you had in that moment. You are never at fault for how you responded to a sexual assault.

Effective Strategies for Safer Parties

If you are hosting a party, consider design elements that go beyond theme and décor with the following recommendations to facilitate a safe, enjoyable experience for all guests attending.

- **Control Crowd Density:** while sexual assaults most commonly occur in isolation, many behaviors leading up to an assault occur in the anonymity of a crowd. Perpetrators are more likely to engage in boundary-crossing behaviors such as harassment and unwanted touching if they feel their behaviors would be passed over in a densely crowded space where they are not easily seen. Also, studies have shown that the more people who are present in a risky situation, the less likely it is someone will intervene. Psychologists call this term the bystander effect.
- **Serve Food and Non-Alcoholic Beverages:** Perpetration is less likely to occur if the tone and focus of a party is on connection with others or an experience that is not centered on alcohol consumption.
- **Lights up:** people are less likely to engage in predatory behaviors if they believe these behaviors are clearly visible to others

- **Volume down:** keep the music at a level where people can easily converse to express boundaries, ask for consent, call for help, etc. An added benefit to keeping the volume at a lower level: many people express a strong desire for more social opportunities to engage in conversation. It is hard to make new friends when the music is too loud to hear someone's name.
- **Identify the hosts:** have clear visual indicators for party goers to identify hosts (i.e., signs, matching shirts, etc). Also include visual indicators to point out bathrooms, location of water, etc.
- **Keep an eye out:** plan with your co-hosts for who is responsible for monitoring crowd behavior and what the communication strategies between co-hosts for backup. Students can learn safer hosting strategies through workshops offered at Owls Care Health Promotion.

Effective Strategies for Bystander Intervention

- **Direct:** in the moment you may want to confront the behavior you identify as inappropriate, or simply approach the person you identify as vulnerable to ask if they are okay.
- **Distraction:** you can diffuse the situation by changing the topic, pulling the vulnerable person away with an excuse such as going to the bathroom or catching up, or making an announcement that the offending person's car is about to be towed.
- **Delegate:** If you ever feel that you could be putting your safety in jeopardy by intervening, be sure to delegate. Call 911 if anyone is in eminent danger. Other people you can delegate to include the host of the party, friends of the offender, friends of the victim, a resident assistant, or other campus authority. Even calling another bystander to join you for a direct intervention or distraction can improve the safety of your intervention.
- **Delay:** If you can't intervene at the moment, you can check in after or report the incident at a later time.

Sources:

Senn, C.Y. (2015). The Enhanced Assess Acknowledge Act (EAAA) Sexual Assault Resistance Program. Windsor, ON, Canada: University of Windsor.
Roze, P.D., Bateman, P. & Gillmore, T. (1991). The personal perspective of acquaintance rape prevention: A three-tier approach. In A. Parrot & Bechhofer, (Eds.). *Acquaintance Rape: The Hidden Crime*. New York: John Wiley & Sons; 337-354, 343-344.
Risk Reduction Program - B. Marx
Muhlenhard, Linton, Felts & Andrews (1985).
'Avoid certain types of men' and 'Trust your feelings' point on Preventative Strategies Information Sheet (from Warshaw, 1988), first used by Breitenbecher & Gidycz (1998).
Persistence also stressed in Norris, Nurius & Graham (1999).
Senn, C.Y. (2015). The Enhanced Assess Acknowledge Act (EAAA) Sexual Assault Resistance Program. Windsor, ON, Canada: University of Windsor.
Meredith, T., Gilligan L., Baldwin K., Przewoznik J.P. Rider-Milkovich, H., Lee, D.S., Bossong, M., and Sniffen, C. (2020). *Enhancing Campus Sexual Assault Prevention Efforts through Situational Interventions*.
altruistic.org

Risk Reduction (cont.)

While sexual assault is never the survivor's fault and responsibility always lies with the person who chooses to cause harm, learning to recognize unhealthy behaviors, navigate relationships, and identify potential risk cues can help individuals make informed decisions about their personal safety. Because many acts of sexual violence are committed by someone the survivor knows, these strategies focus on increasing awareness rather than placing responsibility on potential victims. The following risk-reduction strategies are adapted from the Rape, Abuse & Incest National Network (RAINN) at www.rainn.org.

- **Be aware** of your surroundings. Knowing where you are who is around you may help you to find a way to get out of a bad situation
- **Try to avoid isolated areas.** It is more difficult help if no one is around
- **Walk with purpose.** Even if you do not know where you are going, act like you do
- **Trust your instincts.** If a situation or location feels unsafe or uncomfortable, it probably is not the best place to be. Go with your gut. If you see something suspicious, contact law enforcement immediately (local authorities can be reached by dialing 9-1-1 in most area of the U.S.)
- **Try not to load yourself down** with packages or bags as this can make you appear more vulnerable
- **Make sure your cell phone is with you** and charged, and that you have money
- **Do not allow yourself to be isolated** with someone you do not trust or someone you do not know
- **Avoid putting music headphones in both ears** so you can be more aware of your surroundings, especially if you are walking alone
- **When you go to a social gathering, go with a group of friends.** Arrive together, check in with each other throughout the evening, and leave together. Knowing where you are and who is around you may help you to find a way out of a bad situation.
- **Do not leave your drink unattended** while talking, dancing, using the restroom, or making a phone call. If you have left your drink alone, just get a new one.
- **Do not accept drinks from people you do not know or trust.** If you choose to accept a drink, go with the individual to the bar to order it, watch it being poured, and carry it yourself. At parties, do not drink from punch bowls or other large, commonly open containers.
- **Watch out for friends, and vice versa.** If a friend seems out of it, way too intoxicated for the amount of alcohol they 've had, or is acting out of character, get him or her to a safe place immediately.

- **If you suspect you or a friend have been drugged, contact law enforcement immediately (local authorities can be reached by calling 9-1-1 in most area of the U.S.).** Be explicit with doctors so they can give you the correct tests (you will need a urine test and possibly others).

If you need to get out of an uncomfortable or scary situation, here are some things you can try:

- **Remember that being in this situation is not your fault.** You did not do anything wrong; it is the person who is making you uncomfortable who is to blame
- **Be true to yourself.** Do not feel obligated to do anything you do not want to do. "I don't want to" is always a good enough reason. Do what feels right to you.
- **Have a code word** with your friends or family so that if you do not feel comfortable you can call them and communicate your discomfort without the person you are with knowing. Your friends or family can then come to get you or make up an excuse for you to leave.
- **Try to think of an escape route.** How would you try to get out of the room? Where are the doors? Windows? Are there people around who might be able to help you? Is there an emergency phone nearby?
- **If you and/or the other person have been drinking,** you can say that you would rather wait until you both have your full judgement before doing anything you may regret later.



Sources:

1 Burn, S.M. (2009). A situational model of sexual assault prevention through bystander intervention. *Sex Roles*, 60, 779-791 Bystander intervention strategies adapted from Stanford University's Office of Sexual Assault & Relationship Abuse

Timely Warnings

When a crime covered by the Clery Act occurs, specifically, within the Florida Atlantic University Clery Geography (On Campus, Public Property and Non-campus Property) that, in the judgment of the Chief of Police, or designee, constitutes an ongoing serious threat, a university wide - “timely warning” must be issued.

Timely warnings are usually distributed to all campus communities, for the following primary crimes:

- criminal homicide (murder and non-negligent manslaughter, and manslaughter)
- sex offenses (rape, fondling, incest, and statutory rape)
- aggravated assault
- burglary
- motor vehicle theft
- major incidents of robbery and arson

Incidents of aggravated assault and sex offenses are considered on a case-by-case basis after reviewing the facts, the amount of information known by the Florida Atlantic Police Department and deciding whether there is a continuing danger to the campus community. For example, if an assault occurs between two students who have a disagreement, and there is no on-going threat to other Florida Atlantic community members, a timely warning would not be distributed. Cases involving sexual assault are often reported long after the incident occurred, thus there is no ability to distribute a “timely” warning notice to the community. Sex offenses will be considered on a case-by-case basis depending on when and where the incident occurred, when it was reported, and the amount information known by the Florida Atlantic police department. Cases involving property crimes will be assessed on a case-by-case basis and a timely warning will typically be sent if there is a discernible pattern of crime.

The Florida Atlantic police department Chief or designee reviews all reports to determine if there is an ongoing threat to the community and if the distribution of a timely warning is warranted. Crimes reported to pastoral or professional counselors are the only reported crimes not subject to the timely warning requirement.

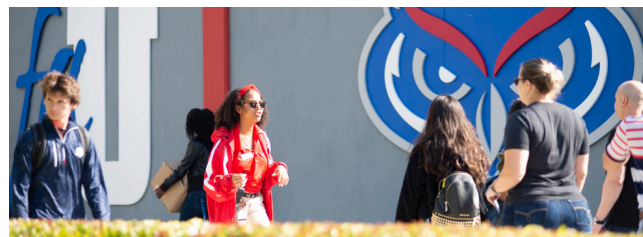
The timely warning may be issued through one or more of the following methods: blast e-mails, telephone alerts, text messaging, a University hotline, sirens/outdoor warning systems, media advisories, use of social media, or web alerts. Notices may be posted in each residence hall and along the Breezeway.

The warning may be issued through the University e-mail system to students, faculty, and staff, and posted on the University Police website at <https://fau.edu/police/clery.php>

With respect to the timely warnings the university withholds the names and other identifying information of the victims of the reported crimes. Anyone with information, which they believe may constitute the issuance of a timely warning, should report the circumstances to the university police through Central Dispatch at 561-297-3500.

Timely warnings are issues in a manner designed to reach the entire university community regardless of where the incident occurred, and with the goal of aiding in the prevention of similar occurrences.

The Chief of Police and Assistant Chief of Police are authorized to transmit Timely Warnings to the university community.



Emergency Response

It is the policy of Florida Atlantic University to protect its human and physical assets and ensure continued operations during and after all manner of emergencies, whether natural or human-caused, by implementing appropriate emergency management policies, plans, and procedures designed to ensure the university's ability to effectively prepare for, respond to, recover from, and mitigate emergencies.

The university has a Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan (CEMP). The CEMP applies to all members of the university community, including all faculty, staff, students, volunteers, contractors, and visitors at all Florida Atlantic campuses, sites, and facilities. While no plan can completely prevent a dangerous situation or emergency, good plans carried out by knowledgeable and well-trained people can and will reduce losses.

The plan establishes the emergency organization structure, specific policies, general procedures, and provides a coordination platform for the various emergency staff and service elements, for emergency operations university-wide. Campuses, facilities, and sites co-located with other organizations have special considerations and relationships that may affect plan implementation.

Emergency Response (cont.)

Detailed within the plan is the framework for coordination and full mobilization of university assets. Personnel and departments assigned specific emergency tasks must be proficient in understanding the roles and actions described herein. Departments not tasked with specific emergency tasks or functions are also required to conduct emergency planning to ensure a rapid and decisive continuation of normal university operations. This plan is intended to comply with all applicable University, local, state, and federal laws, and regulations. In the absence of specific regulatory mandates for situations, best emergency management practices shall be followed.

The Florida Atlantic Police Department has the responsibility of responding to and summoning the necessary resources to mitigate, investigate and document any situation that may constitute an emergency or dangerous situation. In addition, the Florida Atlantic Police Department has a responsibility to respond to such incidents to determine if the situation does in fact pose a threat to the health and safety of the campus community.

Florida Atlantic Police Department officers and supervisors have received training in Incident Command and the National Incident Management System. When a serious incident occurs that causes an immediate threat to campus, the first responders to the scene are usually members of the Florida Atlantic Police Department with assistance as needed from surrounding municipalities, county, and state law enforcement agencies, who all typically respond and work together to manage the incident. Depending on the size, scale and seriousness of the incident, other university departments and other local, state, or federal agencies could be involved in confirming and responding to the incident.

Florida Atlantic Housing conducts evacuation drills each semester for all on-campus student housing. The purpose of evacuation drills is to prepare building occupants for an organized evacuation in case of a fire or other emergency. At Florida Atlantic, evacuation drills are used to educate and train occupants on fire safety issues specific to their building.

During the drill, occupants 'practice' drill procedures and familiarize themselves with the location of exits and the sound of the fire alarm. In addition to educating the occupants of each building about the evacuation procedures during the drills, the process also provides the University an

additional opportunity to test the operation of fire alarm system components. Evacuation drills are conducted at least once a year and are normally unannounced.

Evacuation procedures can be accessed online within the Crisis Action Guide, including directives for individuals with disabilities and those who may be aiding them in emergency events or threats that warrant evacuation.

These directives are available online at:

<https://www.fau.edu/admin/emergency-information/>

Evacuation drills are monitored by the Florida Atlantic Police Department, Environmental Health and Safety, and Housing to evaluate egress and behavioral patterns. Reports are prepared by participating departments which identify deficient equipment so that repairs can be made immediately. Recommendations for improvements are also submitted to the appropriate departments for consideration. Housing students receive information about evacuation and shelter-in-place procedures during their first-floor meetings and during other educational sessions that they can participate in throughout the year. The housing staff members are trained in evacuation procedures as well as emergency response procedures.

As a part of the comprehensive emergency management plan for the university, drills, exercises, and follow-through activities are conducted annually. Minimally, tabletop exercises are conducted for various campus units identified as having emergency response responsibilities to test response and evacuation procedures. All exercises are documented by the exercise facilitator and includes: a description of the exercise, the date, time whether it was announced, or unannounced and appropriate after-action reports are completed.

After action reports are completed by the exercise facilitators detailing lessons learned, and follow-up items are identified with responsibilities are signed to appropriate campus entities.

According to Florida Atlantic University Policy 1.14 Emergency Management, the following responsibilities have been established:

Campus and Organizational Units

Each vice president, dean, director, department chair, and supervisor shall oversee emergency preparedness efforts in their respective units and provide assistance in emergency response and recovery efforts as directed.

Emergency Response (cont.)

All University units are required to have Emergency Response Plans and Continuity of Operations Plans. Some University units may also be required to have additional or more specific plans in place such as Pandemic Plans and Stadium Emergency Operations Plans, as deemed appropriate. At a minimum, all plans shall address the following items:

1. All plans must be consistent with upper-level plans and must adhere to current templates. Each unit is responsible for reviewing and testing plans at least annually.
2. Unit heads shall ensure that their staffs are knowledgeable regarding their units' emergency plans and procedures.
3. Unit heads shall determine the extent to which their units should participate in emergency management programs such as the Essential Personnel Program and shall provide appropriate representation as necessary or required.

University Community

- Each employee and/or student shall immediately report a potential or actual emergency event or threat to the appropriate authorities (such as University Police or 911 call center) and to their immediate supervisor/housing official or designee.
- All members of the University community shall provide, within the limits of their abilities, assistance to those individuals requiring it, during or after an emergency. Normally assistance is in the form of notifying emergency responders of the location of these individuals or by providing guidance to safe areas.
- All employees and students shall respond to an emergency event or threat according to applicable plans and procedures.
- All employees and students are expected to review existing emergency response protocols and procedures.

Emergency Contact Information Tip:
Put ICE (In Case of Emergency) in your cell phone, with a name and telephone number of an emergency contact to help emergency services personnel in the event of an emergency

Students and employees who provide their mobile phone number in MyFAU (myfau.edu), are automatically registered to receive FAU Alerts via text message and phone calls.



Missing Persons Procedures

When completing Key Cards and/or Room Condition Reports upon checking-in to assigned residential space, residential students will have the option to identify an individual to be contacted no later than 24 hours after the time the student is determined missing. The person will be the emergency contact designated. To register an emergency contact, students have the option to confidentially identify an individual to be contacted by the University in the event the residential student is determined to be missing.

If one wishes to identify a confidential contact, do so via MyFAU (myfau.edu). Housing student emergency contact information will be registered confidentially, and this information will be accessible only to authorized campus officials, and it may not be disclosed, except to law enforcement personnel in furtherance of a missing person investigation.

If one wishes to identify a confidential contact, do so via MyFAU (myfau.edu). Housing student emergency contact information will be registered confidentially, and this information will be accessible only to authorized campus officials, and it may not be disclosed, except to law enforcement personnel in furtherance of a missing person investigation.

The following procedures are listed in the Guidebook as well as through signage at check-in.

If a university community member has reason to believe that a student who resides in campus housing is missing, they should immediately notify the Florida Atlantic Police Department at (561) 297-3500. A student who resides in campus housing has been missing for 24 hours, members of the Florida Atlantic community are required to report that information to the Florida Atlantic Police Department. The Florida Atlantic Police Department will investigate, generate a missing person report, enter relevant student data into an appropriate database and involve other law enforcement agencies, as necessary.

Should the residential student be determined to be missing for 24 hours or more, the designated emergency contact individual will be contacted.

Missing Persons Procedures^(cont.)

In addition, the Director of Housing and Residential Education and the Dean of Students will be contacted along with local law enforcement.

If a residential student is under the age of 18 and is not emancipated, Florida Atlantic police are required to notify a custodial parent or guardian no later than 24 hours following the determination that the student is missing. This contact will be the parent/guardian listed on the student information release on the University Housing Contract.

Active Shooter

Violent incidents, including but not limited to: acts of terrorism, active shooter, assaults, or other incidents of workplace violence, can occur on the University grounds or in proximity with little or no warning. An active shooter is a person or persons who appear to be actively engaged in actively threatening lives or prepared to threaten lives in populated areas on campus.

In most cases active shooters use firearm(s) and display no pattern or method for selection of their victims. In some cases, active shooters use other weapons and/or improvised explosive devices to cause additional victimization and act as an impediment to law enforcement and emergency services responders.

These improvised explosive devices may detonate immediately, have delayed detonation fuses, or may detonate on contact.

The Florida Atlantic police department has adopted nationally accredited law enforcement response procedures to contain and terminate such threats as quickly as possible. The following information regarding law enforcement response will enable you to take appropriate protective actions for yourself. Try to remain calm as your actions will influence others. The following instructions are intended for incidents that are of an emergent nature (i.e. imminent, or in progress).

RUN

If there is an accessible escape path, attempt to evacuate the premises. Be sure to:

- Have an escape route and plan in mind
- Evacuate regardless of whether others agree to follow
- Leave your belongings behind
- Help others escape, if possible
- Prevent individuals from entering an area where the active shooter may be

- Keep your hands visible
- Follow the instructions of any police officers
- Do not attempt to move wounded people
- Call 9-1-1 or University Police (561) 297-3500

HIDE

If evacuation is not possible, find a place to hide where the active shooter is less likely to find you. Your hiding place should:

- Be out of the active shooter's view
- Provide protection if shots are fired in your direction (i.e., an office with a closed and locked door)
- Not trap you or restrict your options of movement.

To prevent an active shooter from entering your hiding place:

- Lock door
- Blockade the door with heavy furniture

If the active shooter is nearby:

- Lock the door
- Silence your cell phone and/or pager
- Turn off any source of noise (i.e., radios, televisions)
- Hide behind large items (i.e., cabinets, desks)
- Remain quiet

FIGHT

Take action against the active shooter as a last resort, and only when your life is in imminent danger, attempt to disrupt and/or incapacitate the active shooter by:

- Acting as aggressively as possible against him/her
- Throwing items and improvising weapons
- Yelling
- Committing to your actions

The entire Active Shooter Procedures are available on the Florida Atlantic police website. Florida Atlantic PD has developed a program focused on how to deal with a potential active shooter situation. The course gives information on past occurrences, warning signs, and what to do if a shooting occurs in your immediate area.

The Active Shooter program can be found at:

<http://www.fau.edu/police/information/activeshooterprocedures.php>

**QUICKLY DETERMINE THE MOST REASONABLE WAY
TO PROTECT YOUR OWN LIFE**

Active Shooter (cont.)

1. EVACUATE

- Have an escape route and plan in mind
- Leave your belongings behind
- Keep your hands visible

2. HIDE OUT

- Hide in an area out of the active shooter's view.
- Block entry to your hiding place and lock the doors

3. TAKE ACTION

- As a last resort and only when your life is in imminent danger
- Attempt to incapacitate the active shooter
- Act with physical aggression and throw items at the active shooter

CALL 911 WHEN IT IS SAFE TO DO SO

Shelter-in-Place

"Shelter-in-place" is a directive to seek immediate shelter indoors following the announcement of an emergency condition. Sheltering can be related to a variety of situations, including: severe weather emergencies, hazardous conditions, chemical release, or criminal activity. When it is necessary to shelter-in-place, you will be safest by moving inside to a building space that protects you from danger

DO NOT lock doors behind you as others may also need to shelter-in-place.

What it means to "Shelter-in-Place"

If an incident occurs and the buildings or areas around you become unstable, or if the air outdoors becomes dangerous due to toxic or irritating substances, it is usually safer to stay indoors, because leaving the area may expose you to that danger. Thus, to "shelter-in-place" means to make a shelter of the building that you are in, and with a few adjustments this location can be made even safer and more comfortable until it is safe to go outside.

Basic "Shelter-in-Place" Guidance

If an incident occurs and the building you are in is not damaged, stay inside an interior room until you are told it is safe to come out. If your building is damaged, take your personal belonging (purse, wallet, access card, etc.) and follow the evacuation procedures for your building (close your door, proceed to the nearest exit, and use the stairs instead of the elevators). Once you have evacuated, seek shelter at the nearest University building quickly. If police or fire department personnel are on the scene, follow their directions.

How You Will Know to "Shelter-In-Place"

A shelter-in-place notification may come from several sources: Florida Atlantic Police Department, Housing Staff members, other University employees, Boca Raton Police Department,

or other authorities utilizing the University's emergency communications tools.

How to "Shelter-In-Place"

No matter where you are, the basic steps of shelter-in-place will generally remain the same. Should the need ever arise, follow these steps, unless instructed otherwise by local emergency personnel:

1. Remain CALM

2. If you are inside, stay where you are. Collect any emergency shelter-in-place supplies and a telephone to be used in case of emergency. If you are outdoors, proceed into the closest building quickly or follow instructions from emergency personnel on the scene

3. Locate a room to shelter inside. It should be:

- a. An interior room
- b. Above ground level
- c. Without windows or with the least number of windows. If there is a large group of people inside a particular building, several rooms maybe necessary

4. Shut and lock all windows (for a tighter seal) and close exterior doors

5. Turn off air conditioners, heaters, and fans

6. Close vents to ventilation systems as you are able, (University staff will turn off the ventilation as quickly as possible)

7. Make a list of the people with you and ask someone, (hall staff, faculty, or other staff) to call the list in to Florida Atlantic Police Department so they know where you are sheltering. If only students are present, one of the students should call in the list.

8. Turn on a radio or TV and listen for further instructions

At the sound of a fire alarm or if you are instructed to evacuate, leave the work area immediately and proceed to the nearest exit, and leave the building. If you are the first to recognize a fire situation, activate the alarm, evacuate to a safe location using the nearest exit, and notify Florida Atlantic Police Department at (561) 297-3500 or dial 911.

For severe weather and civil unrest

1. Stay inside and move away from windows
2. Close and lock all exterior doors and offices
3. For extreme weather, relocate to lower levels in the building.

For external chemical, biological or radiological incidents:

1. Stay inside and move to an inner corridor or office
2. Facilities Management personnel may shut down all building ventilation fans and air conditioners, when necessary and appropriate
3. Since many chemical agents are heavier than air, and tend to hold close to the ground, move to higher levels of the building, if possible, to reduce the transfer of contaminated air from outside to inside
4. Remain alert for instructions and updates as they become available from the emergency personnel and University administrators

The University engages in comprehensive, focused, and integrated trainings, initiatives, strategies, and campaigns intended to end dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault and stalking that:

- A. Are culturally relevant, inclusive of diverse communities and identities, sustainable, responsive to community needs, and informed by research, or assessed for value, effectiveness, or outcome; and
- B. Consider environmental risk and protective factors as they occur on the individual, relationship, institutional, community, and societal levels.

Educational training consists of primary prevention and awareness programs for all incoming students and new employees and on-going awareness and prevention campaigns for students. Florida Atlantic prohibits the crimes of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking, as those terms are defined by the Clery Act.

Office of Civil Rights and Title IX (OCR9)

OCR9 provides a variety of programs and services for students, staff, and faculty to not only increase awareness of dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, stalking, and unlawful discrimination but also, information on how to intervene and report concerns. New employees attend Human Resource orientation where they receive a presentation conducted by OCR9 focused on the employee's responsibilities to know the law, not violate the law, follow Florida Atlantic policies and procedures and report incidents of the Title IX/Sexual Misconduct violations as well as other incidents of prohibited discrimination.

New employees are required to take Title IX/Sexual Misconduct and Non-Discrimination training. The training is offered online via Canvas. All employees are required to complete the Title IX/Non-Discrimination training within 30 days of hire. All new employees receive an email welcoming them to the Florida Atlantic family and explaining the Title IX/Non-Discrimination training requirement and upcoming training dates.

Also, OCR9 offers Title IX training upon request to university departments and employees, focusing on key university regulations, policies, laws, strategies, and techniques, as well as Lunch and Learns to promote safety in the university community.

Florida Atlantic complies with the requirements of Title IX of the Education Amendments Act of 1972 (Title IX) and other federal and state laws and regulations prohibiting discrimination based on sex.

Regulation 7.008, Anti-Discrimination and Anti-Harassment, in conjunction with the Student Code of Conduct (University Regulation 4.007), as well as Policy 7.10 (Title IX Compliance); Policy 7.12 (ADA Disability and Accommodation Compliance); and Policy 7.14 (Prohibited Discrimination and Harassment). govern the conduct of all University students, faculty and staff, including applicants for employment (hereafter collectively referred to as "University Community Members"), and third parties present on campus (contractors, vendors, Alumni or visitors). Third parties are both protected by and subject to these policies.

Regarding the Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2013 (VAWA), the Florida Atlantic University does not discriminate based on sex in its educational programs and sexual harassment and sexual violence are types of sex discrimination. Other acts can also be forms of sex-based discrimination and are also prohibited whether sexually based or not and include dating violence, domestic violence, and stalking. As a result, the University issues this statement of policy to inform the community of our comprehensive plan addressing sexual misconduct, educational programs, and procedures that address sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking, whether the incident occurs on or off campus and when it is reported to a University prohibits the offenses of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault and stalking and reaffirms its commitment to maintain a campus environment emphasizing the dignity and worth of all members of the university community.

Educational programming consists of primary prevention and awareness programs for all incoming students and new employees and ongoing awareness and prevention campaigns for students and employees that:

Identifies domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking as prohibited conduct:

- Defines, using definitions provided both by the Department of Education as well as state law, what behavior constitutes domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking.
- Defines what behavior and actions constitute consent to sexual activity in the State of Florida and the Rules of Conduct.
- Provides a description of safe and positive options for bystander intervention. Bystander intervention means safe and positive options that may be carried out by an individual or individuals to prevent harm or intervene when there is a risk of dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking.

University Crime Prevention and Safety Education Programs (cont.)

Bystander intervention includes recognizing situations of potential harm, understanding institutional structures and cultural conditions that facilitate violence, overcoming barriers to intervening, identifying safe and effective intervention options, and taking action to intervene.

- Information on risk reduction. Risk reduction means options designed to decrease perpetration and bystander inaction and to increase empowerment for victims to promote safety and to help individuals and communities address conditions that facilitate violence.
- Provides an overview of information contained in the Annual Security and Fire Safety Guide in compliance with the Clery Act.

OCR9 provides virtual and in-person training annually to University community members. Training options include Lunch-and-Learn Webinars and are available to train departments by request. Some groups request a presentation to improve their awareness and some groups are contacted by OCR9. The link to OCR9's website, which contains information about the office, applicable policies, and regulations as well as other resources may be found at <https://www.fau.edu/ocr9/>. One goal of OCR9 is to reach as many campus wide groups, students, and employees as possible to provide Title IX/Sexual Misconduct training to increase awareness and decrease incidents. Advertising trainings, presentations and awareness activities is conducted in a variety of ways. Each event has its own specific audience with the need for a targeted approach to marketing. The following ways are utilized depending on the event or activity: OCR9 website, sexual misconduct website, partnering websites, fliers/posters, e-mail invitations to previous attendees or specific groups, and the Florida Atlantic Calendar. The in-person training allows for introduction to OCR9 staff and the opportunity to ask questions. OCR9 continue to seek new and different ways to provide additional awareness campaigns to the campus community and specific groups. The Title IX Coordinator coordinates education, training and awareness programs on discrimination, Prohibited Sexual Conduct for students, staff and faculty. The University is committed to offering educational programs to promote awareness and prevention of Prohibited Sexual Conduct. Educational programs include a description of University policies and procedures as well as definitions of prohibited conduct. As part of the University's commitment to provide an environment free from Prohibited Sexual Conduct for students, faculty and staff, this policy (Florida Atlantic | Title IX Policy Statement) will be disseminated to the University community through email communication, publications, websites, and new employee training programs

Owls Care Health Promotion Prevention and Awareness Programs

Owls Care Health Promotion in collaboration with partners across the Division of Student Affairs, Division of Athletics, and Division of Academic Affairs, and the Florida Atlantic Police Department conducts a wide range of initiatives targeted at interpersonal violence prevention and awareness for students. In the year 2022, these services included:

Online Education

Sexual Assault Prevention by Vector Solutions: In addition to AlocholEdu and CannabisEdu, Florida Atlantic offered the following trainings on sexual assault awareness, consent, bystander intervention, campus policies and resources.

Sexual Assault Prevention for Student Athletes: required of all student athletes. Vector Solutions was also used to meet educational requirements for student athletes and athletic staff to receive sexual assault prevention education via the NCAA Board of Governor's requirements.

RespectEdu:

RespectEdu is for Modern Learners; required for all incoming adult learners over the age of 24.

Sexual Assault Prevention for Adult Learners:

required of all incoming adult learners over the age of 24.

Sexual Assault Prevention: Healthy Relationships

Ongoing: offered to all returning students

Sexual Assault Prevention for Athletic Staff: required of all athletic staff, coaches, and volunteers in the athletics division and the Student Athlete Center for Academic Excellence.

Trainings

Bystander Intervention Training: a 60–90-minute student-led training addressing warning signs of sexual violence, barriers to stepping in, and skills enhancement to be an effective bystander. This training is widely offered to student staff; new members of Fraternities and Sororities; registered student organizations; and by classroom request.

Workshops

Let's Get Consensual: a 50 – 90-minute (about 1 and a half hours) staff-led workshop where participants clarify the definition of consent using the acronym

M.O.V.E.S. (Mutual, Ongoing, Voluntary, Expressed, Safe).

University Crime Prevention and Safety Education Programs(cont.)

Healthy Relationships 101: a 50-minute staff led workshop on healthy conflict resolution skills; healthy breakup skills; recognizing signs of abusive relationships; safety planning; and supporting survivors.

Sexual Assault Resistance Weekend Retreats: A 12-hour program split over two days (6 hours each day) led by peer facilitators on recognizing risk cues for sexual violence in situations and developing a toolbox of effective strategies to defend your body and boundaries.



Awareness Events

It's On Us-Sexual Assault Awareness Month: In recognition of National Sexual Assault Awareness Month, Owls Care Health Promotion leads a team of campus and community partners to host a series of events and initiatives focused on sexual violence awareness and prevention. In 2024, Florida Atlantic's It's On Us Planning Committee hosted a mixture of in-person and virtual events:

It's On Us: Take a Stand Against Sexual Assault: It's On Us Week is a campus-wide awareness initiative dedicated to preventing sexual assault and promoting consent, respect, and bystander intervention. Join us on the Broward campuses for educational events and activities that empower our community to create a safer campus for everyone.

Owls Make MOVES Hoot: Visit with Wellness Owls Care Leaders and explore a variety of wellness topics! Students can earn Hoot Loot by stopping by and engaging in the conversation.

2 Step Consent Hoot: Visit with Wellness Owls Care Leaders and explore a variety of wellness topics! Students can earn Hoot Loot by stopping by and engaging in the conversation.

Denim Day: Florida Atlantic participated by wearing denim and decorating denim with statements in support of survivors of sexual violence.

Trauma Informed Yoga: Campus Recreation hosted a special yoga class that focused on being trauma informed for survivors.

Take Back the Night: Jupiter hosted last year Broward Campus: They had their event, but do not recall the name of it.

Domestic Violence Awareness Month: a month-long series of events hosted by a team of campus and community partners under the leadership of the Office of Victim Services.

Education Series: educational material published on Instagram. Florida Atlantic Domestic websites and events focused on different forms of abuse and recognizing the power and control factors in the situation.

Purple Day: a call to action for students, faculty, and staff to wear and post pictures of their purple to show support and raise Domestic Violence awareness.

Donation Drive: a call to action for students, faculty, and staff to donate linens and bags. All items were given to local domestic violence shelters.

Clothesline Project: hosted on three campuses. It is an artistic expression of raising awareness of different forms of abuse.

Hear, Heal, Walk: an event that included a resource fair, panel forum, and a walk on campus to raise awareness and show support, hosted by FAPD.

Supporting your student/colleague: hosted in partnership with OCR9s, this training is for faculty and staff and provides a tool-based approach on how to support survivors.

Self-Defense Class: hosted by Campus Rec; this was a jiu jitsu based class

Rooted in Resilience: decorate and build your own terrarium to cultivate heal and growth.



Owls Alliance Against Sexual Assault

Founded in 2016, the Owls Alliance Against Sexual Assault is a cross-divisional committee which fosters collaborative communication and an inter-disciplinary, cohesive focus on prevention and response initiatives to address sexual violence.

Some accomplishments of the Owls Alliance Against Sexual Assault included:

- Keeping staff informed on student needs and trends and current on evolving resources
- Expanding membership to include additional faculty & staff and students.
- Updating presentations and trainings around sexual violence such as consent, bystander interventions and Title IX provided training to the campus community and members within the alliance about sexual violence.

Alcohol, Illegal/Illicit Drugs Substance Use Education

The university promotes an environment that rejects substance use as an acceptable lifestyle, informs about resources for preventing or treating substance use, and helps people to make healthy decisions about alcohol and other drugs. It is important to be aware of Florida Atlantic's standard of conduct and disciplinary actions taken against students or employees who violate that standard. The use of alcohol and controlled substances can seriously impair health and the ability to work and study. It can pose a threat to the safety and well-being of others.

The University has adopted and implemented programs that seek to prevent the illicit use of drugs and alcohol use by university community members.

Prevention of substance abuse is sought in several ways by:

- Promoting accurate information on drug use
- Encouraging healthy use of leisure time
- Enhancing skills for dealing with stress
- Establish a healthy environment

Alcohol Use

Alcohol will only be permitted in settings that do not inhibit the full participation of those who choose not to drink alcohol and that comply with all federal, state, municipal and county laws and ordinances. The use of alcoholic beverages by members of the University community is always subject to state laws and the University Alcohol Policy and guidelines.

It is unlawful for any person to sell, give, serve, or permit to be served alcoholic beverages to any person less than 21 years of age to consume such beverages on licensed premises. [562.11 (1)(a)1]. A person who violates this commits a misdemeanor of the second degree. Second degree misdemeanors are punishable by up to 60 days in jail and a \$500,000 fine. It is also unlawful for any person to misrepresent or misstate his or her age or the age of any other person for the purpose of inducing any licensee or his or her agents or employee to sell, give, serve, or deliver any alcoholic beverages to a person under 21 years of age, or for any person under 21 years of age to purchase or attempt to purchase alcoholic beverages. On-campus violations are strictly enforced by the Florida Atlantic Police Department.

Housing also provides specific guidelines regarding the use of alcohol in all resident areas. University programs are available to assist students and employees who may need drug or alcohol counseling, and treatment or rehabilitation programs.

Information on alcohol and drug use treatment programs may be obtained by visiting the following link:

<https://interwork.sdsu.edu/echeckup/usa/alc/coll/index.php?id=FAU&hfs=false>

The Alcohol *eCHECKUP TO GO* will provide you with accurate and personalized feedback about:

- Your individualized drinking pattern
- Your risk pattern
- Your aspiration and goals
- Helpful resources at Florida Atlantic and in your community

The Alcohol *eCHECKUP TO GO* program was purchased for the exclusive use of, and tailored to, the Florida Atlantic community.

Illegal/Illicit Drugs

The University has established a University Substance Abuse Policy, which advises all members that it is unlawful to manufacture, distribute, dispense, possess, and/or use illegal drugs on university property. Any violation of this policy and/or state and federal laws regarding drugs may result in prosecution and/or campus disciplinary action.

Drug possession and delivery of illicit drugs are prohibited in Florida through the Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act [Section 893.13], penalties vary with the amount of the drug confiscated; the type of drug found; the number of previous offenses by the individual; and whether the individual intended to manufacture, sell, or use the drug.

The penalties for marijuana possession of less than 20 grams, the offense is classified as a first-degree misdemeanor. First degree misdemeanors are the most serious misdemeanors in Florida, punishable by jail terms of up to one year and fines of up to \$1,000. (Fla. Stat. §§ 775.082, 775.083.)

A conviction for misdemeanor marijuana possession will result in a two-year driver's license revocation, in addition to a term of probation. If a probationary sentence is imposed, you will be subjected to intrusive random drug testing and be responsible for paying costs of supervision, court costs, fines, costs of prosecution and completing all other terms and conditions imposed by the court. Failure to complete any of these conditions, or a failed drug test, or a missed drug test, will result in a violation of your probation, the issuance of a warrant for your arrest, and a likely jail sentence.

Under federal sentencing guidelines, federal courts can sentence simple-possession first offenders to one year in prison and a \$100,000 fine.

Florida Atlantic distributes an annual notification to all students, faculty, and staff on policies related to alcohol, other drugs, and weapons. Florida Atlantic policies can be found at <https://www.fau.edu/policies/> Under federal sentencing guidelines, federal courts can sentence simple-possession first offenders to one year in prison and a \$100,000 fine.

Health Risks

The use of illegal drugs and the misuse of prescription and other drugs pose a serious threat to health.

The use of marijuana (cannabis) may cause impairment of short-term memory, comprehension, and ability to perform tasks requiring concentration. Marijuana use also may cause lung damage, paranoia, and possible psychosis. The use of narcotics, depressants, stimulants, and hallucinogens may cause nervous system disorders and possible death as the result of an overdose. Illicit inhalants can cause liver damage.

Additional risks associated with the use of drugs include impaired academic or work performance; lost potential; financial problems; poor concentration; blackouts; conflicts with supervisors, co-workers, friends, and others; vandalism, theft, and murder; sexual assault and other unplanned sexual relationships; spouse and child abuse; sexually transmitted diseases; and unusual or inappropriate risk taking which may result in physical or emotional injury or death.

Detailed information regarding the use of illegal drugs, and the misuse of prescription and other drugs is available from Owls Care Health Promotion. Employees can receive individual consultation sessions, assessment and counseling, or be referred to community providers or agencies for assistance in dealing with drug abuse by calling the University's Employee Assistance Program (EAP).

To comply with federal law, the University requires employees to notify a supervisor or other appropriate management representative of any criminal drug statute conviction for a violation that occurred in the workplace no later than 5 days after such conviction. The University shall further notify any federal contracting agency within ten days of having received notice that an employee engaged in the performance of such contract or grant has had a criminal drug statute of conviction for a violation in the workplace. The university will take appropriate action against any employee who is convicted for a violation occurring in the workplace or will require the employee's satisfactory participation in a drug abuse assistance or rehabilitation program.

Violations of the policies and laws described herein by an employee or student are grounds for disciplinary action up to and including termination or expulsion in accordance with applicable University and the Florida Board of Governors regulations and/or collective bargaining agreements.

Such disciplinary actions also may include reprimand or suspension. Student organizations may also be sanctioned for violation of these policies and laws.

Sanctions may range from written reprimand to revocation as a student organization. Additionally, a violation may be reason for evaluation and treatment of a drug-use disorder or referral for prosecution consistent with local, state, and federal criminal law. Disciplinary action by the University does not preclude the possibility of criminal charges against a student or employee. The filing of criminal charges similarly does not preclude action by the University. Employees, students, contractors, or members of the public who exhibit behaviors consistent with drug use disorder or who behave in any manner inconsistent with this policy may be denied access to university facilities or events.

How Drug Use Affects Your Health

Adverse health effects related to drug use can range from nausea and anxiety to coma and death. There are risks associated with the chronic use of all psychoactive drugs, including alcohol. A pregnant woman who uses alcohol, cigarettes or other drugs exposes her fetus to serious risks, including miscarriage, low birth weight and brain damage.

Substance abuse may involve controlled substances, illegal drugs, and alcohol—all of which pose a health risk. When drugs are used in combination with each other, their negative effects on the mind and body are often multiplied beyond the effects of the same drugs taken on their own.

Under federal sentencing guidelines, federal courts can sentence simple possession of first offenders to one year in prison and a \$100,000 fine.

Alcohol is the drug most frequently abused on college campuses and in our society. Even a small amount of alcohol significantly impairs the judgment and coordination required to drive a car, increasing the chances of having an accident. Consumption of alcohol may be a factor in the incidence of aggressive crimes, including rape and domestic abuse. Moderate to large amounts of alcohol severely impairs your ability to learn and remember information. Because alcohol is a depressant, very large amounts can cause respiratory and cardiac failure, resulting in death.

Cannabis impairs short-term memory and comprehension. It can cause confusion, anxiety, lung damage and abnormalities of the hormonal and reproductive system. Hours after the feeling of getting high fades, the effects of the drug on coordination and judgment remain, heightening the risk of driving or performing other complex tasks. Cannabis is a fat-soluble substance and may remain in the body for weeks. An overdose can cause paranoia, panic attacks, or psychiatric problems.

Club Drugs refers to a wide variety of drugs including MDMA (Ecstasy), GHB, Rohypnol, ketamine, methamphetamine and LSD and are often used at raves, dance clubs and bars. No club drug is safe due to variations in purity, potency, and concentration, and they can cause serious health problems or death. They have even more serious consequences when mixed with alcohol.

Depressants such as barbiturates, Valium and other benzodiazepines, Quaaludes and other depressants cause disorientation, slurred speech, and other behaviors associated with drunkenness. The effects of an overdose of depressants range from shallow breathing, clammy skin, dilated pupils and weak and rapid pulse to coma and death.

Hallucinogens such as LSD, MDA, PCP (angel dust), Mescaline, and peyote can cause powerful distortions in perception and thinking. Intense and unpredictable emotional reactions can trigger panic attacks or psychotic reactions. An overdose of hallucinogens can cause heart failure, lung failure, coma, and death.

Narcotics are mind-altering substances that are commonly used to relieve pain and dull the senses, and most commonly include opioid drugs and synthetic opiates like heroin, codeine, morphine, methadone, fentanyl, oxycodone, hydrocodone, and morphine. These drugs can cause negative effects such as anxiety, mood swings, nausea, confusion, constipation, and respiratory depression. Overdose may lead to convulsions, coma, and death. The risk of being infected with HIV/AIDS or other diseases increases significantly if you inject drugs and share needles, and there is a high likelihood of developing a physical and psychological dependence on these drugs.

Stimulants: cocaine, amphetamines, and others – can cause agitation, loss of appetite, irregular heartbeat, chronic sleeplessness, and hallucinations. Cocaine and crack cocaine are extremely dangerous and psychologically and physically addictive. An overdose can result in seizures and death.

Tobacco, with its active ingredient nicotine, increases heart rate and raises blood pressure. The tar in cigarette smoke is a major cause of cancer and other respiratory problems. Carbon monoxide in cigarette smoke can promote arteriosclerosis, and long-term effects of smoking include emphysema, chronic bronchitis, heart disease, and lung cancer.

Alcohol, Tobacco, & Other Drug Education and Prevention Initiatives

Policy Statement for Alcoholic Beverages and Drug Free Environment: The unlawful possession, use or abuse of alcohol is strictly prohibited in and on all property owned, leased, or controlled by Florida Atlantic; the university is committed to providing a campus environment free of the abuse of and illegal use and possession of controlled substances. Florida Atlantic's Owls Care Health Promotion provides informational programs and prevention services for students. These services are outlined below.

- Owls Care Health Promotion offers general alcohol education to all incoming students via AlcoholEdu, an online interactive education program by Vector Solutions. AlcoholEdu is designed to introduce students to basic alcohol education and teach them to make informed and responsible decisions in relation to their use.
- In collaboration with the Florida Atlantic Family Engagement Office, Owls Care Health Promotion distributed "A Family Handbook for Talking with College Students About Alcohol" to the families of incoming students. This handbook, created by Dr. Turrisi of Pennsylvania State University, gives families strategies for talking with their students to hopefully decrease the probability of students experiencing negative consequences associated with high-risk drinking. The handbook is offered in both English and Spanish.
- Owls Care Health Promotions strives to ensure that prevention of education initiatives regarding alcohol and other drug education are evidence-informed, consistent, educational, and empowering.

All new members of Fraternity and Sorority Life were required to receive training in the following interventions each semester:

Bystander Intervention Training: helps students recognize the ways in which we can have a positive impact by watching out for each other. During this presentation, students will learn the key steps to being an upstander, identify reasons why bystanders are hesitant to intervene, and learn about resources they can turn to for assistance.

Alcohol Skills Training Program (ASTP): an alcohol abuse prevention program designed for anyone who drinks alcohol.

It was developed to promote harm reduction by teaching the knowledge and skills necessary to drink with less risk. It is based on a review of scientific evidence. Some of the topics covered in ASTP standard drinks, blood alcohol content, consent, how to deal with alcohol poisoning and medical amnesty. The program also emphasizes that choosing to drink or not to drink is a personal choice.

Making Healthy Choices About Alcohol: an alcohol abuse prevention program designed for anyone who drinks alcohol. It was developed to promote harm reduction by teaching the knowledge and skills necessary to drink with less risk. It is based on a review of scientific evidence. Some of the topics covered in Choices About Alcohol include standard drink sizes, blood alcohol content, tolerance, and how to deal with alcohol poisoning. The program also emphasizes that choosing to drink or not to drink is a personal choice.

Social Host Training: Social Host Training was developed in Spring of 2020, consolidating Safety Monitor Training and Party 101 (two alcohol education harm reduction programs previously offered). Fraternities and Sororities must attend Social Host Training to host events where alcohol is being served. Social Host training is led by staff from the Fraternity and Sorority Life Office.

Owls Care Health Promotion provides alcohol, tobacco, and other drug informational and educational materials, both during and outside of operating hours.

Owls Care Health Promotion maintains a website at www.fau.edu/owlscares whereby students can obtain information on self-assessment, services and educational opportunities regarding alcohol and other drugs.

The website provides the following:

- Ready availability of the Electronic Check Up To Go Alcohol and Cannabis online assessments and education programs. Students who participate in this online personal alcohol use reflection are typically sanctioned through the Office of Student Conduct and Conflict Resolution or housing sanction process. This program is also available free through the Owls Care website to any student who would like to reflect on their drinking or cannabis choices and get graphical data of their use and real-life ways in which to make changes to their current use patterns.

Owls Care Health Promotion also launched a website at https://www.fau.edu/owlscare/caring_for_self/bac-cards.php for students to learn about how to help someone in the case of alcohol or other drug overdose, access blood alcohol content resource cards, and medical amnesty:

- Owls Care Health Promotion circulates ongoing health communication media campaigns containing a variety of harm-reduction messages in multiple print, digital, and social media platforms.
- Bystander intervention education including alcohol and other drug use is offered by Owls Care to residence hall students, student organizations and anyone who should request it.
- Owls Care Health Promotion provided the Making Healthy Choices About Alcohol and Alcohol Skills Training Program (ASTP) to students who violate the Student Code of Conduct regarding low level alcohol infractions.
- Owls Care Health Promotion supports the efforts and services of the Area Health Education Center (AHEC) in assisting individuals with smoking cessation and provides students with their contact information if they are seeking tobacco cessation courses.
- Appropriate assessment, treatment and follow up supportive services are provided by Florida Atlantic's Counseling and Psychological Services, as well as referral to off-campus agencies when clinically appropriate.
- Making Healthy Choices about Alcohol: An Alcohol Skills Training Program was updated in 2020 in collaboration with national expert, Dr. George Parks
- Active participation with the Collegiate Recovery Community helping to advance recovery efforts as whole on campus and supporting the newly formed registered student organization.

M.O.V.E.S.

Mutual, Ongoing, Voluntary, Expressed, and Safe
Before engaging in any kind of sexual activity with someone, you need to get their permission. This is what is called consent.

We define consent as a **continuous, wholehearted, informed, freely given, free from coercion, a sober YES**. Sex without consent is rape.

There have been a lot of conversations about consent, and really. We have already talked about what consent IS, so let's look at what consent IS NOT.

Consent is not:

There have been a lot of conversations about consent, and really. We have already talked about what consent IS, so let's look at what consent IS NOT.

- Being in a relationship
- Silence
- The absence of a "no"
- Flirting
- Wearing certain types of clothing
- Coercion
- Pressure/manipulation
- Feeling guilty
- Feeling helpless or hopeless
- Being unable to say "no" (through sleep or unconsciousness) or absence of no
- Having had sex before
- Assumed

Resources

The University encourages any student and employee who may have a problem with the use of drugs and/or alcohol to seek professional advice and treatment. The University provides or can assist in arranging education, assessment, counseling, intervention, treatment, rehabilitation, and aftercare. Some of these services may be without charge and the cost of others may be partially paid by student or employee health insurance programs

Students:

OWLS Care Health Promotion

(561) 297-1048 www.fau.edu/owlscare

Counseling & Psychological Services

(561) 297-2277 www.fau.edu/counseling

Case Management

(561) 297-3542 <https://www.fau.edu/dean/our-services/>

Faculty and Staff Employee:

Assistance Program

(561) 297-3057 www.fau.edu/hr/employee_relations

Employee Assistance Program (EAP)

1-800-865-3200 <https://www.fau.edu/hr/benefits/providers/>

Community Resources, Drug Abuse

(561) 732-080 <https://sobornation.com/>

Alcohol/Illicit Drug Institution Violation

Florida Atlantic Regulations 4.007

The University's Student Code of Conduct is an integral part of the educational mission of the University, emphasizing the development of each individual's acceptance of their own personal and social responsibilities. This regulation ensures fairness in the implementation of procedural requirements and establishes foundational values and expectations for all students.

The University's Student Code of Conduct is designed to provide and help maintain an atmosphere within the University Community that is conducive to academic pursuits and personal growth. Serious action against a student, such as separation, is considered and invoked only when other remedies fail to meet the needs of the University Community.

Violations of the policies and laws described herein by an employee or student are grounds for disciplinary action up to and including termination or expulsion in accordance with applicable University and the Florida Board of Governors regulations and/or collective bargaining agreements. Such disciplinary actions also may include reprimand or suspension. Student organizations may also be sanctioned for violation of these policies and laws. Sanctions may range from written reprimand to revocation as a student organization. Additionally, a violation may be a reason for evaluation and treatment of a drug-use disorder or referral for prosecution consistent with local, state and federal criminal law. Disciplinary action by the University does not preclude the possibility of criminal charges against a student or employee. The filing of criminal charges similarly does not preclude action by the University. Employees, students, contractors, or members of the public who exhibit behaviors consistent with drug use disorder or who behave in any manner inconsistent with this policy may be denied access to University facilities or events.

Results of Student Conduct Proceedings

The Office of Student Conduct and Conflict Resolution is responsible for investigating alleged violations of University Regulations and Policies and for implementing the student conduct process. An educational and holistic approach to student conduct is employed whenever possible.

Students, faculty and staff who believe there has been a violation can contact the Office of Student Conduct and Conflict Resolution to discuss options available for reporting incidents to the appropriate authorities. Office staff also assists victims of assault or harassment by a university student, and they are also available for educational programs on a variety of related topics.

Alcohol Violations: A student found responsible for offenses regarding the use, possession, sale or distribution of alcohol may be sanctioned as follows, at the discretion of university officials, in accordance 4.007 with Regulation.

The sanctions listed below serve only as guidelines.

- a. First Violation or incident of a Low Level of Severity
 - i. Completion of an educational program and payment of administrative costs for participation in this program.
 - ii. Parent/Legal Guardian Notification (for dependent students only, in accordance with the Internal Revenue Code).
 - iii. Completion between five (5) and fifteen (15) hours of Community/University Service.
- b. Second Violation or Incident of a Moderate Level of Severity - May include any or all of the sanctions listed above, in addition to:
 - i. Completion of a substance use assessment and voluntary completion of recommended treatment from Florida Atlantic Counseling and Psychological Services or another clinical treatment agency at the student's expense.
 - ii. Completion of between fifteen (15) and thirty (30) hours of Community/University Service.
 - iii. Student Conduct Probation for a minimum of three (3) months.
 - iv. Deferred Termination of University Housing Contract (for residential students only).
- c. Third Violation or Incident of an Elevated Level of Severity - May include any or all of the sanctions listed above, in addition to:
 - i. Completion of up to fifty (50) hours of Community/University Service.
 - ii. Student Conduct Probation for a minimum of twelve (12) months.
 - iii. Termination of Housing Contract for a minimum of one (1) year, during which time the student will be suspended from campus Housing and trespassed from all residential areas. Students will be financially responsible for obligations under their Housing Contract (for residential students only).
 - iv. Suspension for a minimum of three (3) months.
 - v. Expulsion from the University.

Controlled and Illicit Substance(s) Violations:

Depending on the amount and type of illicit or illegal substance involved, a student may be suspended or expelled from the University. At the minimum, a student may be sanctioned as follows. The sanctions listed below serve only as guidelines.

- a. First Violation or incident of a Low Level of Severity
 - i. Completion of an educational program and payment of administrative costs for participation in this program.

Alcohol/Illicit Drug Institution Violation (cont.)

- ii. Parent/Legal Guardian Notification (for dependent students only, in accordance with the Internal Revenue Code).
 - iii. Completion of twenty-five (25) hours of Community/University Service.
 - iv. Student Conduct Probation for a minimum of six (6) months.
- b. Second Violation or Incident of a Moderate Level of Severity - May include any or all of the sanctions listed above, in addition to:
- i. Completion of a substance use assessment and voluntary completion of recommended treatment from Florida Atlantic Counseling and Psychological Services or another clinical treatment agency at the student's expense.
 - ii. Completion of fifty (50) hours of Community/University service.
 - iii. Probation for a minimum of one (1) year.
 - iv. Deferred Termination of University Housing Contract (for residential students only).
- c. Third Violation or Incident of an Elevated Level of Severity - May include any or all of the sanctions listed above, in addition to:
- i. Termination of Housing Contract for a minimum of one (1) year, during which time the student will be suspended from Campus Housing and trespassed from all residential areas. Students will be financially responsible for obligations under their Housing Contract (for residential students only).
 - ii. Probation for the duration of the student's current academic program.
 - iii. Suspension for a minimum of six (6) months.
 - iv. Expulsion from the University.

Substance Use and Parent/Legal Guardian Notification

Florida Atlantic University is committed to the success of its students both inside and outside of the classroom. Therefore, it is our goal to maximize students' learning and development, and promote their health, safety and welfare. In this regard, Florida Atlantic has implemented a Parental/Legal Guardian Notification policy. The University may inform parents or legal guardians when their dependent student (in accordance with the Internal Revenue Code), under the age of twenty-one (21), has been found in violation of the University Alcoholic Beverages and Drug-Free Environment policy.

(a) In non-emergency situations, parents or legal guardians of dependent students, under the age of twenty-one (21), will be notified in writing. However, in emergency situations, parents may be notified by an immediate phone call from the Dean for Students.

(b) These guidelines do not preclude Parental/Legal Guardian Notification for other policy violations that may endanger the health, safety and well-being of a student or other individuals in the University Community. Parental/Legal Guardian Notification may occur in health and safety emergencies regardless of the student's age or dependent status.

(c) Students, whose parents or legal guardians are to be notified under these guidelines, will be informed, when possible, before such notification occurs and given an opportunity to initiate contact with their parents.

This report reflects Regulation 4.007 as was published during the 2023-2024 school year. Regulation 4.007 was reviewed, amended, and approved on August 13, 2024. To view Florida Atlantic Regulation 4.007, you may visit:

<https://www.fau.edu/regulations/chapter-4/>

For more information on Florida Atlantic's Student Conduct process, visit: <https://www.fau.edu/dean/studentconduct/>

You may also contact the Office of Student Conduct and Conflict Resolution at: 561-297-3542 or email studentconduct@fau.edu.



Residence Hall and Campus Buildings Safety

The University provides an effective structure for the protection of students in residence halls. The elements of this system include:

- Security personnel
- Locked entrance doors
- Door peepholes
- Proximity Cards/Key access 24 hours/day for floor doors and/or elevators
- Available information about steps students can take to maintain their safety
- The university places restrictions on guests, building access and actions that may have a detrimental effect on student security. Such restrictions include:
 - Hosts assume full responsibility for the conduct of their guests. Hosts may have overnight guests for up to 15 nights per semester with the prior approval of roommates/suitemate, if a resident hosts two guests over the course of one night, this will count as two-over-night visits. Hosts may have a maximum of two overnight guests at a time. Hosts may have a maximum of two overnight guests at a time. Hosts may have an overnight guest for a maximum of three consecutive nights. All overnight guests must be checked in at the front desk. The process to sign in overnight guest is in the housing community guide on page 12.
 - Residents are not permitted to assign or sublease their assigned space
 - Residents may not permit any additional individuals, regardless of gender, to live with them in their assigned space. Guests may not give the appearance of living in a space by having food, drawer space, and personal belongings in the bathroom, or being in possession of a resident's Owl Card, key fob, or room keys
 - Housing and Residential Education staff may make the determination that a gathering exceeds safe occupancy and may require some or all guests to vacate the area including student rooms, lounges, or lobbies
 - Social gatherings at which alcohol is serviced must be conducted in accordance with the Florida Atlantic Policy on Alcoholic Beverages Policy 1.2
 - The Department of Housing and Residential Education staff reserves the right to ask any guest to leave at any time
 - Students are responsible for what occurs within their assigned space, including in suite common areas.
 - All guests be escorted at all items and carry a valid photo identification
 - If a student is found in violation of any of the above restrictions, the university may impose sanctions or fines on the student. Additional information can be found in the Community Guidebook. If is available at: <http://fau.edu/housing/communityguide/>

Safety Education for Residential Education

Goals of the Safety Education Program:

- Improve and increase safety on the Boca Raton and Jupiter campuses
- Provide a residential environment where all residents feel welcome and can express their safety concerns in the residence halls
- Provide oversight of the residence halls safety program

Access to and Security of Campus Facilities and Residence Halls

Florida Atlantic has a policy on security & access to campus facilities, including campus residences & security consideration during maintenance. The Florida Atlantic main campus is located within the City of Boca Raton, and, as such, is generally open to the public, during business hours University property (excluding certain housing facilities and card access buildings) will be open. During non-business hours, access to all University facilities is by key, card access or by admittance via the Florida Atlantic Police Department or Housing and Residential Education staff. In the case of periods of extended closing, the Florida Atlantic Police Department will control access. Some buildings, such as the library, arena, or cafeteria, will have varied and individual hours, and will be secured by the responsible department. Residence halls are secured 24 hours a day, with admittance by key, card access system, at the discretion of Housing and Residential Education staff or the Florida Atlantic Police Department. Emergencies may necessitate changes or alternations to any posted schedules and/or may require the closing of the entire campus property. University officials and students conduct an annual safety tour of the campus usually as a part of Safety month activities.

Most academic and administrative buildings do not have an Florida Atlantic police officer to them. However, officers patrol the academic and administrative buildings on a regular basis. For information about the access protocol for a specific building, contact Florida Atlantic Police Department at (561) 297-3500.



Residence Hall and Campus Buildings Safety (cont.)

Florida Atlantic Police Department officers patrol the residence halls on a regular basis. Access to residence halls is restricted to residents, their approved guests, and other approved university community members. Residents gain entry by presenting their proximity cards (Florida Atlantic Owl Card) to the proximity card readers and using their university-issued residence hall key. Residents are cautioned against permitting strangers to enter the buildings and are urged to required individuals seeking entry to use their own personal access cards. Resident Assistants, Community and Operations Coordinators also maintain security measures in the halls and work with residents to achieve a community respectful of individual and group rights and responsibilities.

Current Florida Atlantic Residential Housing

- Atlantic Park Towers
- BPW Scholarship House
- Glades Park Towers
- Heritage Park Towers
- Indian River Towers
- Innovation Village Apartments North
- Innovation Village Apartments South
- MacArthur Residence Hall 1 (Jupiter)
- MacArthur Residence Hall 2 (Jupiter)
- MacArthur Residence Hall 3 (Jupiter)
- Parliament Hall
- University Village Student Apartments

The HBOI residential halls are not under the Department of Housing and Residential Education.

Maintenance of Campus Facilities

Facilities and landscaping are maintained in a manner designed to minimize the potential for hazardous conditions. The Florida Atlantic Police Department officers regularly patrol the campus and report malfunctioning lights and other unsafe physical conditions to the Physical Plant for correction. Campus lighting typically meets or exceeds the industry standard for pedestrian walkways, and parking lots are well-lit and routinely patrolled by the Florida Atlantic Police Department. Maintenance of the campuses is the joint responsibility of Facilities Planning, Physical Plant, and Engineering and Utilities. Facilities Management has implemented a new work order system. It offers a more robust way to manage work orders and gives you, the user, an easy way to create service requests and track the status of those that you have put into the system. A website has been created to report campus safety concerns (lighting, shrubbery blocking clear sight lines, etc.) and can be accessed under Florida Atlantic Facilities Management at www.fau.edu/facilities.



Policy Updates

The following university compliance policies have been up-dated and/or are available on the Human Resource Services at www.fau.edu/hr or www.fau.edu/policies.

Annual Fire Safety Report

The Environmental Healthy and Safety Department (EH&S), located in the Campus Operation Building, 777 Glades Road, CO69, Boca Raton, complies and maintains a fire safety log and report in compliance with the Higher Education Opportunity Act. The EH&S has developed and maintained the University's Annual Fire Safety Report and can be found at the end of this report. For a current fire log, a PDF of this report can be found at: <https://www.fau.edu/ehs/safety/fire-safety-program/index.php>

This report is also available at: <https://www.fau.edu/police/clery.php>

OWL READY App

Florida Atlantic's Premiere Preparedness and Safety App! Owl Ready is the official preparedness and safety app of Florida Atlantic University. It was developed by the Department of Emergency Management, with assistance from Public Safety, under the University's mission to develop policies, programs, services, and informational resources to promote and address preparedness and safety concerning the University community

Clery Act

The Clery Act is a consumer protection law that aims to provide transparency around campus crime policy and statistics.

In order to comply with Clery Act requirements, colleges and universities must understand what the law entails, where their responsibilities lie, and what they can do to actively foster campus safety.

You can read the full text of the Clery Act at the Federal Register here:

<https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/FR-2014-10-20/pdf/2014-24284.pdf>

What's new...

As of January 21, 2025, the maximum Clery fine amount is \$71,545 per violation. The Clery fine amount is adjusted annually for inflation under the Federal Civil Penalties Inflation Adjustment Act Improvements Act, 28 U.S.C. § 2461; 34 C.F.R. § 668.84. The Stop Campus Hazing Act was signed adding hazing as Clery Act-reportable crime starting in 2026.

Clery Geography

On-campus: Any building or property owned or controlled by an institution within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area and used by the institution in direct support of, or in a manner related to, the institution's educational purposes, including residence halls; and (ii) any building or property that is within or reasonably contiguous to the area identified in paragraph (i) of this definition, that is owned by the institution but controlled by another person, is frequently used by students, and supports institutional purposes (such as a food or other retail vendor)."

On-campus Student Housing Facilities: Property owned or controlled by the institution used to provide housing for the institution's students.

Non-Campus: Any building or property owned or controlled by a student organization that is officially recognized by the institution; or any building or property owned or controlled by an institution that is being used in direct support of, or in relation to, the institution's educational purposes, is frequented by students and is not within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area of the institution

Public Property: All public property, including thoroughfares, streets, sidewalks, and parking facilities, that is within the campus or immediately adjacent to and accessible from the campus. The Clery Act does not require disclosure of crime statistics for public property that surrounds non-campus buildings or property.

Compliance

Publication of this annual report is required by federal law. The annual crime statistics at Florida Atlantic were compiled by the Florida Atlantic Police Department, Office of Student Conduct and Conflict Resolution, and the Office of Civil Rights and Title IX, campus officials with responsibility for oversight of student activities, and relevant local and state police agencies. The university's yearly crime statistics are compiled on a calendar-year basis in accordance with the definitions of crimes provided by the FBI for use in the Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) system.

The report includes statistics for the previous three years concerning crimes that occurred on its campuses and were reported to the Florida Atlantic Police Department or designated campus officials.

Additionally, these statistics include individuals referred for campus disciplinary action for categories required under the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of

Compliance (cont.)

Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act, including alcohol and drug law violations and illegal weapons possession. Statistical information for certain off-campus locations or property owned or controlled by the university, as well as public property within or immediately adjacent to and accessible from campus, are collected or requested from local police departments. For statistical purposes, crime statistics reported to any of these sources are recorded in the calendar year in which the crime was reported. The university will withhold information from its crime log only if there is clear and convincing evidence that the release of the information would jeopardize an ongoing criminal investigation, the safety of an individual, or cause a suspect to flee or evade detection.

Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act, including alcohol and drug law violations and illegal weapons possession. Statistical information for certain off-campus locations or property owned or controlled by the university, as well as public property within or immediately adjacent to and accessible from campus, are collected or requested from local police departments. For statistical purposes, crime statistics reported to any of these sources are recorded in the calendar year in which the crime was reported. The university will withhold information from its crime log only if there is clear and convincing evidence that the release of the information would jeopardize an ongoing criminal investigation, the safety of an individual, or cause a suspect to flee or evade detection.

Unless the disclosure is prohibited by law or would jeopardize the confidentiality of the victim, newly reported crimes and updated information regarding previously reported crimes are entered within two business days of being reported to the university police department for each of its separate campuses.

A daily offense log is available for public review, for the most recent 60-day period, during normal business hours at the Florida Atlantic Police Department building C069 at 777 Glades Rd. Boca Raton, FL, or online police.fau.edu/blotter. Beyond 60-days a request will be honored within two business days.

Clery Act Reporting Descriptions

Student Conduct Referrals for campus violation of university policies regarding alcohol, drugs or weapons does not necessarily mean that a violation of law has occurred.

Referrals that were the result of arrest or citation are reflected elsewhere in the crime statistics. Student Conduct Incident Reports reflect the number of individuals referred for campus disciplinary action.

Classifying Crime Statistics

The statistics on the preceding pages are published in accordance with the standards and guidelines used by the Clery Act.

The number of victims involved in a particular incident is indicated for the following crime classifications: murder/non-negligent manslaughter, manslaughter by negligence, sex offenses (rape, fondling, incest, statutory rape) and aggravated assault. For example, if an aggravated assault occurs and there are three victims, this would be counted as three aggravated assaults in the crime statistics. In cases of motor vehicle theft, each vehicle stolen is counted.

The number of incidents involving a particular offense is indicated for the following crime categories (includes one offense per distinct operation): robbery, burglary, and arson. For example, if five students are walking across campus together and they are robbed, this would count as one incident of robbery in the crime statistics chart. In cases involving alcohol law, drug law and illegal weapons violations, each person who was arrested is indicated in the arrest statistics. If an arrest includes offenses for multiple alcohol or drug law violations, it is only counted as a drug law violation under the Hierarchy Rule.

The statistics captured under the "Judicial Referrals" section for alcohol law, drug law and illegal weapons violations indicate the number of people who were referred to Student Conduct and charged for violating those specific laws.

Statistics for hate crimes are counted in each specific Clery-reportable crime category and therefore are part of the overall statistics reported for each year. Each reported hate crime, the university identifies the category of bias that motivated the crime. The only exception to this is the addition of a bias-motivated larceny, simple assault resulting in bodily injury, intimidation, and vandalism; the law requires that this statistic be reported as a hate crime even though there is no requirement to report the crime in any other area of the compliance document.

Hate crimes are crimes that manifest evidence that the victim was intentionally selected because of the victim's actual or perceived race, religion, sexual orientation, gender, gender identity, ethnicity, national origin, or disability.

Definitions

Florida Atlantic University uses numerous terms in its policies and procedures. Because both employees and students can complain of sexual misconduct and navigate both on-campus administrative resolution processes and (depending on the offense) an external criminal resolution process, Florida Atlantic is providing definitions of terms from the Department of Education and the State of Florida. Questions regarding any terms used in this document related to sexual misconduct should be directed to Florida Atlantic's Title IX Coordinator, Human Resources or the Office of Student Rights and Responsibilities.

Clery Crimes

Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter: The willful killing of one human being by another which includes any death due to a fight, argument, quarrel, or assault which occurs during the commission of a crime or by premeditated design.

Negligent Manslaughter: The killing of another person through gross negligence of another which is the intentional failure to perform a manifest duty in reckless disregard of the consequences as affecting the life or property of another.

Sexual Assault: Any nonconsensual sexual act proscribed by federal or Florida law, including when the victim lacks capacity to consent. An offense that meets the definition of rape, fondling, incest, or statutory rape as used in the FBI's UCR program (42 U.S. Code Section 13925 (a)(29)).

Sex Offenses: Any sexual act directed against another person, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent.

Rape: The penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus with any body part or object, or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person, without the consent of the victim.

Fondling: The touching of the private body parts of another person for the purpose of sexual gratification, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her age or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental incapacity.

Incest: Sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law.

Statutory Rape: Sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent.

Robbery: The taking or attempting to take anything of value under confrontational circumstances from the control, custody, or care of another person by force, threat of force, violence, and/or by putting the property custodian in fear.

Aggravated Assault: An unlawful attack by one person upon another where either the offender displays a weapon, or the victim suffers obvious severe or aggravated bodily injury involving apparent broken bones, loss of teeth, possible internal injury, severe laceration, or loss of consciousness.

Burglary: Unlawful entry into a building or other structure with the intent to commit a felony or a theft.

Motor Vehicle Theft: Theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle.

Arson: Any willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling, house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, personal property, etc.

Violence Against Women Act (VAWA) Offenses

Domestic Violence: A felony or misdemeanor crime of violence committed by a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim;

by a person with whom the victim shares a child in common; by a person who is cohabitating with, or has cohabitated with, the victim as a spouse or intimate partner; by a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred; by any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred (42 U.S. Code Section 13925 (a) (8)); or

Physical abuse, harassment, intimidation of a dependent, interference with personal liberty or willful deprivation of a family or household member, which includes spouses, former spouses, parents, children, stepchildren, and other persons related by blood or by present or prior marriage, persons who share or formerly shared a common dwelling, persons who have or allegedly have a child in common, and persons who share or allegedly share a blood relationship through a child.

For the purposes of complying with the requirements of this section and section 668.41, any incident meeting this definition is considered a crime for the purposes of Clery Act reporting.

Definitions (cont.)

Dating Violence: Violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim.

For the purposes of this definition, dating violence includes, but is not limited to, sexual or physical abuse or the threat of such abuse. Dating Violence does not include acts covered under the definition of domestic violence. Any incident meeting this definition is considered a crime for the purposes of Clery Act reporting (42 U.S. Code Section 13925 (a)(9) and (10)); or

Threatening to use physical, mental, or emotional abuse to control another person who is in a dating relationship with the person. The existence of a dating relationship in 1 or 2 above shall be determined based on the reporting party's statement and with consideration of the type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship. For the purposes of complying with the requirements of this section and section 668.41, any incident meeting this definition is considered a crime for the purposes of the Clery Act reporting.

Stalking: Engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to:

(A) fear for the person's safety or the safety of others; or

(B) suffer substantial emotional distress. For the purposes of this definition:

- (i) Course of conduct means two or more acts, including, but not limited to, acts in which the stalker directly, indirectly, or through third parties, by any action, method, device or means, follows, monitors, observes, surveils, threatens or communicates to or about a person, or interferes with a person's property;
- (ii) Reasonable person means a reasonable person under similar circumstances and with similar identities to the victim;
- (iii) Substantial emotional distress means significant mental suffering or anguish that may, but does not necessarily, require medical or other professional treatment or counseling;

(iv) Any incident meeting this definition is considered a crime for the purposes of Clery Act reporting (42 U.S. Code Section 13925 (a)(30)) or

(A) Knowingly and without lawful justification, on at least two separate occasions, following another person or placing the person under surveillance or any combination thereof and

(i) at any time transmitting a threat of immediate or future bodily harm, sexual assault confinement or restraint and the threat is directed towards that person or a family member of that person, or

(ii) places that person in reasonable apprehension of immediate or future bodily harm, sexual assault, confinement or restraint to or of that person or a family member of that person; or

(B) when, having been previously convicted of stalking another person, knowingly and without lawful justification on one occasion,

(i) follows that same person or places that same person under surveillance; and

(ii) transmits a threat of immediate or future bodily harm, sexual assault, confinement or restraint to that person or a family member of that person.

Stalking may be accomplished by physical act or electronic means, such as computer or cell phone. When reporting stalking crimes that include more than one calendar year, the university does record each report of stalking as occurring as occurring at only the first location within the institution's Clery geography in which a perpetrator engaged in the stalking course of conduct; or victim became aware of the stalking.

When reporting stalking crimes that include more than one calendar year, the university does record each report of stalking as occurring as occurring at only the first location within the institution's Clery geography in which a perpetrator engaged in the stalking course of conduct; or victim became aware of the stalking.

Arrests/Judicial Referral Offenses

Alcohol Law Violations: The violation of laws or ordinances prohibiting: the manufacture, sale, transporting, furnishing, possessing of intoxicating liquor; maintaining unlawful drinking places; bootlegging; operating a still;

furnishing liquor to a minor or intemperate person; using a vehicle for illegal transportation of liquor; drinking on a train or public conveyance; all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned. (Drunkness and driving under the influence are not included in this definition.)

Drug Law Violations: Violations of state and local laws relating to the unlawful possession, sale, use, growing, manufacturing, and making of narcotic drugs. The relevant substances include: opium or cocaine and their derivatives (morphine, heroin, codeine), marijuana, synthetic narcotics (Demerol, methadone) and dangerous non-narcotic drugs (barbiturates, Benzedrine).

Weapons Law Violations: The violation of laws or ordinances dealing with weapon offenses, regulatory in nature, such as: manufacture, sale, or possession of deadly weapons; carrying deadly weapons, concealed or openly; furnishing deadly weapons to minors; aliens possessing deadly weapons; all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned.

Clery reportable offense crime definitions are taken from the FBI Uniform Crime Reporting Handbook.

Hate Crimes

Includes all the crimes listed previously that manifest evidence that the victim was intentionally selected because the perpetrator's bias against the victim based on the following crimes and categories of prejudice listed below:

Larceny: The unlawful taking, carrying, leading, or riding away of property from the possession or constructive possession of another.

Simple assault: An unlawful physical attack by one person upon another where neither the offender displays a weapon, nor the victim suffers obvious severe or aggravated bodily injury involving apparent broken bones, loss of teeth, possible internal injury, severe laceration, or loss of consciousness.

Intimidation: To unlawfully place another person in reasonable fear of bodily harm using threatening words and/or other conduct, but without displaying a weapon or subjecting the victim to actual physical attack.

Vandalism: Or destruction of property: to destroy willfully or maliciously, damage, deface, or otherwise injure real or personal property without the consent of the owner or the person having custody or control of it.

Bias—A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons based on their race, gender, religion, disability, sexual orientation, ethnicity, national origin, or gender identity.

Race—A preformed negative attitude toward a group of persons who possess common physical characteristics genetically transmitted by descent and heredity which distinguish them as a distinct division of humankind.

Gender—A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a person or group of persons based on their actual or perceived gender, e.g. male or female.

Gender Identity—A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a person or group of persons based on their actual or perceived gender identity, e.g. Bias against transgender or gender non-conforming individuals.

Religion—A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons who share the same religious beliefs regarding the origin and purpose of the universe and the existence or nonexistence of a supreme being.

Sexual Orientation—A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons based on their actual perceived sexual orientation.

Ethnicity—A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of people whose members identify with each other, through a common heritage, often consisting of a common language, common culture (often including a shared religion) and/or ideology that stresses common ancestry.

National Origin—A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a person or group of persons based on their actual or perceived country of birth. This bias may be against people that have a name or accent associated with a national origin group, participate in certain customs associated with a national origin group, or because they are married to or associate with people of a certain national origin.

Disability—A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons based on their physical or mental impairments/challenges, whether such disability is temporary or permanent, congenital, or acquired by heredity, accident, injury, advanced age, or illness.

Unfounded Crimes

An institution may withhold, or subsequently remove, a reported crime from its crime statistics in the rare situations where sworn or commissioned law

enforcement personnel have fully investigated the reported crime and based on the results of this full investigation and evidence, have made a formal determination that the crime report is false or baseless and therefore “unfounded.” Only sworn or commissioned law enforcement personnel may “unfound” a crime report for purposes of reporting under this section. The recovery of stolen property, the low value of stolen property, the refusal of the victim to cooperate with the prosecution, and the failure to make an arrest do not “unfound” a crime report.

Awareness programs: Community-wide or audience specific programming, initiatives and strategies that increase audience knowledge and share information and resources to prevent violence, promote safety and reduce perpetration.

Bystander intervention: Safe and positive options that may be carried out by an individual or individuals to prevent harm or intervene when there is a risk which can include but not limited to dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking. Bystander intervention includes recognizing situations of potential harm, understanding institutional structures and cultural conditions that facilitate violence, overcoming barriers to intervene, identifying safe and effective intervention options, and taking actions to intervene.

Ongoing prevention an awareness campaigns: Programming, initiatives and strategies that are sustained over time and focus on increasing understanding of topics relevant to and skills for addressing but not limited to, dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking, using a range of strategies with audiences throughout the institution.

Primary prevention programs: Programming, initiatives and strategies informed by research or assessed for value, effectiveness or outcome that are intended to but, not limited to, preventing dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault and stalking through the promotion of education that foster healthy, mutually respectful relationships and sexuality, encourage safe bystander intervention, and seek to change behavior and social norms in healthy and safe direction.

Risk reduction: Options designed to decrease perpetration and bystander inaction and to increase empowerment for victims to promote safety and to help individuals and communities address conditions that facilitate violence.

Prompt, fair, and impartial proceeding: A proceeding that is completed within reasonably prompt timeframes designated by an institution’s policy, including a process that allows for the extension of timeframes for good cause and with written notice to the accuser and the accused of the delay and the reason for the delay.

Conducted in a manner that:

- Includes timely notice of meetings at which the accuser or accused, or both, may be present and
- Includes timely notice of meetings at which the accuser or accused, or both, may be present and
- Provides timely and equal access to the accuser, the accused and appropriate officials to any information that will be used during informal and formal disciplinary meetings and hearings
- Are conducted by officials who do not have a conflict of interest or bias for or against the accuser or the accused
- Are conducted by officials who, at a minimum, receive annual training on the issues relating to dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault and stalking and how to conduct an investigation and hearing process that protects the safety of victims and promotes accountability

Advisor: Any one person chosen by the student to support them in the student conduct process including, but not limited to, a family member, friend, mentor, advocate, or an attorney chosen by the student at their own expense. Both the Respondent and the Complainant have the right to be accompanied by an advisor. Advisors may not be individuals involved in the incident or otherwise participating in the student conduct process. In Title IX Matters, the University will provide an advisor when the Complainant or Respondent have not selected their own advisors.

Programs to prevent dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking:

Comprehensive, intentional, and integrated programming, initiatives, strategies, and campaigns intended to end dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault and stalking that:

Are culturally relevant, inclusive of diverse communities and identities, sustainable, responsive to community needs, and informed by research or assessed for value, effectiveness, or outcome; and consider environmental risk and protective factors as they occur on the individual, relationship, institutional, community, and societal levels.

Programs to prevent dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking include both primary prevention and awareness programs directed at incoming students and new employees and ongoing prevention and awareness campaigns directed at students and employees.

Proceeding: All activities related to a non-criminal resolution of an institutional disciplinary complaint, including, but not limited to, fact finding investigations, formal or informal meetings, and hearings. Proceeding does not include communications and meetings between officials and victims concerning accommodations or protective measures to be provided to a victim.

Decision and Outcome: Any final decision by any official or entity authorized to resolve student conduct matters within the institution. The decision and outcome may include sanctions imposed by the institution if the accused is found to be responsible.

Consent

Consent is defined in Florida within the criminal statute related to sexual battery. Fla. Stat. §794.011 Sexual battery.

(a) "Consent" means intelligent, knowing, and voluntary consent and does not include coerced submission.

"Consent" shall not be deemed or construed to mean the failure by the alleged victim to offer physical resistance to the offender.

Consent, as defined by the Student Code of Conduct means any sexual act that occurs without the consent of the victim, or that occurs when the victim is unable to give consent or any act which could constitute a violation of any local law or ordinance, State of Florida, or Federal law. Consent is a clear, unambiguous, informed, voluntary, and freely given agreement between all participants to knowingly engage in sexual activity. Consent must be mutually understandable by words or actions (i.e. a reasonable person would consider the words or actions to indicate mutual agreement to engage in the sexual activity). Consent is active and cannot be based on the absence of an affirmative statement or act of denial. Silence or lack of resistance does not constitute consent. Seeking and receiving consent is the responsibility of the person(s) initiating the sexual act or acts regardless of whether the person initiating the act is under the influence of drugs or alcohol.

Consent to any sexual act or prior consensual sexual activity between or with any party does not in and of itself constitute consent to any other sexual act. Consent to engage in sexual activity with one person does not constitute consent to engage in sexual activity with another. Consent may be initially given but withdrawn at any time. Consent cannot be given when a person is incapacitated (including, but not limited to, a person or someone with a physical or mental disability and/or level of intoxication that causes impairment resulting in incapacitation), asleep or unconscious, or underage. Consent cannot be given when it is the result of coercion, intimidation, force, or threat of harm. The University prohibits any sexual activity that does not involve the consent of each individual. Consent must be given to engage in the act of sexual activity, and consent should also be given to any person who records or photographs any aspect of the sexual encounter as well as third parties who wish to view the sexual activity either in person or via any electronic equipment, methods, or devices. Any of these acts will be deemed to be sexual exploitation. Sexual exploitation includes, but is not limited to, the following acts:

- Sexual voyeurism or allowing others to witness or observe the sexual or intimate activity of another person without that person's full knowledge and consent; observe the sexual or intimate activity of another person without that person's full knowledge and consent; to expose themselves when consent is not present.
- Recording any person engaged in sexual or intimate activity in a private space without that person's full knowledge and consent, even if the person recording the sexual or intimate activity is also engaged in the consented to sexual activity.
- Distributing sexual or intimate information, images, or recordings about another person without that person's full knowledge and consent.
- Recruiting, harboring, transporting, providing, or obtaining another person for the purpose of sexual exploitation
- Inducing incapacitation of another person with the intent to engage in sexual conduct, regardless of whether prohibited sexual conduct actually occurs.

The definition of consent does not vary based upon a participant's sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or gender expression.

Criminal Offense- Boca Raton Campus	Year	On-Campus (Residence Facilities only)	On-Campus	Non-Campus	Public Property
ARRESTS					
Alcohol Law Violation	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Drug Law Violation	2025	0	7	0	0
	2024	1	4	0	0
	2023	0	2	0	0
Weapons Law Violation	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
DISCIPLINARY REFERRALS					
Alcohol Law Violation	2025	168	168	1	0
	2024	100	100	0	0
	2023	63	63	0	0
Drug Law Violation	2025	19	22	0	0
	2024	21	24	0	0
	2023	14	16	0	0
Weapons Law Violation	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
CRIME STATISTICS					
Murder/Homicide	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Rape	2025	2	2	0	0
	2024	3	3	0	0
	2023	3	5	1	0
Fondling	2025	1	1	0	0
	2024	1	6	0	0
	2023	2	7	0	0
Incest	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Robbery	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	2	8	0	0
	2023	2	8	0	0
Burglary	2025	0	2	0	0
	2024	1	8	0	0
	2023	2	16	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	2025	1	32	0	0
	2024	3	34	0	0
	2023	1	21	0	0
Arson	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Domestic Violence	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	1	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Dating Violence	2025	0	4	0	0
	2024	6	8	0	1
	2023	9	11	0	1
Stalking	2025	0	3	0	0
	2024	0	5	0	0
	2023	0	9	0	0
Hazing	2025	0	1	0	0

Hate Crime Reporting.

2025: No hate crimes reported
2024: No hate crimes reported
2023: No hate crimes reported

Unfounded Crime Reporting

2025: No unfounded crimes reported
2024: No unfounded crimes reported
2023: No unfounded crimes reported

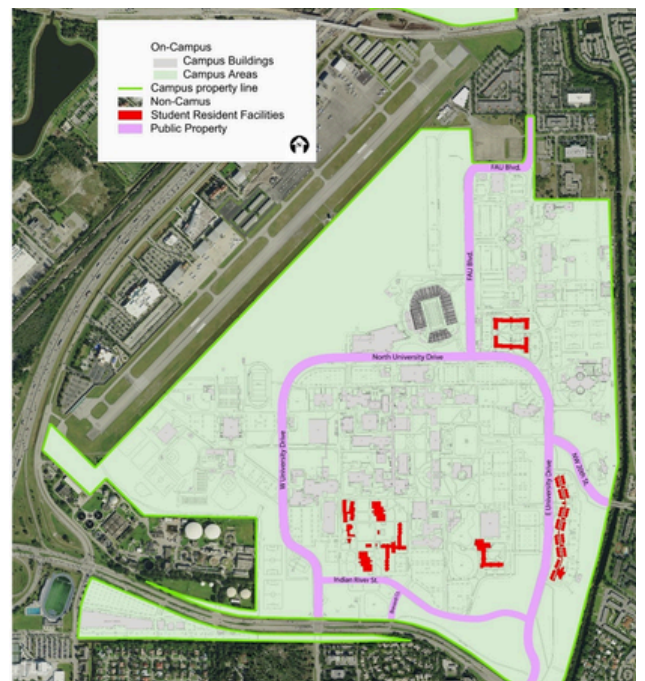
BOCA RATON CAMPUS

777 Glades Road, Boca Raton, Florida 33431
561-297-3000



Important Contacts

Emergency	911
FAU Police Department	561-297-3500
Victim Services	561-297-0500
Boca Raton Regional Hospital	561-955-7100
Counseling and Psychological Services	561-297-CAPS
Owls Care	561-297-1048
Student Health Services	561-297-3512



Criminal Offense- SeaTech (Dania) Campus	Year	On-Campus (Residence Facilities only)	On-Campus	Non-Campus	Public Property
ARRESTS					
Alcohol Law Violation	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Drug Law Violation	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Weapons Law Violation	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
DISCIPLINARY REFERRALS					
Alcohol Law Violation	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Drug Law Violation	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Weapons Law Violation	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
CRIME STATISTICS					
Murder/Homicide	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Rape	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Fondling	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Incest	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Robbery	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Burglary	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	2
Arson	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Domestic Violence	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Dating Violence	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Stalking	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Hazing	2025	0	0	0	0

Hate Crime Reporting

2025: No hate crimes reported
2024: No hate crimes reported
2023: No hate crimes reported

Unfounded Crime Reporting

2025: No unfounded crimes reported
2024: No unfounded crimes reported
2023: No unfounded crimes reported

SEA TECH CAMPUS

101 North Beach Rd, Dania Beach, FL 33004
954-924-7000



Important Contacts

Emergency	911
FA Police Department	954-448-8530
Broward Sheriff's Office	954-765-4321
Victim Services	561-297-0500
Memorial Hospital	954-276-3403
Counseling and Psychological Services	561-297-CAPS
Owls Care	561-297-1048
Student Health Services	561-297-3512



Criminal Offense- Davie Campus	Year	On-Campus (Residence Facilities only)	On-Campus	Non-Campus	Public Property
ARRESTS					
Alcohol Law Violation	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Drug Law Violation	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Weapons Law Violation	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
DISCIPLINARY REFERRALS					
Alcohol Law Violation	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Drug Law Violation	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Weapons Law Violation	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
CRIME STATISTICS					
Murder/Homicide	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Rape	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Fondling	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Incest	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Robbery	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Burglary	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Arson	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Domestic Violence	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Dating Violence	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Stalking	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Hazing	2025	0	0	0	0

Hate Crime Reporting
2025: No hate crimes reported
2024: No hate crimes reported
2023: No hate crimes reported

Unfounded Crime Reporting
2025: No unfounded crimes reported
2024: No unfounded crimes reported
2023: No unfounded crimes reported

DAVIE CAMPUS
3200 College Avenue, Davie, FL 33314
954-236-1000



Important Contacts

Emergency911

FA Police Department954-263-1140

Davie Police Department954-693-8200

Victim Services561-297-0500

Westside Regional Hospital954-723-1400

Counseling and Psychological Services954-236-1210

Owls Care954-236-1115

Student Health Services954-236-1556



Criminal Offense- Fort Lauderdale Campus	Year	On-Campus (Residence Facilities only)	On-Campus	Non-Campus	Public Property
ARRESTS					
Alcohol Law Violation	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Drug Law Violation	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Weapons Law Violation	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
DISCIPLINARY REFERRALS					
Alcohol Law Violation	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Drug Law Violation	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Weapons Law Violation	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
CRIME STATISTICS					
Murder/Homicide	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Rape	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Fondling	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Incest	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Robbery	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Burglary	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Arson	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Domestic Violence	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Dating Violence	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Stalking	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Hazing	2025	0	0	0	0

Hate Crime Reporting

2025: No hate crimes reported
2024: No hate crimes reported
2023: No hate crimes reported

Unfounded Crime Reporting

2025: No unfounded crimes reported
2024: No unfounded crimes reported
2023: No unfounded crimes reported

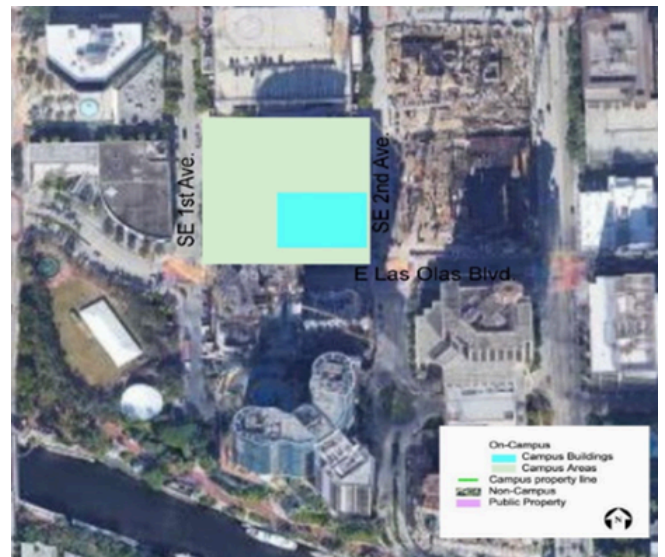
FORT LAUDERDALE CAMPUS

111 East Las Olas Blvd, Fort Lauderdale, FL 33301
954-236-1000



Important Contacts

Emergency	911
FA Police Department	954-828-5700
Ft. Lauderdale Police Department	954-764-4357
Victim Services	561-297-0500
Kindred Hospital	954-723-1400
Counseling and Psychological Services	561-297-CAPS
Owls Care	561-297-1048
Student Health Services	561-297-3512



Criminal Offense- MacArthur-Jupiter Campus	Year	On-Campus (Residence Facilities only)	On-Campus	Non-Campus	Public Property
ARRESTS					
Alcohol Law Violation	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Drug Law Violation	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Weapons Law Violation	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
DISCIPLINARY REFERRALS					
Alcohol Law Violation	2025	10	10	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Drug Law Violation	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	1	1	0	0
Weapons Law Violation	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
CRIME STATISTICS					
Murder/Homicide	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Rape	2025	2	2	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Fondling	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Incest	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Robbery	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Burglary	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Arson	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Domestic Violence	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Dating Violence	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Stalking	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Hazing	2025	0	0	0	0

Hate Crime Reporting

2025: No hate crimes reported
2024: No hate crimes reported
2023: No hate crimes reported

Unfounded Crime Reporting

2025: No unfounded crimes reported
2024: No unfounded crimes reported
2023: No unfounded crimes reported

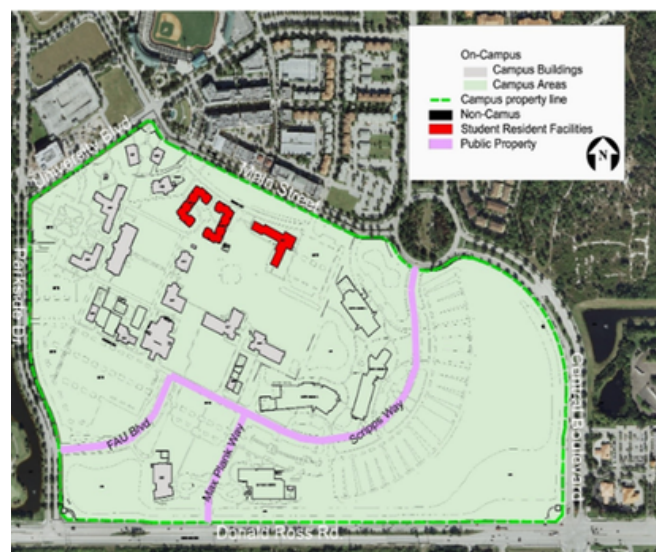
MACARTHUR CAMPUS

5353 Parkside Drive, Jupiter, FL 33458
561-799-8060



Important Contacts

Emergency	911
FA Police Department	561-799-8700
Victim Services	561-297-0500
Jupiter Medical Center	561-955-7100
Counseling and Psychological Services	561-799-8635
Owls Care	561-297-1048
Student Health Services	561-799-8678



Criminal Offense- HBOI Campus	Year	On-Campus (Residence Facilities only)	On-Campus	Non-Campus	Public Property
ARRESTS					
Alcohol Law Violation	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Drug Law Violation	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Weapons Law Violation	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
DISCIPLINARY REFERRALS					
Alcohol Law Violation	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Drug Law Violation	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Weapons Law Violation	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
CRIME STATISTICS					
Murder/Homicide	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Rape	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Fondling	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Incest	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Robbery	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Burglary	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	1	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Arson	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Domestic Violence	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Dating Violence	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
Stalking	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Hazing	2025	0	0	0	0

Hate Crime Reporting

2025: No hate crimes reported
2024: No hate crimes reported
2023: No hate crimes reported

Unfounded Crime Reporting

2025: No unfounded crimes reported
2024: No unfounded crimes reported
2023: No unfounded crimes reported

HABOR BRANCH CAMPUS

5600 US 1 North, Fort Pierce, FL 34946
772-242-2400



Important Contacts

Emergency	911
FA Police Department	561-297-3500
St. Lucie Sheriff's Office	772-462-7300
Victim Services	561-297-0500
Lawnwood Regional	772-461-400
Counseling and Psychological Services	561-297-CAPS
Owls Care	561-297-1048
Student Health Services	561-297-3512



RESIDENCE HALL FIRE SAFETY REPORT

**ISSUED FOR 2025-2026 ACADEMIC YEAR
(REPORT YEAR 2026)**



INTRODUCTION

This public disclosure is intended to inform current and prospective students, parents, and employees about the fire safety programs and policies in place at Florida Atlantic, and the institution's state of readiness to detect and respond appropriately to fire related emergencies.

This report can be viewed online at: <https://www.fau.edu/police/clery.php>

Hard copies of the report are available for public viewing by calling 561-297-3129 or by visiting the Department of Environmental Health and Safety (EH&S) located in Campus Operations Building, CO-69 Room 112. The EH&S Department is open from Monday to Friday, from 8 AM to 5 PM.

Entries in the fire log are made within two business days of receipt of the information. The fire log is available for the most recent 60-day period open to inspection by the public during normal business hours. Any request regarding the fire log older than 60 days is available for public inspection within two business days of such a request.

Elements of the campus fire safety program which are administered and maintained by the EH&S consist of: fire prevention policies and practices, emergency preparedness and evacuation, fire safety education and training initiatives, and descriptions of fire protection systems. Documents located the following websites are referenced in the report:

- <https://www.fau.edu/ehs/safety/fire-safety-program>

The law requires each eligible institution participating in any program under this title that maintains on-campus student housing facilities on an annual basis, publish a fire safety report. The fire safety report must contain information with respect to the campus fire safety practices and standards of the institution including:

A. Statistics concerning the following in each on-campus student housing facility during the three most recent calendar years for which data is available:

- 1) The number of fires and cause of each fire
- 2) The number of injuries related to a fire that resulted in treatment at a medical facility
- 3) The number of deaths related to a fire

B. A description of each on-campus student housing facility fire safety system, including the fire sprinkler system.

C. The number of regular mandatory supervised fire drills.

D. Policies or rules on portable electrical appliances, smoking and open flames (such as candles), procedures for evacuation, and policies regarding fire safety education and training programs provided to students, faculty, and staff.

E. Plans for future improvements in fire safety, if determined necessary by the institution.

FIRE SAFETY PROGRAM OBJECTIVES

Florida Atlantic is committed to protecting the health and safety of the Florida Atlantic community (i.e. faculty, staff, students, deans, directors, department heads, contractors, and guests) as well as the environment.

This is achieved through interdisciplinary collaboration and shared faculty governance to ensure appropriate compliance with applicable fire safety statutory requirements which is a shared responsibility amongst the Florida Atlantic community.

Therefore, it is essential that members of the Florida Atlantic community take an active role in this shared vision by initiating appropriate measures to ensure compliance and promote fire prevention associated with activities/operations under their direction.

The primary objective of the campus fire safety program is to prevent fires and take appropriate actions before such conditions result in a fire emergency. Such measures are accomplished by:

- Conducting periodic reviews and updates of fire prevention policies.
- Conducting regularly scheduled fire drills.
- Promoting fire prevention and emergency evacuation procedures.
- Inspecting, testing, and maintaining fire protection systems in accordance with National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) standards and Florida Fire Prevention Code.
- Performing plan reviews and code consultation related to capital improvement and remodeling projects and ensure buildings especially residence halls are fully protected.
- Mitigating fire hazards utilizing the information provided from regularly scheduled fire safety inspections performed by the Office of the State Fire Marshal, EH&S as well by the Florida Atlantic department of Housing and Residential Life and other fire protection consultants.

FIRE PROTECTION EQUIPMENT AND SYSTEMS

Specially designed systems are provided in all Residence Halls to assist in extinguishing fires and to limit the spread of fire and smoke, either by automatic, semi-automatic or manual means. These include, but are not limited to, portable fire extinguishers, smoke detectors, fire hoses, fire pumps, wet and dry standpipe systems, automatic sprinklers, other specially engineered suppression systems, fire detection and alarm systems, fire doors, and dampers. Other life safety systems, like exit and emergency lights with back-up emergency power, are integral parts of our residence hall fire protection systems. Fire protection and life safety equipment are installed, inspected, tested, and maintained in accordance with NFPA Codes and as required by the local Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ). **All residence halls located on the Boca and Jupiter are fully protected both with automatic sprinklers and supervised fire alarm systems with sprinkler heads and smoke detectors in each student sleeping room. HBOI student housing spaced are protected with smoke detectors in each unit.**

DEFINITIONS

Cause of Fire: The circumstances, conditions or agencies that bring together a fuel, ignition source, and oxidizer (such as air or oxygen) resulting in a fire or combustion explosion.

Fire: Combustion or burning, in which substances combine chemically with oxygen from the air and typically give out bright light, heat, and smoke.

Fire drill: A practice of the emergency procedures to be used in case of fire.

Fire-related injury: Burns, smoke inhalation, or any other injury resulting from a fire.

Fire-related death: A fatality linked directly or indirectly with injuries sustained as a result of a fire.

Fire-safety system: A variety of systems and devices (fire alarm, fire sprinklers, fire extinguishers, etc.) installed in a building to detect fire and smoke, generate audible and visual alarms, and deliver water or other suppression agents to avoid or minimize harm to occupants and property.

Value of property damage: The total costs (labor, materials, taxes, etc.) necessary to bring the damaged property back to a pre-fire condition.

DESCRIPTION OF FIRE PROTECTION FEATURES AND ON-CAMPUS STUDENT HOUSING FACILITIES

Boca Raton Campus

Atlantic Park Towers



Atlantic Park Towers (APT) was constructed in 2021. APT consists of two, interconnected seven story towers, spans 185,920 sq. ft, and has capacity for 615 students. The building offers 24-hour front desk operation, two separate community kitchens, classrooms, Get Wise center, fitness room, multipurpose room, laundry facilities and multiple student lounges and study areas. Starting in Fall 2024 all student rooms are provided with a refrigerator. Students can bring microwaves of 1.5 cubic feet capacity and with a maximum rating of 1100 watts at 120 volts.

APT is fully sprinkled by an automatic and supervised sprinkler system with sprinkler heads installed in each sleeping room. APT is also equipped with automatic fire detection and alarm systems which are monitored 24 hours a day by the Florida Atlantic Police Department. Combination smoke and carbon monoxide detectors are also installed in each bedroom as well as hallways and common areas. A Area of Refuge system, which is monitored 24 hours by Florida Atlantic Police Department, is installed at the elevator landings of floors 2 through 7. APT contains a dedicated Bi-Directional Amplifier (BDA) System which is signal-boosting equipment designed to enhance in-building radio frequency (RF) signal coverage for public safety. An emergency backup generator provides back up power to the life safety systems installed at APT, which includes; the BDA system, fire pump, fire alarm control panel, emergency lights, and emergency exit sign lights.

Business & Professional Women's Scholarship House



Business & Professional Woman's Scholarship House (BPW) was constructed in 1996 to provide campus housing for women with strong academic promise on the Florida Atlantic Boca campus. The building is a single-story structure, consists of 4,344 sq. ft, and has 9 rooms with capacity for 17 students. The building is fully sprinkled by automatic and supervised sprinkler systems with sprinkler heads in each room and the common areas. Automatic fire detection and alarm system with smoke detectors in all the sleeping rooms and

other areas are also installed in BPW. The fire alarm system is monitored 24 hours a day by the Florida Atlantic Police Department. A common kitchen facility is provided which is protected by an approved fire suppression system. An emergency generator provides back up power to all life safety systems including emergency and exit lights.

Glades Park Towers



Glades Park Towers (GPT) were built in 2007. GPT is seven stories tall with two separate towers; one north tower and one south tower. The two towers are connected by common space in between them. GPT covers 151,727 sq. ft and contains 169 rooms with space for 602 students. Students are furnished with an extra-long bed, desk, chair, chest of drawers and a cabinet. Rooms are not carpeted. Students can bring a small refrigerator 4.2 cubic feet or smaller with a maximum of 400

watts and/or microwave of 1.5 cubic feet capacity and with a maximum of 1100 watts at 120 volts. GPT is equipped with automatic fire detection and alarm systems which are monitored 24 hours a day by the Florida Atlantic Police Department. GPT is also fully protected by an approved and supervised automatic sprinkler system with sprinkler heads installed in each bedroom. Smoke detectors are installed in each room and the common areas. An indoor mass notification system was also installed in the building. An emergency generator provides back up power to all life safety systems including emergency and exit lights.

Heritage Park Towers



Heritage Park Towers (HPT) was constructed on the Florida Atlantic Boca campus in 2004. The building design consists of two towers interconnected by a joint common place and spans an area of 151,727 sq. ft. There are 169 rooms with the ability to house 603 students.

Students are provided with an extra-long bed, a desk and chair, cabinet, chest drawers and are allowed to bring a small refrigerator not larger than 4.2

cubic feet, 400 watts; and/or microwave of 1.5 cubic feet with a maximum of 1100 watts at 120 volts. HPT is fully protected by a supervised automatic sprinkler system with sprinkler heads installed in all student rooms and other commons areas. An automatic fire detection and alarm systems, with smoke detectors in all the rooms, has been installed and is monitored 24 hours by the Florida Atlantic Police Department to protect occupants. An indoor mass notification system has also been installed in the building. Other life safety systems include an emergency generator which provides backup power to emergency lights and exit signs.

Indian River Towers



Indian River Towers (IRT) was built in 2001 and consist of two, five-story towers that are interconnected by a joint common area. IRT covers an area of 202,944 sq. ft and consists of 472 rooms with capacity of 611 students.

Students are provided with an extra-long bed, a desk and chair as well as chest drawers. Students are allowed to bring a small refrigerator not larger than 4.2 cubic feet, 400 watts; and/or microwave

of 1.5 cubic feet with a maximum rating of 1100 watts at 120 volts. IRT is fully protected by a supervised automatic sprinkler system with sprinkler heads and smoke detectors installed in all the student rooms and other commons areas. Automatic fire detection and alarm systems are also installed and are monitored 24 hours by the Florida Atlantic Police Department. An emergency generator provides backup power to emergency lights and exit signs.

University Village Apartments



University Village Apartments (UVA) consist of apartment style residences and were built in 1995. UVA consists of a total of 14 units which contain a total of 434 rooms that may be either studio style or arraigned as four bedrooms apartments. UVA covers a total of 127,297 sq. ft. and has capacity for 524 students.

Each student is provided with an extra-long bed, dresser, desk and a chair and cloth cabinet.

A full-size refrigerator, range stove and kitchen sink are also provided for each apartment in addition to being carpeted. Students can bring a small refrigerator 4.2 cubic feet or smaller with a maximum of 400 watts and/or microwave of 1.5 cubic feet capacity and with a maximum of 1100 watts at 120 volts.

UVA is fully protected by a supervised automatic sprinkler system with sprinkler heads and smoke detectors installed in all the student rooms and other commons areas. Automatic fire detection and alarm systems are also installed and are monitored 24 hours by the Florida Atlantic Police Department. Other life safety systems include emergency lights and exit signs.

Innovation Village Apartments (IVA)



Innovation Village Apartments consists of two separate buildings, referred to as Innovation Village Apartments North and Innovation Village Apartments South, were completed in 2011 and are described below.

Innovation Village Apartments (IVA) North



IVA North is an 8-story, high-rise building with single room apartments, living rooms, study rooms and bathrooms spaces. There are a total of 611 beds in the IVA North building with each student being provided with a full-size bed, dresser, desk, and desk chair. In addition, a full-size refrigerator, stove, dishwasher, microwave, and kitchen sink are also provided for each apartment. Each apartment is furnished with a sofa, chair, TV stand, coffee table and kitchen

table and chairs as well as being equipped with a washer, and dryer. Students can bring a small refrigerator 4.2 cubic feet or smaller with a maximum of 400 watts and/or microwave of 1.5 cubic feet capacity and with a maximum of 1100 watts at 120 volts. IVA North is fully protected by a supervised automatic sprinkler system with sprinkler heads installed in all the student rooms and other commons areas and by automatic fire alarm systems with smoke detectors installed in all the rooms. The alarm system is monitored 24 hours by the Florida Atlantic Police Department. Other life safety systems include protected stairways, emergency lights, emergency generator and exit signs.

Innovation Village Apartments (IVA) South



IVA North is an 8-story, high-rise building with single room apartments, living rooms, study rooms and bathrooms spaces. There are a total of 611 beds in the IVA North building with each student being provided with a full-size bed, dresser, desk, and desk chair. In addition, a full-size refrigerator, stove, dishwasher, microwave, and kitchen sink are also provided for each apartment. Each apartment is furnished with a sofa, chair, TV stand, coffee table and kitchen

table and chairs as well as being equipped with a washer, and dryer. Students can bring a small refrigerator 4.2 cubic feet or smaller with a maximum of 400 watts and/or microwave of 1.5 cubic feet capacity and with a maximum of 1100 watts at 120 volts. IVA North is fully protected by a supervised automatic sprinkler system with sprinkler heads installed in all the student rooms and other commons areas and by automatic fire alarm systems with smoke detectors installed in all the rooms. The alarm system is monitored 24 hours by the Florida Atlantic Police Department. Other life safety systems include protected stairways, emergency lights, emergency generator and exit signs.

Parliament Hall



Parliament Hall (PAR), was constructed in 2013. PAR consists of 614 beds with both double and single room set ups for freshmen. Students can bring a small refrigerator 4.2 cubic feet or smaller with a maximum of 400 watts and/or microwave of 1.5 cubic feet capacity and with a maximum of 1100 watts at 120 volts. It offers 24-hour front desk operation, community kitchen, classrooms, library, computer labs, fitness room, multipurpose room, laundry facilities and two-story student lounges.

PAR is fully protected with fire sprinkler heads and smoke detectors in each students' sleeping room. The alarm system is monitored 24 hours by the Florida Atlantic Police Department. Other life safety systems that exist in the building include emergency and exit lights backed by emergency generator power.

Jupiter MacArthur Campus

MacArthur Residence Hall I



MacArthur Residence Hall I (RH1) was the first residence hall that was built at the Florida Atlantic Jupiter MacArthur Campus. The building was built in 1999, is three stories tall, and consists of 45,682 sq. ft. There are 34 suites which can accommodate a total of 141 students. Each occupied suite consists of four single bedrooms, a living room, and a split bathroom.

Each student is provided with an extra-long bed, dresser, desk, and chair. Each living room is furnished with a sofa, armchair, coffee table and television stand. Student rooms are carpeted. Students can bring a small refrigerator 4.2 cubic feet or smaller with a maximum of 400 watts and/or microwave of 1.5 cubic feet capacity and with a maximum of 1100 watts at 120 volts.

RH1 is fully protected by a supervised automatic sprinkler system with sprinkler heads installed in all student rooms and other commons areas. There is an automatic fire alarm system, with smoke detectors in all the rooms, which is monitored 24 hours by Johnson Controls Central Monitoring Station. Other life safety systems include emergency lights and exit signs as well as an emergency generator.

MacArthur Residence Hall II



MacArthur Residence Hall II (RH2) was the second residence hall constructed at the Florida Atlantic Jupiter MacArthur Campus. The building was built in 2001, is three stories tall with 45,682 sq. ft., and can accommodate 146 students. Residence Hall II is a suite-style residence hall consisting of 4-person and 2-person single room suites for returning upperclassman. All suites feature a common entrance and either one- or two-bathroom facilities. Each bedroom is equipped with unlimited access to Ethernet connections.

Each student is provided with an extra-long bed, dresser, desk, and a chair. Each living room is furnished with sofa, armchair, coffee table, and television stand. Student rooms are carpeted. Students can bring a small refrigerator 4.2 cubic feet or smaller with a maximum of 400 watts and/or microwave of 1.5 cubic feet capacity and with a maximum of 1100 watts at 120 volts.

RH2 is fully protected by a supervised automatic sprinkler system with sprinkler heads installed in all student rooms and other commons areas. Automatic fire alarm systems, with smoke detectors installed in all student rooms and other commons areas, are monitored 24 hours by Johnson Controls Central Monitoring Station. Other life safety systems include an emergency generator, emergency lights, and exit signs.

MacArthur Residence Hall III



MacArthur Residence Hall III (RH3) was constructed on the Jupiter MacArthur Campus in the Fall of 2021. The building is three stories tall, consists of 57,768 sq. ft., and can accommodate a total of 166 students. Residence Hall III is a suite-style residence hall consisting of 4-person and 2-person single room suites for returning upperclassman. All suites feature a common entrance and either one- or two-bathroom facilities. Each bedroom is equipped with unlimited access to Ethernet connections.

Each student is provided with a full-size bed, dresser, a desk, and a chair. Each living room is furnished with a sofa, armchair, coffee table and television stand. Student rooms are carpeted. Students can bring a small refrigerator 4.2 cubic feet or smaller with a maximum of 400 watts and/or microwave of 1.5 cubic feet capacity and with a maximum of 1100 watts at 120 volts.

RH3 is equipped with automatic fire detection and alarm systems which are monitored 24 hours a day by Metro Fire Protection Services. Combination smoke and carbon monoxide detectors are also installed in each bedroom as well as hallways and common areas. An Area of Refuge system is installed at the elevator landings of floors 2 and 3 and is monitored 24 hours by Metro Fire Protection Services. RH3 contains a dedicated BDA System which is signal-boosting equipment designed to enhance in-building RF signal coverage for public safety. An emergency backup generator provides back up power to the life safety systems installed at RH3, which includes; the BDA system, fire alarm control panel, emergency lights, and emergency exit sign lights.

Harbor Branch Oceanographic Institute Campus

Harbor Branch Dorms and Apartments



Florida Atlantic Harbor Branch Oceanographic Institute (HBOI) has limited on-site availability for housing. Space is typically used for student groups and may be used for other students, collaborators, and visitors affiliated with Florida Atlantic. Three buildings at HBOI used for housing: HB25 - Apartments, HB26 - Dorms; and HB37-Johnson House Apartments.

HB25, HB26, AND HB37 are protected by smoke detectors in each unit. Other life apparatus includes portable fire extinguishers.

Fire Safety Systems in On-Campus Student Housing Facilities

Florida Atlantic provides the following on-campus student housing facilities at:

Boca Raton campus: Business & Professional Women's Scholarship House, Glades Park Towers, Heritage Park Towers, Indian River Towers, University Village Student Apartment, Innovation Village Apt. North, Innovation Village Apt. South and Parliament Hall, and Atlantic Park Towers.

MacArthur Campus in Jupiter: MacArthur Residence Hall I, MacArthur Residence Hall II, and MacArthur Residence Hall III.

Harbor Branch Oceanographic Institute campus: provides resident halls for visiting educators, staff, students, faculty, and guests. Participants may reside in any one of the three available residential facilities for short durations or up to a semester based upon need and course of study. These facilities consist of buildings designated as HB25 - Apartments, HB26 - Dormitories, and HB37- Johnson House Apartments.

Florida Atlantic Residential Facility Fire Safety Systems

The following table provides a summary of the fire safety systems contained in each on-campus student housing facility.

FLORIDA ATLANTIC CAMPUS	STUDEN HOUSING FACILITY	FIRE ALARM MONITORING ON SITE	FIRE ALARM MONITORING OFF SITE	FULLY SPRINKLED	SMOKE DETECTOR	FIRE EXTINGUISHER DEVICE	POSTED EVACUATION PLANS & PLACARDS	NUMBER FIRE DRILLS EACH ACADEMIC YR*
Boca Raton	Atlantic Park Towers	X	No	X	X	X	X	4
Boca Raton	BPW Scholarship House	X	No	X	X	X	X	4
Boca Raton	Glades Park Towers	X	No	X	X	X	X	4
Boca Raton	Heritage Park Towers	X	No	X	X	X	X	4
Boca Raton	Indian River Towers	X	No	X	X	X	X	4
Boca Raton	University Village Student Apartment	X	No	X	X	X	X	4
Boca Raton	Innovation Village Apt North	X	No	X	X	X	X	4
Boca Raton	Innovation Village Apt South	X	No	X	X	X	X	4
Boca Raton	Parliament Hall	X	No	X	X	X	X	4
Jupiter	MacArthur Residence Hall 1	No	X ¹	X	X	X	X	4
Jupiter	MacArthur Residence Hall 2	No	X ¹	X	X	X	X	4
Jupiter	MacArthur Residence Hall 3	No	X ¹	X	X	X	X	4
HBOI	Dorms	No	No	No	X	X	X	4
HBOI	Apartments	No	No	No	X	X	X	4

Notes:

1. MacArthur campus fire alarm panels at MacArthur Residence Hall 1, 2, and 3 are monitored by Johnson Controls.
2. *Indicated Summer Fire drills are only conducted if the corresponding residence hall is occupied during sessions.

INSPECTION, TESTING, AND MAINTENANCE OF FIRE SAFETY SYSTEMS

The Florida Atlantic Fire Safety Officer, within the Department of Environmental Health and Safety (EH&S), administers the inspection, testing, and maintenance of the campus fire suppression system program (e.g., sprinkler systems, standpipe systems, fire pumps, fire extinguishers, and special hazard fire suppression systems) in accordance with applicable National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Standards. Licensed and/or qualified fire protection contractors inspect, test, and maintain fire suppression systems in on-campus student housing facilities at Boca Raton and Jupiter campuses. In 2025, these services are provided by Johnson Controls Inc. at the Boca Raton and Jupiter Campuses. Special fire suppression systems at Boca Raton, MacArthur, and HBOI Campuses were inspected and maintained by Pye Barker in 2025.

The Florida Atlantic Fire Safety Officer, with EH&S, administers all aspects of the campus fire alarm program in accordance with applicable NFPA standards. Trained and qualified technicians service, install, inspect, test, and maintain fire alarm systems in on-campus student housing facilities at the Boca Raton, and Jupiter-MacArthur campuses. Johnson Controls provides these services at the Boca Raton, Jupiter campuses. Smoke detectors are in Harbor Branch Oceanographic Institute housing facilities are inspected monthly by HBOI Facility personnel.

FIRE PREVENTION POLICIES AND PROCEDURE

Several fire prevention policies and procedures have been developed and implemented. Applicable NFPA, Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), Florida Fire prevention Code, Florida Atlantic Fire Safety Program, Florida Atlantic safety policies and procedures as well as Housing and Residential Life Regulations and the Florida Atlantic Crisis Action Guide were referenced during the development of these policies. The on-campus student housing management (Housing and Residential Life) and University Police periodically review these policies and guidelines and revise them as necessary to fit the needs of the operations therein. A summary of these policies is highlighted below.

POLICY ON HOLIDAY DECORATIONS

- All decorations and ornaments must be of fire-resistant or non-combustible material, listed by Underwriters Laboratory (UL), and approved for use.
- The use of live or cut Christmas trees is prohibited in University buildings.
- Artificial trees made of fire-retardant materials or non-combustible materials labeled with UL or Factory Mutual (FM) approval ratings are allowed. No natural trees, wreathes, boughs or other decorations constructed from the branches of natural trees may be used. Metallic trees may create electrical hazards when placed in close proximity to an electric supply; therefore, the use of electric lights on metallic trees is prohibited.
- Trees and other decorations must be located so as not to obstruct exit corridors or the operation of fire protection equipment. Trees should also not be placed in any manner that could present a fall or trip hazard, impede egress, or block emergency egress from any room.

- Electrical cords should not be routed through or under doors, rugs, or loose carpeting or across work surfaces. Routing of cords through these areas may cause damage to the cord and create a fire or trip hazard.
- Plugging lights into an overloaded circuit is not permitted. The use of electrical multi-plug adaptors is prohibited. Power strips with a fuse or integral circuit breaker are to be utilized when extra outlets are needed.
- Decorative displays are prohibited in stairwells and should be limited in lobbies and common areas in the residence halls.
- All holiday decorations should be removed before leaving campus for the holiday and at the end of each semester.
- The use of candles, incense burners, potpourri pots, or scented oil warmers is prohibited.
- Decorative materials like paper or cloth or any other type of combustible materials shall not cover more than 20% of hallway or rooms walls.

POLICIES REGARDING ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT AND APPLIANCES:

Prohibited fire or life safety hazards include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Rice cookers
- Hamburger cookers
- Frying skillets
- Barbeque grills
- 110 volts extension cords
- 110 volts extension cords wrapped in duct tape
- Piggybacking power strips
- Duct tape wrapped around electrical plugs
- Electrical outlet with no cover plates
- Multi-plug adaptors
- Electrical floor lamps that require a bulb over 120 volts
- Any halogen lamp that requires a bulb over 120 volts
- Space heaters
- The use or storage of flammable fluids, hazardous liquids, or chemicals.

POLICY ON TAMPERING:

Tampering with or damaging fire safety equipment, including automatic door closures, smoke detectors, pull stations, fire extinguishers, or sprinkler heads, the initiating of false alarms, silencing active fire alarms, or failing to immediately evacuate during a fire alarm are violation of state fire codes, may be subject to disciplinary action in accordance with the Student Code of Conduct Policy and are punishable under state law

OPEN FLAME SAFETY

The use of open flame devices can substantially increase the risk of a fire resulting in serious consequences when not used appropriately. Therefore, open flame devices are strictly prohibited in on-campus student housing facilities. Examples of open flame devices include, but are not limited to:

candles, incense burners, potpourri pots, scented oil warmers, tiki torches, sterno pots, Bunsen burners, fireworks, or any other portable flame-producing device. Candles can be displayed in Menorahs or other religious articles but may not be used and are to remain unlit with the wicks removed. Battery operated candles listed by UL or FM serve as an acceptable substitute.

- Possession of candles, open flames, incense, hot plates and heating units with open flame or heating element are prohibited.

Open flames devices discovered during regularly scheduled fire safety inspections performed by on-campus student housing staff will be immediately confiscated and residents may be subject to disciplinary action in accordance with the Student Code of Conduct Policy.

POLICY ON ELECTRICAL SAFETY

Due to the current residential room's electrical configuration, a maximum of eight (8) amps should be used per electrical outlet in a student room.

Extension cords:

Electrical cords are acceptable means of providing **TEMPORARY** power. However, they cannot be used as a substitute for permanent electrical wiring. They can be used provided they are:

- a) Used temporarily and unplugged when not in use
- b) Used to power non-heat producing devices
- c) UL approved and Factory Mutual listed and three-wire grounded
- d) Not connected, spliced together, or piggy-backed
- e) Plugged into a permanent outlet

Extension cords will not be permitted:

- a) When used as permanent wiring
- b) When used on heat producing or high voltage devices such as heaters, microwave ovens, refrigerators etc.
- c) If they become a tripping hazard
- d) When routed through openings in walls, ceilings, doorways or under flooring or carpets etc.
- e) When showing signs of wear, defects, bulging, exposed wire, or other damage
- f) When plugged into a power strip or another extension cord.

COOKING SAFETY

The leading cause of kitchen fires is unattended cooking, when the food or liquid overheats and catches fire. Cooking is permitted only in approved outside areas and in residence halls that have designated cooking facilities.

While cooking, students are advised through established policies to:

- Stay near the stove or in the room at all times when cooking.

- If leaving the room, it is necessary to remove the food from the heat and turn off the stove.
- Keep all loose material and objects that can catch fire, including clothing, away from the heat and the stove.
- Keep the oven, stove, toaster, and grill clean – a buildup of fat, crumbs, or grease can easily catch fire. Keep all metal or metallic items out of microwaves.
- Residents are responsible for proper use of cooking appliances.
- In the University Village Apartments, residents are permitted to use personal charcoal barbeque grills at a safe distance (at least 20 feet or more) from buildings and entrances. Personal grills are not permitted at all in the Residence Halls or on the grounds of the Residence Hall area. The use of grills is not permitted under any covered walkways landings, entrances, balconies, or stairwells.

TOBACCO FREE POLICY

As of 1 January 2015, all Florida Atlantic owned properties, including the Boca Raton, Davie, SeaTech, Ft. Lauderdale, MacArthur and Harbor Branch campuses are smoke-free. This policy includes all campus property. As an extension of this policy, smoking (including electronic cigarettes) is prohibited inside any on-campus student housing facility. The careless disposal of matches and cigarettes butts is a common cause of fire, therefore Florida Atlantic vigorously enforces the ban on smoking inside any of the residence halls, including student rooms, hallways, bathrooms, elevators, lounges dining areas and other public areas.

POLICY AND PROCEDURE ON FIRE DRILLS

Fire drills are an intricate part of our emergency preparedness planning and are conducted to ensure that Florida Atlantic complies with the laws of the State of Florida.

Drills in the Residence Halls are conducted by Housing and Residential Life and are coordinated by EH&S. Students living in the Residence Halls are required to participate in the scheduled fire drills.

During student orientation, or in other forums used to raise awareness, students staying on campus housing are reminded or informed about fire drills and what to do during a fire emergency. Four fire drills are scheduled in each Residence Hall during the academic year depending on occupancy:

Fall Semester (1)

Spring Semester (1)

Summer Semester (2)

One fire drill within the first three weeks of each of the fall and spring semesters and another two drills in summer semesters are conducted. Summer semester fire drills are only conducted at occupied residence halls. Flyers are posted in each residence hall approximately 48 hours in advance of each fire drill.

Students evacuate when the fire alarm is activated and proceed to a predetermined assembly area away from the building. Failure to do so will result in disciplinary action of a \$75.00 fine. Elevators shall not be used during fire drill evacuations.

Prior arrangements shall be made to assist handicapped occupants. Resident Assistants will be assigned on each floor to ensure students are evacuating at the sound of the alarm. Once an “all cleared” signal is given to the building coordinator, the fire alarm will be silenced, reset, and occupants may be permitted to re-enter the building.

The Florida Atlantic Department of Environmental Health and Safety monitors the effectiveness of the drills and documents them, while the Florida Atlantic Police Department assists in crowd management and communication with Police Dispatch to ensure fire alarm activation and reset signals are monitored.

Fire drills are conducted and documented in accordance with Florida Atlantic fire drill policy.

EMERGENCY EVACUATION PROCEDURES

Upon activation of a fire alarm in an on-campus student housing facility, designated staff (e.g. residence hall directors and University Police officers) initiates the fire alarm response procedure while University Police dispatch contacts the designated Fire Department. Residence hall directors meet with first responders at the fire alarm panel in the building lobby to identify the location of the activated fire alarm device. If a fire is discovered upon further investigation, designated staff activate a fire alarm pull-station to initiate a general alarm. Activation of the general alarm initiates a building evacuation. While students are evacuating, residence hall community advisors knock on student doors on each floor and assist in clearing the building while first responders initiate firefighting, emergency medical assistance, and crowd control procedures. Students are directed to remain at designated assembly points until the “All Clear” is given by University Police or the responding Fire Department. Please note this protocol applies to the on-campus student housing facilities at the Boca Raton, Jupiter and HBOI campuses.

What to do upon discovery of a fire:

1. Activate the fire alarm system if it is not already activated. Alert other occupants in the immediate area of the fire.
2. Evacuate the building using the nearest exit or exit stairways and close the door behind you as you leave. **DO NOT USE ELEVATORS.**
3. Call 911 from a safe location and provide name, location, and nature of emergency.
4. Proceed to the common assembly area of the building.
5. Stay out until you are told to re-enter the building.

FIRE ALARM REPORTING AND EVACUATION PROTOCOLS:

If a fire alarm sounds in a building, the Resident Assistants (RA) should report to the area office immediately. The RA on duty will assume leadership for implementing the emergency protocol and the rest of the RAs will be distributed on different levels and at exit ways to assist with crowd control and expedite evacuation.

On the FAU Boca Raton Campus, University Police dispatches the local fire department to the scene. While on FAU satellite campuses, including the Jupiter and HBOI Campus, monitoring fire alarm systems results in JCI Central Monitoring directly dispatching the local fire department. At HBOI dorms and apartment buildings, FAU Police dispatches the local fire department. After the incident is investigated, the alarm is silenced and reset by the responding fire department.

Once the alarm has been silenced and the fire department or police has given the all clear signal, the Resident Coordinator will have the RA on duty notify the rest of the RAs around the building that students are permitted to enter. No student will be permitted to enter the building until this has occurred.

The Hall/Operation Coordinator will then fill out appropriate paperwork. The Hall/Operation Coordinator (HC or OC) of the building or the assistant director and the director will get involved depending on the nature of the emergency. If the emergency is categorized to be a disaster, the emergency operation center is activated and the university community and other stakeholders are informed using the emergency alert system.

POLICY ON FIRE SAFETY INSPECTIONS

Housing and Residential Education, as well as EH&S take proactive measures to foster students' cooperation and compliance with fire safety requirements. Residence Assistants conduct fire safety inspections of the Residence Halls, including student rooms, every semester. The State Fire Marshal inspects Residence Halls on an annual basis every summer. The State Fire Marshal inspection gives the University the ability to address and mitigate any life safety violations identified by the inspector before the start of the fall semester.

If unapproved items or practices are discovered during inspections, immediate action will be taken to remove the hazards or discontinue the practice.

POLICY ON RENTER'S INSURANCE

To provide peace of mind for students and their families, residents are encouraged to carry personal property insurance, as the University is not responsible for damage to residents' property. Students are encouraged to review their homeowners' policies to determine if any coverage gaps exist. If so, it is best to consult with an insurance agent regarding the purchase of rental insurance. Housing and Residential Life cannot be held responsible for damage to residents' property.

POLICY ON FIRE SAFETY INSPECTIONS

Florida Atlantic's fire safety program themes are fire prevention, emergency preparedness, and evacuation (response).

Fire prevention and fire response trainings are on-going awareness programs that focus on the elimination of fire hazards and what to do in case of a fire (i.e. **EVACUATION**).

Basic fire safety instruction is provided to all students living in residence halls who attend the orientation programs at the beginning of each academic year.

At least one hands on portable fire extinguisher training session is offered to all housing facility staff, faculty and RAs annually prior to the opening of the residence halls at the start of each school year. Additional training and workshops are also held during the year as deemed necessary, especially using venues like the Annual Fire Prevention Week or Owl Safety Day. Local fire response and fire

prevention personnel are invited and encouraged to participate in the training. Online Fire Prevention Training and Portable Fire Extinguisher Training is also offered to all housing facility staff, faculty, and RA's.

In addition to the training workshops, Environmental Health and Safety and the Housing staff also distribute fire safety information to students on a regular basis.

FIRE PREVENTION

Fire prevention is one of the themes of our Fire Safety Program and training includes instructions on what should be done to reduce the potential for ignition and fuel loads. Participants are trained to recognize potentially hazardous situations such as smoking, about open flames and candles as well as cooking fires and poor housekeeping practices.

FIRE RESPONSE

This training includes clear instructions on what residents should do in the event of a fire. Emphasis is made on getting out of the building at the sound of the alarm. Since small fires can be fought successfully with portable fire extinguishers, participants are also trained how to use a fire extinguisher as well as how to recognize when a fire is too large to attack.

If you MUST use a fire extinguisher, remember PASS:

1. **P**ull the pin while holding the extinguisher by the handle.
2. **A**im the hose at the base of the fire.
3. **S**queeze the lever to discharge the extinguishing agent.
4. **S**weep the hose back and forth until the fire is extinguished.

Tips on Do's and Don'ts of a Fire:

1. In the event of a fire pull the fire alarm.
2. Alert others of the danger.
3. If the fire is small, you may try to put it out by using a fire extinguisher.
4. Never put the fire between you and your escape route.
5. When the fire department arrives allow them to control the situation.

Participants are instructed to observe the rules for safe evacuation and to periodically practice through the participation in fire drills.

Each Resident is given a copy of the Housing and Residential Life Guidebook that provides information on a variety of fire safety issues and appropriate actions to take during a fire alarm or fire emergency including:

1. Not to tamper with the building fire protection features, either intentionally or accidentally.
2. Not to cover smoke detectors or remove their batteries.
3. Not to hang any object from a sprinkler head or subject them to physical abuse.
4. Not to store objects in exit ways, including hallways, corridors, and stairways, where they could obstruct egress paths.
5. Know how to report fires and other emergencies.
6. Items that are not allowed to be brought into their rooms.
7. Hazards associated with the use of electricity and electrical cords.

FIRE INCIDENT STATISTICS

A summary of fire-related incidents for Florida Atlantic Housing-related buildings and the fire logs for 2023, 2024, and 2025 are detailed in the tables below.

2025 FIRE INCIDENT STATISTICS

Two fire events associated with Florida Atlantic Housing Buildings occurred in 2025. A summary of Housing Buildings in 2025 is detailed in the table below.

2024 Fire Incidents					
ON CAMPUS STUDENT HOUSING FACILITY	Causes	Damage	Injuries	Fatalities	Fires
Atlantic Park Towers	N/A	\$0	0	0	0
BPW Scholarship House	N/A	\$0	0	0	0
Glades Park Towers	N/A	\$0	0	0	0
HBOI Apartments	N/A	\$0	0	0	0
HBOI Dorms	N/A	\$0	0	0	0
Heritage Park Towers	N/A	\$0	0	0	0
Indian River Towers	Fire originated in dryer in 2 nd floor East tower laundry room	\$500	0	0	1
Innovation Village North	N/A	\$0	0	0	0
Innovation Village South	N/A	\$0	0	0	0
MacArthur Residence Hall 1	N/A	\$0	0	0	0
MacArthur Residence Hall 2	N/A	\$0	0	0	0
MacArthur Residence Hall 3	N/A	\$0	0	0	0
Parliament Hall	N/A	\$0	0	0	0
University Village Student Apartment	Dryer fire is suspected to have been due to a lighter being in the clothes being dried.	\$2,000	1	0	1
TOTAL		\$2,500	1	0	2

2024 FIRE INCIDENT STATISTICS

Two fire events associated with Florida Atlantic Housing Buildings occurred in 2024. A summary of Housing Buildings in 2024 is detailed in the table below.

2024 Fire Incidents					
ON CAMPUS STUDENT HOUSING FACILITY	<i>Causes</i>	<i>Damage</i>	<i>Injuries</i>	<i>Fatalities</i>	<i>Fires</i>
Atlantic Park Towers	Overloading of clothes dryer	\$0	0	0	1
BPW Scholarship House	N/A	\$0	0	0	0
Glades Park Towers	N/A	\$0	0	0	0
HBOI Apartments	N/A	\$0	0	0	0
HBOI Dorms	N/A	\$0	0	0	0
Heritage Park Towers	N/A	\$0	0	0	0
Indian River Towers	N/A	\$0	0	0	0
Innovation Village North	N/A	\$0	0	0	0
Innovation Village South	N/A	\$0	0	0	0
MacArthur Residence Hall 1	N/A	\$0	0	0	0
MacArthur Residence Hall 2	N/A	\$0	0	0	0
MacArthur Residence Hall 3	N/A	\$0	0	0	0
Parliament Hall	N/A	\$0	0	0	0
University Village Student Apartment	Oven seal detached and contacted heating coils	\$15	0	0	1
TOTAL		\$15	0	0	2

2023 FIRE INCIDENT STATISTICS

There were two fire events associated with Florida Atlantic Housing Buildings in 2023. A detail of fire causes, damage, injuries, fatalities, and number of fire events in 2023 is detailed in the table below.

2023 Fire Incidents					
ON CAMPUS STUDENT HOUSING FACILITY	<i>Causes</i>	<i>Damage</i>	<i>Injuries</i>	<i>Fatalities</i>	<i>Fires</i>
Atlantic Park Towers	N/A	\$0	0	0	0
BPW Scholarship House	N/A	\$0	0	0	0
Glades Park Towers	Dryer in laundry room caught fire	\$0	0	0	1
HBOI Apartments	N/A	\$0	0	0	0
HBOI Dorms	N/A	\$0	0	0	0
Heritage Park Towers	N/A	\$0	0	0	0
Indian River Towers	N/A	\$0	0	0	0
Innovation Village North	N/A	\$0	0	0	0
Innovation Village South	N/A	\$0	0	0	0
MacArthur Residence Hall 1	N/A	\$0	0	0	0
MacArthur Residence Hall 2	Water pipe causing electrical wires to catch fire	\$500	0	0	1
MacArthur Residence Hall 3	N/A	\$0	0	0	0
Parliament Hall	N/A	\$0	0	0	0
University Village Student Apartment	N/A	\$0	0	0	0
TOTAL		\$500	0	0	2

2025 FIRE LOG

Date	Time (24hr)	Campus	On-Campus Student Housing Facility	General Location	Fire related Injuries: Treatment at Medical Facility	Synopsis	Cause of Fire	Value of Property Damage Caused by the Fire
2/24/2025	0718	Boca	UVA - Bldg. 60	Laundry Room	Minor burn on hand, Treated onsite by Boca FD and person refused transport	Fire occurred within a dryer located in the laundry room. Fire was extinguished by the person using the dryer using a portable fire extinguisher. The respondent reported to have a minor burn on their hand. Damage occurred to dryer and clothes being dried.	Housing Facilities personnel stated CSC, Contractor responsible for maintenance of laundry room machines, suspects the fire was caused due to a lighter being in the clothes being dried.	\$2,000
03/30/2025	1520	Boca	Indian River Towers	2nd Floor Laundry Room - East Tower	N/A	Fire occurred within a dryer located in laundry room. Fire was extinguished by a nearby bystander using a portable fire extinguisher. Damage occurred to dryer.	Dryer taken out of service, cause of fire unknown.	\$500

2024 FIRE LOG

Date	Time (24hr)	Campus	On-Campus Student Housing Facility	General Location	Fire related Injuries: Treatment at Medical Facility	Synopsis	Cause of Fire	Value of Property Damage Caused by the Fire
1/22/2024	1 159	Boca	Atlantic Park Towers	6th Floor Laundry Room	None	Resident overloaded a dryer with clothing and dried clothing at higher temp than manufacturer recommended.	Resident overloaded a dryer with clothing, dried clothing at higher temp than manufacturer recommended.	\$0
9/03/2024	2049	Boca	University Village Apartments	Bldg. 58 RM 214 Kitchen	None	Oven fire contained within oven	Failure of oven seal and its contact with heating coils	\$15

2023 FIRE LOG

Date	Time (24hr)	Campus	On-Campus Student Housing Facility	General Location	Fire related Injuries: Treatment at Medical Facility	Synopsis	Cause of Fire	Value of Property Damage Caused by the Fire
4/02/2023	1638	Boca	Glades Park Tower	North Tower Laundry Room	None	Resident overloaded a dryer with clothing, dried clothing at higher temp than manufacturer recommended.	Resident overloaded a dryer with clothing, dried clothing at higher temp than manufacturer recommended.	\$0
5/06/2023	0610	Jupiter	RH2	MacArthur Residence Hall 2	None	Water leak on electrical wiring caused small electrical fire.	Water leak on electrical wiring caused small electrical fire.	\$500



Contact Information:

To report an on-campus emergency, including all fires call **9-1-1**

Campus Fire Safety Officer 561-213-3056

Florida Atlantic Police Department.....561-297-3500

A Message from the Clery Act Compliance Officer



The Clery Act plays an important role in promoting transparency, accountability, and awareness of campus safety at Florida Atlantic University. Our commitment to Clery compliance extends beyond meeting federal requirements; it reflects our shared responsibility to foster a safe, informed, and supportive environment for our entire university community.

Campus safety is a shared responsibility. Each member of our community has a role to play by understanding how and when to report concerns, familiarizing themselves with available safety resources, participating in required training, and staying informed about campus safety information and emergency procedures.

As we continue to strengthen our culture of safety and compliance, I encourage everyone to remain engaged and informed. Your awareness and participation help ensure that our campus community has the information and resources needed to make informed decisions and respond appropriately when concerns arise.

Together, we can continue to uphold our commitment to transparency, accountability, and the safety and well-being of the Florida Atlantic community.

Be Safe and Go Owls,

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Christa Oralus".

Christa Oralus, M.S., M.P.A.
Clery Act Compliance Officer



Special thanks to the following campus partners for their support and collaboration in putting together this report:

Counseling and Psychological Services (CAPS)
Emergency Management
Environmental Health & Safety (EH&S)
Florida Atlantic Athletics Department
Florida Atlantic Police Department
Housing and Residential Education
Human Resources
Office of Civil Rights and Title IX (OCR9)
Office of Student Conduct and Conflict Resolution
Office of the President
Owls Care Health Promotion
Student Activities & Involvement
Victim Services



Download the OWL Ready App!

Always keep your residential and car doors and windows locked. Never leave personal property unattended.

If possible, when leaving campus, let a friend, roommate or loved one know where and with whom you will be with and when you will return.

Trust your instincts! If you feel uncomfortable about someone near you or on the street, in an elevator or getting off of a bus, head for a populated area or yell for help.

Use well-lit and busy sidewalks.

Avoid walking alone or walking near vacant lots, alleys, construction sites and wooded areas.

Learn the locations of all Blue Lights call boxes on campus (see page 14).

Carry a cell phone, whistle, or personal alarm to alert people that you need help.

Attend an educational course and learn what can be done to avoid vulnerability to crimes like sexual assault, dating violence, and stalking.

Try to park in an area that will be well-lit and with heavy traffic when you return.

Lock your car doors and roll up the windows completely, even if you're only running a quick errand. Do not leave valuables in plain view.

If you choose to drink, drink legally and responsibly. Remember that your ability to respond is diminished by over-consumption of alcohol.

Always stay alert and call the police immediately to report suspicious activity. **SEE SOMETHING, SAY SOMETHING.**

Follow all rules of the road when driving a car, riding a bike, or using other forms of personal transportation such as rollerblades, skateboards, or scooters.

Put "In Case of Emergency" in your cell phone, along with the name and telephone number of a loved one, to enable emergency services to contact your family in the event of an emergency.

Listening to loud music, wearing headphones, or using your cell phone distracts you from being alert to potential safety issues. Unplug yourself and tune into your immediate environment.

Always utilize crosswalks and obey the signals at intersections when walking. Under Florida law, as a pedestrian, you **DO NOT** have the right of way until you establish yourself in a crosswalk. If you are crossing at any location other than a crosswalk, you **MUST** yield to vehicular traffic.

When driving, be aware of pedestrians and bicyclists and yield to them when required by law.

For more information, visit the Florida Atlantic Police Department website at www.fau.edu/police or scanning the QR Code below.





Florida Atlantic Police Department

777 Glades Road, Bldg.CO-69

Boca Raton, FL 33431

(561) 297-3500

www.fau.edu/police

