

FLORIDA ATLANTIC UNIVERSITY OCCUPATIONAL MEDICINE PROGRAM MANUAL

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INTRODUCTION

The Florida Atlantic University Occupational Medicine (OccMed) Program is designed to protect its faculty, staff, students, and volunteers by identifying, monitoring and/or eliminating adverse health and safety conditions that may affect its personnel. The program will coordinate the occupational medicine requirements in existing Environmental Health and Safety programs, thereby increasing efficiency and compliance with applicable regulations. The Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) requires medical evaluation and/or surveillance for employees on the following occasions:

- Prior to working with certain hazardous materials or under some hazardous conditions; e.g. human blood, animals, asbestos, excessive noise, etc.
- When an employee develops signs or symptoms associated with possible overexposure to hazardous materials with which they are working;
- When an employee is exposed to certain hazardous materials at concentrations at or above OSHA's Action Level, or Permissible Exposure Limits.

RESPONSIBILITIES

The Environmental Health and Safety Department (EH&S) is responsible for the following:

- Developing and implementing the OccMed program
- Administering the program
- Assisting departments with training
- Assisting departments in identifying job functions and areas covered by the program
- Managing the tracking of employees in the program, and coordinating the billing for program costs.

Departments and supervisors are responsible for the following:

- Ensuring that work areas with potential hazards covered by the program are identified
- Identifying covered workers and ensuring they are included in the program
- Ensuring employees receive proper training regarding potential hazards
- Ensuring new employees, and workers whose job duties have changed, receive a copy
 of the "Hazard Assessment Form"

Medical staff (US HealthWorks & Jupiter Medical Center) is responsible for the following:

- Medical evaluation and treatment
- Medical tests and lab work
- Medical recordkeeping

PROGRAM PARTICIPATION

Departments or supervisors are required to evaluate the duties of each employee, student or volunteer to determine if their activities are covered by this program. This evaluation shall be conducted with the Hazard

Assessment Form (HAF) (See Appendix). A covered employee would be working with a material or substance that presents a potential risk to humans. Determining an employee's

participation, however, is subjective and EH&S will assist departments in conducting the necessary job hazard analysis. A list of hazards for which OSHA requires medical surveillance can be found in section (1) of the HAF (See Appendix). All completed Hazard Assessment Forms must be forwarded to EH&S.

MEDICAL EVALUATIONS

An initial health assessment is required for all new employees whose duties are covered by the OccMed Program, and for current employees who have been promoted or transferred to a position with duties covered by the Program. A list of recommended tests and/or procedures can be found in the Medical Surveillance Referral and Approval Form (See Appendix).

Periodic medical monitoring will typically address individual employee exposure to certain hazards, relevant immunizations, and as required by regulations. The following programs require periodic monitoring.

- The research Animal Use Program is designed to protect employees health and to comply with regulations and guidelines issued by agencies such as National Institute of Health, and USDA/APHIS.
- The Bloodborne Pathogen Program complies with OSHA's regulations, and is designed to protect the health of individuals who may have contact with human blood or other potentially infectious materials.
- The Respiratory Protection Program is designed to protect employees from overexposure to certain hazardous airborne materials and is required by OSHA regulations.
- The Diving and Boating Safety Program is designed to comply with the requirements of the Academy of Underwater Sciences and other applicable regulations. It is designed to ensure the safety of FAU scientific research divers.
- The Hearing Conservation Program is designed to protect employee's health from exposure to excessive noise, that is, over 85dBA.
- The Laser Safety Program is designed to protect the health and safety of individuals working with Class 3b and 4 Lasers.

A summary of the medical monitoring and surveillance requirements for these programs can be found in the Appendix.

SEPARATION MEDICAL EVALUATION

When an employee who is covered by the Program leaves the university, a separation examination may be offered. Such an examination will be equivalent to an initial health assessment.

PROGRAM OPERATION

The Occupational Medicine Program is managed by an EH&S Coordinator. Most individuals covered by the program will be tracked by a specific EH&S program such as the Bloodborne Pathogen Program, Respiratory Protection Program or Animal Use Program. Departments will coordinate with EH&S to ensure that their employees receive required medical evaluations from one of the following locations:

U.S. HealthWorks

1786 NW 2nd Avenue Boca Raton, Fl. 33432 Tel # (561) 368-6920.

OR

Jupiter Medical Center

Occupational Health Services 1210 South Old Dixie Highway Jupiter, FL 33458 Tel # (561) 745-5787

EH&S will provide the necessary forms and approval that the employee needs to take to the clinic. After the evaluation is completed, U.S. Health Works will retain all medical records, and send a statement to EH&S containing the following type of information; whether or not the employee received a vaccination, whether or not the employee can wear a respirator, whether or not the physician discussed his/her findings with employee, etc.

Individual colleges and departments will cover all cost related to medical evaluations and surveillance for their employees. The clinic will submit all bills to EH&S. Colleges and departments will then be "billed-back" by EH&S for actual costs.

APPENDIX

INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING THE FLORIDA ATLANTIC UNIVERSITY HAZARD ASSESSMENT FORM*

ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH AND SAFETY FLORIDA ATLANTIC UNIVERSITY 777 GLADES ROAD, CO, Rm. 112 BOCA RATON, FL 33431

PHONE: (561) 297 3129 FAX: (561) 297 2210 WEBSITE: <u>www.fau.edu/ehs</u>

1. Who should complete a Hazard Assessment Form (HAF)?

Employees who work with hazardous materials, animals, or physical hazards (e.g. noise, high temperature, etc.) on a regular basis must complete a HAF.

The HAF should be completed by:

- New employees.
- Employees who change job positions or responsibilities and this result in changes in workplace hazards.
- Current employees whose duties have not been assessed.

2. How to complete a Hazard Assessment Form?

- A. Provide all requested employee information. Employee and supervisor signatures are both required.
- B. Check each hazard that you may be exposed to on a regular basis (once a week or more) as you complete your duties. This information must be reviewed by the supervisor before submitting the form.
- C. The following are "tips" on filing out the HAF:
 - a) Tables with CHEMICALS, PHYSICAL HAZARDS, and CARCINOGENS:
 - If you work in a lab that studies HIV, check "Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV)". If your duties involve cleaning up human blood or analyzing human blood samples for lipid content etc., check "Human Blood & Body Fluids", but not "Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV)" or "Hepatitis B Virus".
 - If you work in a lab that has for example "Benzene" in the solvent cabinet, but you do not use it on a regular basis, do not check "Benzene" as a hazard. However, if you use it on a regular basis, check "Benzene" as a hazard.
 - b) Table labeled ANIMALS:
 - If you work with samples from various mammals, check "Mammals (No Rabies Potential)" and "Mammals (Rabies Potential)". Do not check every animal on the list unless you work specifically with that animal on a regular basis.
 - c) Table labeled PATHOGENS:
 - Check a pathogen only if you specifically work with that pathogen (for example, if you do research on "Listeria", check "Listeria (All)"). If you may be exposed to many pathogens, you may write "exposed to many pathogens" in the section at the end entitled "Other Hazards."

3. Submit or mail completed HAF to Environmental Health and Safety (address above).

^{*} Hazard Assessment Form created by Iowa State University.

HAZARD ASSESSMENT FORM FLORIDA ATLANTIC UNIVERSITY OCCUPATIONAL MEDICINE PROGRAM ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH AND SAFETY

FIRST	MI	LAST		
JOB TITLE:			_ BIRTH DATE:	
JOB STATUS: FULL	TIME PAR	RT TIME HOU	RLY SEX: MA	LE FEMALE
DEPARTMENT:			_ PHONE:	
CAMPUS:			_	
WORK LOCATION: BUILI	DING		ROOM OR AR	EA
SUPERVISOR:			ERVISOR IATURE	
PARTICIPANT SIGNATU	RE:		DATE:	

PLEASE CHECK THE ITEMS YOU WILL BE WORKING WITH ON A REGULAR BASIS:

OSHA REGULATED HAZARDS REQUIRING MEDICAL SURVEILLANCE

	\downarrow
ACETYLAMINOFLUORENE (2-)	
ACRYLONITRILE	
AMINODIPHENYL (4-)	
ANIMAL CARETAKER	
ARSENIC (INORGANIC)	
ASBESTOS EXPOSURE (AT FAU - ABATEMENT)	
BENZENE	
BENZIDINE	
BIS CHLOROMETHYL ETHER	
1,3-BUTADIENE	
CADMIUM	
CHROMIC ACID	
DIBROMOCHLOROPROPANE (1,2-,3-)	
DICHLOROBENZIDINE (3-3'-)	
DIMETHYLAMINOAZOBENZENE (4-)	
DIVING (SCIENTIFIC/RESEARCH)	
ETHYLENE OXIDE	
ETHYLENEIMINE	
FORMALDEHYDE	
HAZMAT RESPONDER	

HEPATITIS B VIRUS (HBV)
HEPATITIS CANDIDATE VIRUSES
HUMAN BLOOD & BODY FLUIDS
HUMAN IMMUNODEFICIENCY VIRUS (HIV)
LEAD (INORGANIC)
METHYLENE CHLORIDE
METHYLENEDIANILINE
METHYL CHLOROMETHYL ETHER
MYCOBACTERIUM BOVIS
MYCOBACTERIUM TUBERCULOSIS
NAPHTHYLAMINE (ALPHA)
NAPHTHYLAMINE (BETA)
NITROBIPHENYL (4-)
NITROSODIMETHYLAMINE (N-)
NOISE
PESTICIDES-CHOLINESTERASE INHIBITING
(MALATHION, DURSBAN, COUNTER, SEVIN, ETC.)
PROPIOLACTONE (BETA-)
RESPIRATOR USER
VINYL CHLORIDE

OTHER PHYSICAL HAZARDS

COLD ENVIRONMENTS
CONFINED SPACES
DUSTY ENVIRONMENTS
ELEVATED WORKSTATIONS
FIBROUS GLASS
HEAVY LIFTING
HOT ENVIRONMENTS
REPETITIVE TASKS (PUSHING, BENDING, ETC.)

PUNCTURE WOUNDS (POTENTIAL)
RADIATION – IONIZING
RADIATION - LASER
RADIATION – MICROWAVE- (NOT OVENS)
RADIATION – ULTRAVIOLET
RADIATION - X-RAY
SHIFT WORK
VIBRATION

OTHER CHEMICAL HAZARDS

PLEASE LIST CHEMICALS		

PLEASE LIST CHEMICALS		

KNOWN & SUSPECTED CARCINOGENS

	ADRIAMYCIN
	AFLATOXINS
	AMINOANTHRAQUNONE (2-)
	AMINO-2-METHYLANTHRAQUINONE (1-)
	AMITROLE
	ANISIDINE (0-)
	ANSIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE (0-)
	ARAMITE
	AZATHIOPRINE
	BENZO (A) PYRENE
	BENZO (B) FLUORANTHENE
	BENZ (A) ANTHRACENE
	BENZOTRICHLORIDE
	BERYLLIUM AND BERYLLIUM COMPOUNDS
	BIS (2-CHLOROETHYL) - 2 NAPHLYAMINE
	NN,N-) (CHLORNAPHAZINE)
	BISCHLOROETHYL NITROSOUREA
	BUTANAEDIOL DIMETHYLSULFONATE
	(MYLERAN) (1,4-)
	CARBON TETRACHLORIDE
	CHLORAMBUCIL
	CHLOROETHYL (2-) (1-)-3-CYCLOHEXYL
	-1- NITROSOUREA
	DIMETHYLHYDRAZINE (1,1-)
_	DIMETHOXYBENZIDINE (3,3'-)
	DIMETHYL SULFATE
	DIMETHYLBENZIDINE (3,3'-)
	DIMETHYLCARBAMOYL CHLORIDE
Ī	DIOXANE (1,4-)

CHLOROFORM	
CHLORO-0-PHENYLENE	` ,
CHROMIUM AND COMP	OUNDS
P-CRESIDINE	
CUPFERRON	
CYCASIN	
CYCLOPHOSPHAMIDE	
DACARBAZINE	
DDT	
DIAMINOANISOLE SULF	ATE (2,4-)
DIAMINOTOLUENE (2,4-	
DIBENZ (A,H) ACRIDINE	
DIBENZ (A,H) ANTHRAC	ENE
DIBENZ (A,J) ACRIDINE	
DIBENZO (A,H) PYRENE	
DIBENZO (A,I) PYRENE	
DIBENZO (C,G) CARBOZ	OLE (7H-)
DIBROMOETHANE (1,2-)	
DICHLOROETHANE (1,2	-)
DIEPOXYBUTANE	
DI (2-ETHYLHEXYL) PH	HALATE
DIETHYLSTILBESTROL	
DIETHYL SULFATE	
N-NITROSODI-N-BUTYL	AMINE
N-NITROSODI-N-PROPY	LAMINE
N-NITROSOMETHYLVIN	YLAMINE
N-NITROSOMORPHOLIN	IE .
N-NITROSONORNICOTI	NE
N-NITROSOPIPERIDINE	

DIRECT BLACK 38
DIRECT BLUE 6
EPICHLOROHYDRIN
ESTRADIOL 17 BETA
ESTROGENS (CONJUGATED)
ESTRONE
ETHINYLESTRADIOL
ETHYLENE THIOUREA
HEXACHLOROBENZENE
HEXAMETHYLPHOSPHORAMIDE
HYDRAZINE
HYDRAZINE SULFATE
HYDRAZOBENZENE
IDENO (1,2,3-cd) PYRENE
IRON DEXTRAN COMPLEX
KEPONE (CHLORDECONE)
LEAD ACETATE
LINDANE
MELPHALAN
MESTRANOL
METHYL IODIDE
METHYLAZIRIDINE(2-)(PROPYLENEIMINE)
METHYLENEBIS 2-CHLOROANILINE 4,4'-
METHYLENEBIS BENZENAMINE (4,4')
METRONIDAZOLE
MICHLER'S KETONE
MIREX
MUSTARD GAS
MYCOTOXINS
NICKEL AND NICKEL COMPOUNDS
NITRILOTRIACETIC ACID
NITROFEN
NITROGEN MUSTARD
NITROPROPANE (2-)
NITRO-O ANSIDINE (5-)
N-NITROSODIETHANOLAMINE
N-NITROSODIETHYLAMINE
N-NITROSODIPHENYLAMINE

N-NITROSOPYRROLIDINE
N-NITROSOSARCOSINE
N-NITROSO-N-ETHYLUREA
N-NITROSO-N-METHYLUREA
NORETHISTERONE
OXYMETHOLONE
PHENACETIN
PHENAZOPYRIDINE
PHENAZOPYRIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE
PHENYTOIN AND IT'S SODIUM SALT
POLYBROMINATD BIPHENYLS
POLYCHLORINATED BIPHENYLS
PROCARBAZINE
PROCARBAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE
PROGESTERONE
PROPANE SULTONE (1,3-)
PROPYLTHIOURACIL
RESERPINE
SACCHARIN
SAFROLE
SELENIUM SULFIDE
SOOTS AND TARS
STREPTOZOTICIN
SULFALLATE
TETRACHLORODIBENZO-P-DIOXIN (TCDD)
THIOACETAMIDE
THIOUREA
THORIUM DIOXIDE
TOLUENE DIISOCYANATE
TOLUIDINE (0-)
TOLUIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE (0-)
TOXAPHENE
1,1,2, TRICHLOROETHANE
TRICHLOROPHENOL (2,4,6-)
TRIS (1-AZIRIDINYL)PHOSPHINESULFIDE
TRIS (2,3-DIBROMOPROPYL) PHOSPHATE
URETHANE

ANIMALS

ANIMAL WASTE
CATS
CATTLE (FARM)
CATTLE (LAB OR RESEARCH)
DOGS
Fish
HORSES (FARM)
HORSES (LAB OR RESEARCH)
MAMMALS (NO RABIES POTENTIAL)
MAMMALS (RABIES POTENTIAL)
POULTRY (FARM)

POULTRY (LAB OR RESEARCH)
PRIMATES, NON-HUMAN
REPTILES (WILD)
REPTILES (LAB OR RESEARCH)
RODENTS/RABBITS
SHEEP OR GOATS (FARM)
SHEEP OR GOATS (LAB OR RESEARCH)
SWINE (FARM)
SWINE (LAB OR RESEARCH)
WILD BIRDS (LAB OR RESEARCH)
WILD MAMMALS (LAB OR RESEARCH)

PATHOGENS

		'AIH
	DATUS OF US AND V	
	PATHOGENS, MANY	
	ACTINOBACILLUS (ALL)	
	ACTINOMYCETES	
	ARBOVIRUSES (ANY OF 424)	
	ASCARIS (AEROSOLIZED ANTIGENS)	
	BACILLUS ANTHRACIS	
	BLASTOMYCES DERMATITIDIS	
	BORDETELLA (ALL)	
	BRUCELLA ABORTUS	
	BRUCELLA CANIS	
	BRUCELLA MELITENSIS	
	BRUCELLA SUIS	
	CAMPYLOBACTER FETUS (JEJUNI)	
	CHLAMYDIA PSITTACI	
	CHLAMYDIA TRACHOMATIS	
	CLOSTRIDIUM BOTULINUM	
	CLOSTRIDIUM TETANI	
	COCCIDIA (ALL)	
	COCCIDIOIDES IMMITTIS	
	CORYNEBACTERIUM DIPHTHERIAE	
	CORYNEBACTERIUM EQUI	
	CORYNEBACTERIUM PYOGENES	
	COXIELLA BURNETII	
	CRYPTOSPORIDIUM PARVUM	
	CRYPTOCOCCUS NEOFORMANS	
	DENGUE VIRUS	
	DIPLOCOCCUS (STREP) PNEUMONIAE	
	ENTAMOEBA HISTOLYTICA	
	EPIDERMOPHYTON (ALL)	
	E.COLI-ENTEROPATHOGENIC SEROTYPES	
	FASCIOLA (ALL)	
	FRANCISELLA TULARENSIS	
	FUNGI (MANY)	
	FUSARIUM SPP.	
	GIARDIA (ALL)	
	HEPATITIS A VIRUS (HAV)	
	HEPATITIS C VIRUS (HCV)	
	HEPATITIS E VIRUS (HEV)	
	HERPES VIRUS SIMIAE (B-VIRUS)	
	HERPES VIRUS – EXCEPT H SIMIAE	
	HISTOPLASMA CAPSULATUM	
	HIV	
	HOOKWORMS	
	INFECTIOUS BRONCHITIS-LIKE VIRUS	
	INFLUENZA VIRUSES	
	KLEBSIELLA (ALL)	
	LEGIONELLA-LIKE AGENTS	
	LEGIONELLA PNEUMOPHILA	
	LEPTOSPIRA INTERROGANS (ALL)	
	LEISHMANIA AMAZONENSIS	
<u> </u>	LEIGH HAN WAN A CONTENTION	

LIOTEDIA (ALL)
LISTERIA (ALL)
MICROSPORUM (ALL)
MYCOBACTERIUM AVIUM
MYCOBACTERIUM CHELONEI
MYCOBACTERIUM FORTUITUM
MYCOBACTERIUM KANSASII
MYCOBACTERIUM LEPRAE
MYCOBACTERIUM MALMOENSE
MYCOBACTERIUM MARINUM
MYCOBACTERIUM SCROFULACEUM
MYCOBACTERIUM SIMIAE
MYCOBACTERIUM SZULGAI
MYCOBACTERIUM ULCERANS
MYCOBACTERIUM XENOPI
NEISSERIA GONORRHOEAE
NEISSERIA MENENGITIDIS
PARAINFLUENZA VIRUSES
PASTEURELLA (ALL)
POLIOVIRUS
POXVIRUSES
PSEUDOMONAS CEPACIA
PSEUDOMONAS (BURKHOLDERIA)
PSITTOCOSIS AGENT
RABIES VIRUS
RESPIRATORY SYNCYTIAL VIRUS
RHODOCOCCUS EQUI
SALMONELLA ENTERICA SEROVAR
SALMONELLA CHOLERAESUIS (ALL)
SALMONELLA ENTERITIDIS (ALL)
SALMONELLA TYPHI
SHIGELLA (ALL)
SPONGIFORM ENCEPHALOPATHIES (TRANS)
SPOROTHRIX SCHENCKII
STAPHYLOCOCCUS AUREUS
STREPTOCOCCUS PYOGENES
STREPTOCOCCUS SPP. OTHER THEN
STRONGYLOIDES (ALL)
TAENIA SOLIUM (CYSTICERCUS)
TOXOCARA CANIS
TOXOPLASMA (ALL)
TREPONEMA PALLIDUM
TRICHINELLA SPIRALIS
TRICHOPHYTON (ALL)
TRYPANOSOMA (ALL)
VACCINIA VIRUS
VESICULAR STOMATITIS VIRUS (VSV)
VIBRIO CHOLERAE
WEST NILE VIRUS
WESTERN EQUINE ENCEPHALITIS VIRUS
YERSINIA

OTHER HAZARDS:

COMMENTS:

Medical Surveillance, Referral and Approval Form Florida Atlantic University EH&S: (561) 297-3129 **Employee Name: Department:** Date: Supervisor's Tel. Ext. PO# **Supervisor:** Account# **Referral For:** (Check/circle all that apply) ☐ Animal Contact ☐ Laser Safety **☐** Bloodborne Pathogens NRC guideline Reg.: ANSI Z136.1-2000 *Reg.: 29CFR 1910.1030 Medical History Medical History **HBV** Vaccinations Medical Exam Ocular Exam **HBV** Titer Purified Protein Derivative/TB Test Visual Acuity Post Exposure Evaluation **HIV Testing** Rabies Immunization Amsler Grid Test **CBC** Color Response Toxoplasmosis Titer Tetanus Diphtheria Vaccine/Booster ☐ Diving Safety ☐ Hazardous Material ☐ Respiratory Program *Reg.: 29CFR 1910.402 *Reg.: 29CFR 1910.120 *Reg.: 29CFR 1910.134 -Appendix 1-3 AAUS Medical History -OSH Guidance Manual for Hazardous Waste Sites (NIOSH 10/85) Medical History Medical Exam Medical Exam Occupational History Baseline Chest X-ray Medical History and Exam Pulmonary Function Test Urinalysis Kidney & Liver Function Test Baseline Chest X-ray Metallic Content in Blood/Urine Hematocrit or Hemog CBC/Platelet Count Resting EKG (After Age 40) ☐ Hearing Conversation Urinalysis *Reg.: 29 CFR 1910.95 RBC/Plasma Cholinesterase Baseline Audiogram Chest X-ray Annual Audiogram Pulmonary Function Test Other Tests Authorized medical services may be performed at the discretion of the Physician. Additional services deemed necessary must be approved by EH&S. *Reg. Refers to federal regulation for compliance purposes. **EH&S Approval Section** Title: Name: Signature: Date:

Health Provider Information *Call for an appointment*

U.S. Health Works Tel# (561) 368-6920 1786 NW 2nd Avenue

Boca Raton, Fl. 33432

Jupiter Medical Center – OHS, Tel # (561) 745-5787 1210 South Old Dixie Highway

1210 South Old Dixle Highway

Jupiter, FL 33458

Program Medical Requirements

Regulated Programs	Medical Requirements Summary (See programs for additional requirements)\
Animal Contact	Employees must receive initial training. Periodic training may be provided later as required.
	All employees having animal contact will be required to have a medical evaluation, and appropriate screening and/or vaccines.
Bloodborne Pathogens	Employees must receive:
	 Annual training regarding regulatory requirement for safe handling of human blood, or pathogens such as Hepatitis B, C, etc., and AIDS. An offer of immunization for hepatitis B.
	If an exposure occurs, the employee will be offered counseling and post exposure evaluation.
Diving and Boating Safety	Employees must receive a minimum of 140 hours training to achieve Scientific Diver status.
	Medical evaluation shall be completed:
	 Before a diver begins diving (see program for exceptions) Thereafter, at 5 year intervals up to age 40, every 3 years after age 40, and every 2 years after age 60. Prior to returning to diving following any major injury, illness, or hospitalization.
Hearing Conservation (Noise)	Employees exposed to 85 dBA (Action level) for an 8 hr time weighted average (TWA), shall have a baseline audiogram conducted within the first 6 month of their exposure. After the baseline is established, the employee shall receive annual training and audiograms.
	If a physician determines that a threshold shift has occurred, then audiograms may be required more frequently.
Laser Safety	Medical surveillance should be provided to the following:
	 Employees working with Class 3b and 4 Lasers Incidental personnel working in labs in which Class 3b and 4 lasers are used
	Employees shall be evaluated prior to working with Lasers, and after any accidental exposure.
Respiratory Protection	Employees must have medical approval, training, and fit-testing prior to wearing a respirator. Thereafter, training and fit-testing shall be conducted at least annually. Medical evaluations may be conducted when necessary, or more frequently if required by another standard.