What Is IPEDS?

The Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS) is a system of survey components that collects data from about 7,500 institutions that provide postsecondary education across the United States. IPEDS collects institution-level data on students (enrollment and graduation rates), student charges, program completions, faculty, staff, and finances.

These data are used at the federal and state level for policy analysis and development; at the institutional level for benchmarking and peer analysis; and by students and parents, through the College Navigator (http://collegenavigator.ed.gov), to aid in the college search process. For more information about IPEDS, see http://nces.ed.gov/ipeds.

What Is the Purpose of This Report?

The Data Feedback Report is intended to provide institutions a context for examining the data they submitted to IPEDS. Our goal is to produce a report that is useful to institutional executives and that may help improve the quality and comparability of IPEDS data.

What Is in This Report?

The figures provided in this report are those suggested by the IPEDS Technical Review Panel. They were developed to provide selected indicators and data elements for your institution and a comparison group of institutions. The figures are based on data collected during the 2012-13 IPEDS collection cycle and are the most recent data available. Additional information about these indicators is provided in the Methodological Notes at the end of the report. On the next page is a list of the institutions in your comparison group and the criteria used for their selection. Please refer to "Comparison Group" in the Methodological Notes for more information.

Where Can I Do More with IPEDS Data?

The Customize Data Feedback Report functionality of the IPEDS Data Center is designed to provide campus executives easy access to institutional and comparison group data. Using this functionality, you can produce reports using different comparison groups and access a wider range of IPEDS variables. The Data Center can be accessed at http://nces.ed.gov/ipeds/datacenter.
COMPARISON GROUP

Comparison group data are included to provide a context for interpreting your institution’s statistics. If your institution did not define a Custom Comparison Group for this report by July 15, NCES selected a comparison group for you. (In this case, the characteristics used to define the comparison group appears below.) The Customize DFR functionality on the IPEDS Data Center (http://nces.ed.gov/ipeds/datacenter/) can be used to reproduce the figures in this report using different peer groups.

The custom comparison group chosen by Florida Atlantic University includes the following 13 institutions:

- George Mason University (Fairfax, VA)
- Georgia State University (Atlanta, GA)
- Indiana University-Purdue University-Indianapolis (Indianapolis, IN)
- Old Dominion University (Norfolk, VA)
- Portland State University (Portland, OR)
- The University of Texas at Arlington (Arlington, TX)
- University of Akron Main Campus (Akron, OH)
- University of Louisville (Louisville, KY)
- University of Memphis (Memphis, TN)
- University of Nevada-Las Vegas (Las Vegas, NV)
- University of Toledo (Toledo, OH)
- University of Wisconsin-Milwaukee (Milwaukee, WI)
- Virginia Commonwealth University (Richmond, VA)
Figure 1. Percent of all students enrolled, by race/ethnicity and percent of students who are women: Fall 2012

NOTE: For more information about disaggregation of data by race and ethnicity, please see the Methodological Notes at the end of this report. Median values for the comparison group will not add to 100 percent. See “Use of Median Values for Comparison Group” in the Methodological Notes at the end of this report for how median values are determined. N is the number of institutions in the comparison group.


Figure 2. Unduplicated 12-month headcount of all students and of undergraduate students (2011-12), total FTE enrollment (2011-12), and full- and part-time fall enrollment (Fall 2012)

NOTE: For details on calculating full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment, see Calculating FTE in the Methodological Notes at the end of this report. Total headcount, FTE, and full- and part-time fall enrollment include both undergraduate and postbaccalaureate students, when applicable. N is the number of institutions in the comparison group.


Figure 3. Number of degrees awarded, by level: 2011-12

NOTE: For additional information about postbaccalaureate degree levels, see the Methodology Notes. N is the number of institutions in the comparison group.

IPEDS DATA FEEDBACK REPORT

Figure 4. Academic year tuition and required fees for full-time, first-time degree/certificate-seeking undergraduates: 2009-10–2012-13

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Academic year</th>
<th>Your institution</th>
<th>Comparison Group Median (N=13)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2012-13</td>
<td>$4,789</td>
<td>$8,878</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2011-12</td>
<td>$4,264</td>
<td>$8,788</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2010-11</td>
<td>$3,835</td>
<td>$8,424</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2009-10</td>
<td>$3,349</td>
<td>$7,702</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Tuition and fees

$0 $2,000 $4,000 $6,000 $8,000 $10,000

NOTE: The tuition and required fees shown here are the lowest reported from the categories of in-district, in-state, and out-of-state. N is the number of institutions in the comparison group.


Figure 5. Average net price of attendance for full-time, first-time degree/certificate-seeking undergraduate students receiving grant or scholarship aid: 2009-10–2011-12

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Academic year</th>
<th>Your institution</th>
<th>Comparison Group Median (N=13)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2011-12</td>
<td>$11,838</td>
<td>$11,640</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2010-11</td>
<td>$11,919</td>
<td>$12,011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2009-10</td>
<td>$11,640</td>
<td>$11,866</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Net price

$0 $2,500 $5,000 $7,500 $10,000 $12,500 $15,000

NOTE: Average net price is for full-time, first-time, degree/certificate-seeking undergraduate students and is generated by subtracting the average amount of federal, state/local government, and institutional grant and scholarship aid from the total cost of attendance. For public institutions, this includes only students who paid the in-state or in-district tuition rate. Total cost of attendance is the sum of published tuition and required fees, books and supplies, and the average room and board and other expenses. For more information, see the Methodological Notes at the end of this report. N is the number of institutions in the comparison group.


Figure 6. Percent of full-time, first-time degree/certificate-seeking undergraduate students who received grant or scholarship aid from the federal government, state/local government, or the institution, or loans, by type of aid: 2011-12

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of aid</th>
<th>Your institution</th>
<th>Comparison Group Median (N=13)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Any aid</td>
<td>76</td>
<td>85</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Federal grants</td>
<td>39</td>
<td>42</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pell grants</td>
<td>39</td>
<td>42</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State/local grants</td>
<td>39</td>
<td>42</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Institutional grants</td>
<td>33</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Any loans</td>
<td>46</td>
<td>57</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Federal loans</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>57</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other loans</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Percent of students

0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100

NOTE: Any grant aid above includes grant or scholarship aid from the federal government, state/local government, or the institution. Federal grants includes Pell grants and other federal grants. Any loans includes federal loans and other loans to students. For details on how students are counted for financial aid reporting, see Cohort Determination in the Methodological Notes at the end of this report. N is the number of institutions in the comparison group.


Figure 7. Average amounts of grant or scholarship aid from the federal government, state/local government, or the institution, or loans received, by full-time, first-time degree/certificate-seeking undergraduate students, by type of aid: 2011-12

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of aid</th>
<th>Your institution</th>
<th>Comparison Group Median (N=13)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Any grant aid (N=13)</td>
<td>$5,460</td>
<td>$7,609</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Federal grants (N=13)</td>
<td>$4,616</td>
<td>$4,940</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pell grants (N=13)</td>
<td>$4,528</td>
<td>$4,336</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State/local grants (N=13)</td>
<td>$3,166</td>
<td>$4,211</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Institutional grants (N=13)</td>
<td>$3,066</td>
<td>$4,751</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Any loans (N=13)</td>
<td>$3,699</td>
<td>$6,156</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Federal loans (N=13)</td>
<td>$5,020</td>
<td>$5,466</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other loans (N=12)</td>
<td>$10,021</td>
<td>$11,007</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Aid dollars

$0 $2,000 $4,000 $6,000 $8,000 $10,000 $12,000

NOTE: Any grant aid above includes grant or scholarship aid from the federal government, state/local government, or the institution. Federal grants includes Pell grants and other federal grants. Any loans includes federal loans and other loans to students. Average amounts of aid were calculated by dividing the total aid awarded by the total number of recipients in each institution. N is the number of institutions in the comparison group.

Comparison Group Median (N=13)

6 years entering students (N=13)

Any grant aid

Pell grants

Federal loans

Graduation rate cohort as a percent of total entering first-time, degree/certificate-seeking undergraduates (Fall 2012)

Measure

Graduation rate, overall (N=13)

Transfer-out rate (N=7)

Graduation rate cohort as a percent of total entering students (N=13)

Full-time retention rate (N=13)

Part-time retention rate (N=13)

Time to program completion

Graduation rate

4 years

6 years

8 years

Your institution

Comparison Group Median (N=13)

NOTE: Graduation rate cohort includes all full-time, first-time, degree/certificate-seeking undergraduate students. Entering class includes all students coming to the institution for the first time. Only institutions with a mission to prepare students to transfer are required to report transfers out. Graduation and transfer-out rates are the Student Right-to-Know rates. Retention rates are measured from the fall of first enrollment to the following fall. 4-yr institutions report retention rates for students seeking a bachelor's degree. Median values for the comparison group will not add to 100 percent. N is the number of institutions in the comparison group.


Average amount of aid received by all undergraduates, by type of aid: 2011-12

Type of aid

Any grant aid

Pell grants

Federal loans

Aid dollars

Federal loans

Pell grants

Any grant aid

$0 $2,000 $4,000 $6,000 $8,000

$0 $2,000 $4,000 $6,000 $8,000

NOTE: Any grant aid above includes grant or scholarship aid from the federal government, state/local government, the institution, or other sources. Federal loans includes only federal loans to students. N is the number of institutions in the comparison group.

**IPEDS DATA FEEDBACK REPORT**

**Figure 12.** Full-time equivalent staff, by occupational category: Fall 2012

**Figure 13.** Average salaries of full-time instructional non-medical staff equated to 9-month contracts, by academic rank: Academic year 2012-13

**Figure 14.** Percent distribution of core revenues, by source: Fiscal year 2012

**Figure 15.** Core expenses per FTE enrollment, by function: Fiscal year 2012

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The data presented in these figures are based on the Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS) reports by the U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics. The comparison group median is calculated based on institutions reporting finance data using the same accounting standards as the comparison group. N represents the number of institutions in the comparison group.

- **Staff category**
  - Postsecondary Teachers and staff: Your institution 961, Comparison Group Median (N=13) 1,178
  - Instructional support occupations: Your institution 190, Comparison Group Median (N=13) 393
  - Management: Your institution 277, Comparison Group Median (N=13) 375
  - Business and financial operations: Your institution 213, Comparison Group Median (N=13) 296
  - Computer, engineering, and sciences: Your institution 75, Comparison Group Median (N=13) 217
  - Community service, legal, arts, and media: Your institution 16, Comparison Group Median (N=13) 28
  - Healthcare: Your institution 449, Comparison Group Median (N=13) 795
  - Other: Your institution 0, Comparison Group Median (N=13) 0

- **Revenue source**
  - Tuition and fees: Your institution 28, Comparison Group Median (N=13) 59
  - State appropriations: Your institution 22, Comparison Group Median (N=13) 36
  - Local appropriations: Your institution 0
  - Government grants and contracts: Your institution 22, Comparison Group Median (N=13) 22
  - Private gifts, grants, and contracts: Your institution 2, Comparison Group Median (N=13) 4
  - Investment return: Your institution 1
  - Other core revenues: Your institution 10, Comparison Group Median (N=13) 9

- **Expense function**
  - Instruction: Your institution $6,829, Comparison Group Median (N=13) $8,247
  - Research: Your institution $1,222, Comparison Group Median (N=13) $2,628
  - Public service: Your institution $2,314, Comparison Group Median (N=13) $2,383
  - Academic support: Your institution $789, Comparison Group Median (N=13) $1,177
  - Institutional support: Your institution $1,157
  - Other core expenses: Your institution $1,242, Comparison Group Median (N=13) $2,848

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**Florida Atlantic University**
IPEDS DATA FEEDBACK REPORT

METHODOLOGICAL NOTES

Overview

This report is based on data supplied by institutions to IPEDS during the 2012-13 data collection year. Response rates exceeded 99 percent for most surveys. Detailed response tables are included in IPEDS First Look reports, which can be found at http://nces.ed.gov/pubsearch/getpubcats.asp?sid=010.

Use of Median Values for Comparison Group

The value for the comparison institution is compared to the median value for the comparison group for each statistic included in the figure. If more than one statistic is presented in a figure, the median values are determined separately for each indicator or statistic. Medians are not reported for comparison groups with fewer than three values. Where percentage distributions are presented, median values may not add to 100 percent. The IPEDS Data Center provides access to all of the data used to create the figures included in this report.

Missing Statistics

If a statistic is not reported for your institution, the omission indicates that the statistic is not relevant to your institution and the data were not collected. Not all notes listed below may be applicable to your report.

Use of Imputed Data

All IPEDS data are subject to imputation for total (institutional) and partial (item) nonresponse. If necessary, imputed values were used to prepare your report.

Data Confidentiality

IPEDS data are not collected under a pledge of confidentiality.

Disaggregation of Data by Race/Ethnicity

When applicable, some statistics are disaggregated by race/ethnicity. Data disaggregated by race/ethnicity have been reported using the 1997 Office of Management and Budget categories. Detailed information about the race/ethnicity categories can be found at http://nces.ed.gov/ipeds/reic/resource.asp.

Cohort Determination for Reporting Student Financial Aid and Graduation Rates

Student cohorts for reporting Student Financial Aid and Graduation Rates data are based on the reporting type of the institution. For institutions that report based on an academic year (those operating on standard academic terms), student counts and cohorts are based on fall term data. Student counts and cohorts for program reporters (those that do not operate on standard academic terms) are based on unduplicated counts of students enrolled during a full 12-month period.

Description of Statistics Used in the Figures

Average Institutional Net Price

Average net price is calculated for full-time, first-time degree/certificate-seeking undergraduates who were awarded grant or scholarship aid from the federal government, state/local government, or the institution anytime during the full aid year. For public institutions, this includes only students who paid the in-state or in-district tuition rate. Other sources of grant aid are excluded. Average net price is generated by subtracting the average amount of federal, state/local government, and institutional grant and scholarship aid from the total cost of attendance. Total cost of attendance is the sum of published tuition and required fees, books and supplies, and the average room and board and other expenses.

For the purpose of the IPEDS reporting, aid received refers to financial aid that was awarded to, and accepted by, a student. This amount may differ from the aid amount that is disbursed to a student.

Core Revenues

Core revenues for public institutions reporting under GASB standards include tuition and fees; state and local appropriations; government grants and contracts; private gifts, grants, and contracts; sales and services of educational activities; investment income; other operating and non-operating sources; and other revenues and additions (federal and capital appropriations and grants and additions to permanent endowments). Core revenues for private, not-for-profit institutions (and a small number of public institutions) reporting under FASB standards include tuition and fees; government appropriations (federal, state, and local); private grants and contracts; investment income; sales and services of educational activities; and other sources. At degree-granting institutions, core revenues exclude revenues from auxiliary enterprises (e.g., bookstores, dormitories), hospitals, and independent operations. Nondegree-granting institutions do not report revenue from auxiliary enterprises in a separate category. These amounts may be included in the core revenues from other sources.

Core Expenses

Core expenses include expenses for instruction, research, public service, academic support, institutional support, student services, scholarships and fellowships (net of discounts and allowances), and other expenses. Expenses for operation and maintenance of plant, depreciation, and interest are allocated to each of the other functions. Core expenses at degree-granting institutions exclude expenses for auxiliary enterprises (e.g., bookstores, dormitories), hospitals, and independent operations. Nondegree-granting institutions do not report expenses for auxiliary enterprises in a separate category. These amounts may be included in the core expenses as other expenses.
Equated Instructional Non-Medical Staff Salaries

Institutions reported total salary outlays by academic rank and the number of staff by academic rank and contract length (9-, 10-, 11-, and 12-month contracts). Total number of months covered by salary outlays was calculated by multiplying the number of staff by the number of months of the contract and summing across all contracts length periods. Weighted average monthly salary was calculated by dividing the total salary outlays by the total number of months covered. The weighted average monthly salary was then multiplied by 9 to determine an average salary for each rank.

FTE Enrollment

The full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment used in this report is the sum of the institution’s FTE undergraduate enrollment and FTE graduate enrollment (as calculated from or reported on the 12-month Enrollment component). Undergraduate and graduate FTE are estimated using 12-month instructional activity (credit and/or contact hours). See “Calculation of FTE Students (using instructional activity)” in the IPEDS Glossary at http://nces.ed.gov/ipeds/glossary/.

FTE Staff

The full-time-equivalent (FTE) of staff is calculated by summing the total number of full-time staff and adding one-third of the total number of part-time staff. Graduate assistants are not included.

Graduation Rates and Transfer-out Rate

Graduation rates are those developed to satisfy the requirements of the Student Right-to-Know and Higher Education Opportunity Acts and are defined as the total number of individuals from a given cohort of full-time, first-time, degree/certificate-seeking undergraduates who completed a degree or certificate within a given percent of normal time (for the degree or certificate) before the ending status date of August 31, 2012, divided by the entire cohort of full-time, first-time, degree/certificate-seeking undergraduates minus any allowable exclusions. Institutions are permitted to exclude from the initial cohort students who died or were totally and permanently disabled; those who left school to serve in the armed forces or were called to active duty; those who left to serve with a foreign aid service of the federal government, such as the Peace Corps; and those who left to serve on an official church mission. Transfer-out rate is the total number of students from the cohort who are known to have transferred out of the reporting institution within the same time period, divided by the same adjusted cohort. Only institutions with a mission that includes preparing students to transfer are required to report transfers out.

Retention Rates

Full-time retention rates are defined as the number of full-time, first-time, degree/certificate-seeking undergraduate students who enter the institution for the first time in the fall and who return to the same institution the following fall (as either full- or part-time), divided by the total number of full-time, first-time, degree/certificate-seeking undergraduates in the fall of first entrance. Part-time retention rates are similarly defined. For 4-year institutions offering a bachelor’s degree, this rate is reported only for those first-time students seeking a bachelor’s degree. For less than 4-year institutions, the rate is calculated for all first-time degree/certificate-seeking students.

Salaries, Wages, and Benefits

Salaries, wages, and benefits, for public institutions under GASB standards, and private, not-for-profit institutions under FASB standards, include amounts paid as compensation for services to all employees regardless of the duration of service, and amounts made to or on behalf of an individual over and above that received in the form of a salary or wage. Frequently, benefits are associated with an insurance payment. Private, for-profit institutions under FASB standards do not report salaries.

Total Entering Undergraduate Students

Total entering students are students at the undergraduate level, both full- and part-time, new to the institution in the fall term (or the prior summer term who returned in the fall). This includes all first-time undergraduate students, students transferring into the institution at the undergraduate level, and nondegree/certificate-seeking undergraduates entering in the fall. Only degree-granting, academic year reporting institutions provide total entering student data.

Tuition and Required Fees

Tuition is defined as the amount of money charged to students for instructional services; required fees are those fixed sum charges to students for items not covered by tuition that are required of such a large proportion of all students that the student who does not pay the charge is an exception. The amounts used in this report are for full-time, first-time, degree/certificate-seeking undergraduates and are those used by the financial aid office to determine need. For institutions that have differential tuition rates for in-district or in-state students, the lowest tuition rate is used in the figure. Only institutions that operate on standard academic terms will have tuition figures included in their report.

Additional Methodological Information

Additional methodological information on the IPEDS components can be found in the publications available at http://nces.ed.gov/pubsearch/getpubcats.asp?sid=010. Additional definitions of variables used in this report can be found in the IPEDS online glossary available at http://nces.ed.gov/ipeds/glossary/.